FINAL DRAFT July 13, 2016

Multifamily Rental Financing Program Guide

Attachment to Maryland Qualified Allocation Plan for the Allocation of Federal Low Income Housing Tax Credits

Attachment to the [insert date] Qualified Allocation Plan

Maryland Department of Housing and Community Development
Community Development Administration
7800 Harkins Road
Lanham, Maryland 20706
(301) 429-7854 Phone
(800) 543-4505 Toll Free
(800) 735-2258 TTY
www.dhcd.maryland.gov

Larry Hogan, Governor
Boyd K. Rutherford, Lt. Governor
Kenneth C. Holt , Secretary
Ellington Churchill, Jr., Deputy Secretary

TABLE OF CONTENTS

OVERVIEW AND POLICY STATEMENT: THE STATE CONTEXT 1
1 INTRODUCTION 3
2 APPLICATION PROCESS 4
2.1 PRE-ROUND COMMUNICATION 4
2.1.1 INFORMATION SESSION 4
2.1.2 OPTIONAL PRE-APPLICATION MEETINGS 4
2.1.3 WAIVER REQUESTS 4
2.2 - LOCAL GOVERNMENTS- NOTICE AND OPPORTUNITY TO COMMENT 4
2.3 APPLICATION REVIEW PROCESS 5
2.4 APPLICATION FORM AND FEES 8
2.4.1 APPLICATION FORM 8
2.4.2 FEES 9
2.5 RELEASE OF APPLICATION INFORMATION 9
2.6 COORDINATION WITH OTHER STATE RESOURCES 10
2.7 LOAN PROCESSING 10
3 THRESHOLD CRITERIA 11
3.1 DEVELOPMENT TEAM REQUIREMENTS ..... 13~~12~~
3.1.1 PREVIOUS PROJECT PERFORMANCE 13
3.1.2 CREDIT HISTORY 15
3.2 OCCUPANCY REQUIREMENTS 15
3.2.1 MINIMUM INCOME AND RENT RESTRICTIONS 15
3.2.2 DEFINITION OF ELDERLY HOUSING 15
3.2.3 LONG TERM USE RESTRICTIONS AND HOMEOWNERSHIP OPPORTUNITIES 16
3.2.4 RELOCATION AND DISPLACEMENT 16
3.3 MARKETING REQUIREMENTS 17
3.3.1 PUBLIC AND ASSISTED HOUSING WAITING LIST 17
3.3.2 AFFIRMATIVE FAIR HOUSING MARKETING 17
3.4 TENANT SERVICES 18
3.5 PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES (PWD) 18
3.5.1 UNIFORM FEDERAL ACCESSIBILITY STANDARDS REQUIREMENTS 18
3.5.2 FAMILY HOUSING DEVELOPMENTS – UNITS RESERVED FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES 19
3.6 OTHER FINANCING COMMITMENTS 19
RHFP & RHW LOAN REQUIREMENTS 20
3.7 20
3.7.1 GENERAL TERMS 20
3.7.2 CONTINGENT INTEREST SURPLUS CASH REPAYMENT TERMS 21
3.7.3 AMORTIZING LOANS ..... 23~~22~~
3.8 LIHTC AWARD LIMITS 23
3.9 UNDERWRITING STANDARDS 23
3.9.1 MAXIMUM RENTS ..... 24~~23~~
3.9.2 VACANCY ..... 25~~24~~

3.9.3 OPERATING EXPENSES ..... 25~~24~~
3.9.4 RESERVES FOR REPLACEMENT 25
3.9.5 OPERATING RESERVES 25
3.9.6 TRENDING 25
3.9.7 DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE RATIO ..... 26~~25~~
3.9.8 DEVELOPMENT COSTS AND FEES ..... 26~~25~~
3.9.8.1 Acquisition 26
3.9.8.2 Syndication Costs ..... 28~~27~~
3.9.8.3 Professional Fees 28
3.9.9 PHASED PROJECTS ..... 30~~29~~
3.10 READINESS TO PROCEED AND FINANCIAL FEASIBILITY 30
3.11 SITE REQUIREMENTS ..... 31~~30~~
3.11.1 SITE CONTROL ..... 31~~30~~
3.11.2 UTILITY AVAILABILITY ..... 31~~30~~
3.11.3 ZONING ..... 31~~30~~
3.11.4 ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENTS 31
3.11.5 SCATTERED SITES 31
3.11.6 EXCEPTIONS ..... 32~~31~~
3.11.7 NEW CONSTRUCTION - PRIORITY FUNDING AREAS (SMART GROWTH) ..... 32~~31~~
3.12 MARKET STUDY ..... 33~~32~~
3.12.1 MARKET ANALYSIS ..... 34~~33~~
3.12.2 CAPTURE RATE ..... 35~~34~~
3.12.3 PENETRATION RATE – NEW CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS ONLY 35
3.12.4 VACANCY RATES 35
3.12.5 INCOME LEVELS 35
3.12.6 ABSORPTION RATE ..... 36~~35~~
3.13 DEVELOPMENT QUALITY THRESHOLDS ..... 36~~35~~
3.13.1 CRITERIA APPLICABLE TO ALL PROJECTS ..... 36~~35~~
3.13.2 BASE LEVEL GREEN STANDARDS FOR ALL PROJECTS ..... 37~~36~~
3.13.3 ADDITIONAL CRITERIA APPLICABLE ONLY TO NEW CONSTRUCTION AND GUT REHABILITATION ..... 39~~38~~
3.14 ADDITIONAL CRITERIA APPLICABLE ONLY TO REHABILITATION ..... 40~~39~~
3.14.1 BASE LEVEL ENERGY STANDARDS FOR REHABILITATION ONLY ..... 40~~39~~
3.14.2 LEAD HAZARD ELIMINATION ..... 42~~41~~

4 COMPETITIVE SCORING CRITERIA ..... 44~~43~~

4.1 CAPACITY OF DEVELOPMENT TEAM ..... 46~~45~~
4.1.1 DEVELOPMENT TEAM EXPERIENCE (42 MAXIMUM POINTS) ..... 46~~45~~
4.1.2 DEDUCTIONS FROM TEAM EXPERIENCE SCORE (NEGATIVE 10 MAXIMUM POINTS) ..... 47~~46~~
4.1.3 DEVELOPER FINANCIAL CAPACITY (18 MAXIMUM POINTS) ..... 48~~47~~
4.1.4 NONPROFITS (NPS), PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITIES (PHAS) AND MINORITY/DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISES (MBE/DBES) (14 MAXIMUM POINTS) ..... 49~~48~~
4.2 COMMUNITY CONTEXT ..... 51~~50~~
4.2.1 COMMUNITY IMPACT PROJECTS (16 MAXIMUM POINTS) ..... 52~~51~~
4.2.2 COMMUNITIES OF OPPORTUNITY (16 MAXIMUM POINTS) ..... 53~~52~~
4.2.3 DEFINED PLANNING AREAS (12 MAXIMUM POINTS) ..... 56~~54~~
4.3 TRANSIT ORIENTED DEVELOPMENT (TOD) (8 MAXIMUM POINTS) ..... 57~~55~~

4.4 PUBLIC PURPOSE 5756
4.4.1 INCOME TARGETING (14 MAXIMUM POINTS) 5856
4.4.2 TARGETED POPULATIONS: PWD OR SPECIAL NEEDS (10 MAXIMUM POINTS) 6059
4.4.2.1 Project-based Rental Assistance for Targeted Populations (4 possible points) 6260
4.4.2.2 Section 811 Project Rental Assistance (4 possible points) 6260
4.4.3 FAMILY HOUSING (8 MAXIMUM POINTS) 6261
4.4.4 TENANT SERVICES (8 MAXIMUM POINTS) 6361
4.4.5 MIXED INCOME HOUSING (4 MAXIMUM POINTS) 6362
4.4.6 PRESERVATION OF EXISTING AFFORDABLE HOUSING (4 MAXIMUM POINTS) 6362
4.5 LEVERAGE AND COST EFFECTIVENESS 6462
4.5.1 DIRECT LEVERAGING (10 MAXIMUM POINTS) 6463
4.5.2 OPERATING SUBSIDIES (10 MAXIMUM POINTS) 6766
4.5.3 CONSTRUCTION OR REHABILITATION COST INCENTIVES (NEGATIVE 8 POINTS MAXIMUM) 6967
4.6 DEVELOPMENT QUALITY STANDARDS 7268
4.6.1 GREEN FEATURES (12 MAXIMUM POINTS) 7268
4.6.2 ENERGY AND WATER CONSERVATION AND SUSTAINABILITY (6 MAXIMUM POINTS) 7571
4.6.3 PROJECT DURABILITY AND ENHANCEMENTS (13 MAXIMUM POINTS) 7672
4.7 STATE BONUS POINTS 7773

5 WAIVERS 8076

5.1 WAIVERS – GENERAL 8076
5.2 WAIVERS OF THRESHOLD OR COMPETITIVE CRITERIA 8076
5.2.1 PREVIOUS PROJECT PERFORMANCE (SEE SECTION 3.1.1) 8076
5.2.2 PREVIOUS PARTICIPATION (SEE SECTION 3.1.1) 8076
5.2.3 CONSTRUCTION OR REHABILITATION COSTS (SEE SECTION 4.5.3 AND SECTION 3.13.4) 8177
5.2.4 ACQUISITION OF SCHOOLS OR SCHOOL SITES (SEE SECTION 3.9.8.1) 8177
5.2.5 BUILDER'S FEES (SEE SECTION 3.9.8.3) 8177
5.2.6 ARCHITECTS FEES (SEE SECTION 3.9.8.3) 8278
5.2.7 CIVIL ENGINEER FEES (SEE SECTION 3.9.8.3) 8278
5.2.8 DEVELOPER'S FEES (SEE SECTION 3.9.8.3) 8278
5.2.9 PROJECT PHASING (SEE SECTION 3.9.9) 8278
5.2.10 UNDERWRITING STANDARDS (SEE SECTION 3.9) 8278
5.2.11 DEDUCTIONS FOR TEAM EXPERIENCE (SEE SECTION 4.1.2) 8278
5.2.12 DEFINITION OF ELDERLY HOUSING (SEE SECTION 3.2.2) 8379

6 LOAN PROCESSING PROCEDURES 8480

6.1 PROCESSING LIHTC, RHFP, AND RHW RESERVATIONS OF FUNDING 8480
6.1.1 LOAN RESERVATIONS 8480
6.1.2 POST RESERVATION SCHEDULING 8581
6.1.3 KICK-OFF MEETING 8581
6.1.4 UNDERWRITING AND CONSTRUCTION REVIEW 8581
6.1.5 VIABILITY REVIEW 8682
6.1.6 COMMITMENT REVIEW 8682
6.1.7 INITIAL CLOSING; FIRST DRAW REQUISITION 8682
6.1.8 CONSTRUCTION OR REHABILITATION PERIOD 8783
6.1.9 DEVELOPER'S FEE DISBURSEMENT 8783

6.1.10 FINAL CLOSING ..... 88~~84~~
6.2 PROCESSING MULTIFAMILY BOND PROGRAM APPLICATIONS ..... 88~~84~~

APPENDIX A: UNDERWRITING AND CLOSING PROCESS II

APPENDIX B: APPLICATION AND PROCESSING FEES III

APPENDIX C: BOND APPLICATION AND PROCESSING FEES IV

APPENDIX D: QUALIFIED CENSUS TRACTS STANDARDS ..... VIII~~VII~~

APPENDIX E: RENTAL HOUSING FINANCING PROGRAMS AND RENTAL HOUSING WORKS SURPLUS CASH SPLIT EXAMPLES ..... IX~~VIII~~

Overview and Policy Statement: The State Context

The last major update of the Maryland Qualified Allocation Plan for the Allocation of Federal Low Income Housing Tax Credits (QAP) and Multifamily Rental Financing Program Guide (Guide) in 2014 established a series of Priority Project Categories to limit the award of competitive Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC) and Rental Housing Program and HOME Investment Partnership Program ~~Funds~~ together, the Rental Housing Financing Programs (RHFP). After reviewing the results of this approach over the past several years, the Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD) has determined that a broader set of priorities is necessary to ensure the availability of important resources to all areas and populations in the State of Maryland (the State). Additionally, it has been determined that the established Priorities should serve to guide -- not limit -- competitive funding awards by DHCD. The scoring criteria outlined in this Guide provide incentives for developments that meet these Priorities.

Accordingly, with this 2016 update of the QAP and Guide, ~~the~~ DHCD has established the following set of ~~priorities~~ Priorities to guide the award of competitive funding:

1. **Family Housing in Communities of Opportunity**
2. **Housing in Community Revitalization and Investment Areas**
3. **Integrated Permanent Supportive Housing Opportunities**
4. **Preservation of Existing Affordable Housing**
5. **Elderly Housing in Rural Areas of the State Outside Communities of Opportunity**
6. **Housing for the Homeless**

The scoring criteria outlined in this Guide provide incentives for developments that meet these Priorities, with the greatest priority placed on ~~incentivising~~incentivizing the development of family housing in Communities of Opportunity.

The QAP and Guide were crafted after the consideration of public comments received from a wide range of housing partners, stakeholders, consultants, housing advocates and others during the review process.

In addition, in considering changes for the Guide and QAP, DHCD continued to be guided by PlanMaryland. PlanMaryland is a fundamental element of Maryland's Smart, Green & Growing Initiative, and is the ~~state's~~ State's strategic plan for long-term sustainability and a road map for smart growth and development during the coming years when Maryland's population is

expected to increase and demographics are expected to change. The following statement from the Executive Order sets forth the purpose of PlanMaryland:

~~1.~~

~~2.~~1. PlanMaryland shall be recognized as the State Development Plan for the State and shall serve as a guide to the economic and physical development of the State in order to:

   a. Spur economic development, redevelopment, revitalization, and infill development;

   b. Incentivize resources and agricultural based industries; and

   c. Protect the rural, agricultural, natural, environmental, and cultural lands and resources.

2. PlanMaryland shall make State policies on development transparent, so local governments can most efficiently access State resources.

3. State agencies shall review and consider PlanMaryland when making decisions about actions that affect development in the State.

At all times during the review process, it has been DHCD's intent to ensure that Maryland's affordable housing development resources are fairly deployed in a manner that best serves Maryland residents, including families, seniors, and persons with disabilities or special needs, and the continuing demand for quality, affordable rental housing across the State.

1 Introduction

DHCD administers a variety of State and federal programs that finance the development of affordable rental housing. These programs include, but are not limited to, the Low Income Housing Tax Credit Program (LIHTC), the Rental Housing Financing Programs (RHFP) – ~~which is~~ a combination of the State-funded Rental Housing Program and the federally-funded HOME Investment Partnership Program, Rental Housing Works (RHW), and the Multifamily Bond Program (MBP). DHCD may, from time to time, establish new development financing programs to advance its mission.

While there are variations between these programs based on the underlying source of funds, State and federal requirements applicable to specific funding sources, and State policy goals, DHCD seeks to align many of the administrative processes that accompany these programs. This alignment makes these programs more user-friendly and contributes to operating efficiencies for DHCD and its partners, including owners, investors, and managers of properties financed by DHCD resources.

This Guide is an attachment to the ~~Maryland Qualified Allocation Plan for the Allocation of Federal Low Income Housing Tax Credits (~~QAP~~)~~ and, unless otherwise noted, the requirements herein apply to any transaction seeking allocations of LIHTC from DHCD, whether those come from the State's population-based credit ceiling or from the use of tax-exempt bonds. Additionally, unless otherwise noted, this Guide applies to MBP, RHW and RHFP (which includes the State funded Rental Housing Program and federal HOME funds as noted above). Unless otherwise noted, all references to timeframes in the QAP and Guide refer to calendar days.

2 Application Process

This section provides information on application and funding processes. For projects requesting MBP financing, RHW financing, and non-competitive LIHTC only, some of the following steps may not apply, but more information for these programs may be found in the text boxes throughout this Guide.

Applications for competitive LIHTC and RHFP will be solicited by DHCD by public notice (the Public Notice) in one round per year. If needed, additional rounds of competition may be held until all available resources have been reserved.

Multifamily Bond Program and Rental Housing Works

Projects requesting MBP financing, with or without non-competitive LIHTC or RHW, may submit an application at any time. Processing is subject to certain fees that are subject to change. The current fees are described in ~~Appendix D~~ Appendix C of this Guide. See Section 6.2 for additional information on MBP and RHW. Updates to fees are provided on DHCD's website at www.dhcd.maryland.gov.

Field Code Changed

Field Code Changed

2.1 Pre-Round Communication

2.1.1 Information Session

In advance of each competitive round, DHCD will hold a pre-round information session during which it will discuss resources available for the round, explain any changes to the QAP, Guide, or process, provide additional information about how State Bonus Points (described in Section 4.6) will be utilized in the round and provide an opportunity for questions and answers. The date, time, and location of the information session will be established in the Public Notice.

2.1.2 Optional Pre-Application Meetings

Applicants may request a pre-application meeting to receive preliminary feedback regarding project specifics as well as a meeting to discuss their proposed projects with DHCD staff.

2.1.3 Waiver Requests

Chapter 5 provides information on the submission of waiver requests, including appropriate justifications. Certain waivers must be submitted in advance of the application deadline.

Field Code Changed

2.2 - Local Governments- Notice and Opportunity to Comment

DHCD's process for notifying local governments and providing an opportunity to comment on applications for financing are as follows:

(1) Upon receipt of an Application Submission Package for LIHTC or for a loan under MBP, RHFP, or RHW, DHCD shall provide written notice of the application and a reasonable opportunity to comment to the political subdivision in which the project is located. If the project is located in a municipal corporation, the notice shall be sent to the municipal corporation and not to the county. The written notice shall be sent to the political subdivision's highest elected public official and to the head or president of the political subdivision's legislative body. The written notice shall include the following information about the project:

(a) Date of application;

(b) Name and description of the project;

(c) Address of the project;

(d) Developer of the project and the Developer's contact information;

(e) Amount and type of funding and/or LIHTC requested;

(f) Amount, type, and provider of other sources of financing;

(g) Total number of units;

(h) Number of units reserved for families of limited income, including the income and rent limits; and

(i) Such other information as DHCD deems relevant.

(2) The political subdivision shall have forty-five (45) calendar days from the date the written notice is sent to review the project and DHCD's proposed financing for the project and provide comments, if any.

(3) If a political subdivision provides comments under paragraph (2) above, DHCD will consider the comments in its review of the application

2.3 Application Review Process

Projects seeking competitive financing will be considered only upon DHCD's receipt of a complete application by the application deadline. Applications will be evaluated first against the Threshold Criteria described in Chapter 3. Projects passing the threshold review will be evaluated against the Competitive Scoring Criteria described in Chapter 4.

Field Code Changed

Field Code Changed

These criteria are intended to select viable projects that meet DHCD's identified priorities as well as all federal and State requirements. Except for requirements of the programs' governing

statutes, the Threshold Criteria may be waived by the Secretary of DHCD for compelling reasons or in an emergency situation. See Chapter 5 for waiver provisions and requirements.

Field Code Changed

If an application is incomplete or does not meet the Threshold Criteria it will be rejected and the applicant will be notified in writing by DHCD. The rejection notice shall state the reason the application has been rejected. A sponsor may request reconsideration of a rejection within seven (7) calendar days of the date of the notice of rejection. The request for reconsideration shall be in writing and submitted to the Director of Multifamily Housing. The request may not include new or additional information and must establish that DHCD has made a mistake or error in its initial decision. DHCD will review the request and respond within seven (7) calendar days. If DHCD determines that its initial decision was incorrect, the project will be re-entered into processing. If DHCD upholds the initial decision, the applicant will be notified and the application will be withdrawn from processing. Rejected applications may be resubmitted in a subsequent round. An initial decision or reconsideration of a decision is not a contested case within the meaning of the Administrative Procedure Act or COMAR 05.01.01. DHCD reserves the right to redirect a project from the competition to the MBP if DHCD, in its sole discretion, determines that the project would be financially feasible using tax-exempt bond proceeds with or without other DHCD resources.

Multifamily Bond Program and Rental Housing Works Threshold Requirements

Projects requesting MBP and RHW financing, with or without non-competitive LIHTC, must also meet all ~~of~~ Threshold Criteria unless specified otherwise. Projects requesting MBP and RHW financing that do not meet all Threshold Criteria or have incomplete applications also will be withdrawn from processing. Requests for reconsideration may be filed in accordance with COMAR 05.05.02.08. See Section 6.2 for additional information on MBP. Additional RHW application requirements are outlined below and at the following website: http://dhcd.maryland.gov/HousingDevelopment/Documents/RHW_application.pdf

Field Code Changed

Field Code Changed

Generally, RHW funding is governed by the laws (statutes, regulations and the Guide) applicable to MBP with the following changes:

- RHW loans shall be subordinate loans with the terms and conditions described below
- RHW loans must be used in conjunction with MBP and 4% LIHTC. RHW applications should be submitted in conjunction with an MBP application.
- RHW loans may not be used as cash collateral for short-term bonds.
- RHW loans are not subject to the requirements of the MBP that are strictly applicable to the issuance of tax-exempt bonds.
- RHW applicants must satisfy the following additional threshold criteria:

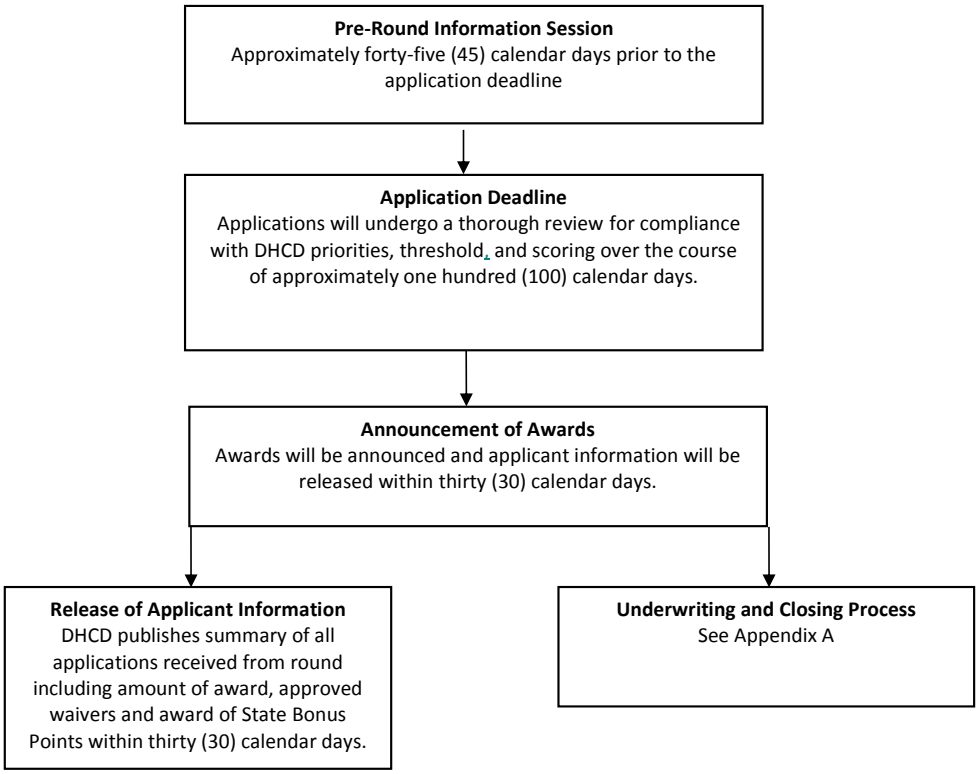
- Required zoning for use and density of development must be in place at the time of application and properly documented. A letter from the local zoning office would be proper documentation. An approved Planned Unit Development resolution or a local jurisdiction's equivalent to a Planned Unit Development resolution also satisfies this requirement. Development or site plan approval is not required at application. Conditional use or special exception approval also is not required at application but must be obtained before closing.
- The award of any competitive public and private sources of funding necessary for the project's financial feasibility must have been made; and
- The project's projected Full Time Equivalent jobs must be documented using the Full Time Equivalent Job Calculator located on DHCD's website: http://dhcd.maryland.gov

- The Maryland Board of Public Works must approve all RHW funding awards if the source of the RHW funding is general obligation bonds.

A complete application evaluation consists of a review of the application and supporting documentation as well as a preliminary site visit. DHCD staff will present their evaluations to an internal DHCD committee for further review and evaluation. Recommendations for reservations of competitive RHFP and/or LIHTC will be made by the internal committee based on the evaluation of projects pursuant to the ~~competitive~~ Competitive ~~scoring~~ Scoring ~~criteria~~Criteria, the award of State Bonus Points under Section 4.7, and the availability of resources. These recommendations will be made to DHCD's Housing Finance Review Committee (HFRC) for review. After evaluating the recommendations, HFRC will make final recommendations to the Secretary of DHCD who will, in his or her discretion, approve projects for a reservation of RHFP or LIHTC and further processing. Under certain circumstances reservations may be contingent on the approval of Maryland's Board of Public Works (BPW). After a reservation has been issued, projects that do not continue to meet all Threshold Criteria outlined in this Guide will be withdrawn from processing.

Field Code Changed

The flowchart below provides an overview of the competitive application and award process:



2.4 Application Form and Fees

2.4.1 Application Form

Competitive applications must be submitted by the deadlines provided in the Public Notice using the Application Submission Package, which contains more detailed instructions regarding many of the requirements in this Guide. Information in the Application Submission Package supplements this Guide and should be reviewed carefully to ensure compliance with these requirements. The Submission Packages are available through DHCD's website at:

http://dhcd.maryland.gov/HousingDevelopment/Pages/MFLibrary.aspx

Field Code Changed

Applicants must submit two complete copies of the application form including all attachments and exhibits. Application forms shall not be re-typed, changed, or modified in any manner. DHCD reserves the right to require electronic submission of applications. All information on the application must be completed or marked as not applicable. All required exhibits must be

included and all required documentation must meet the criteria specified in the Application Submission Package. Incomplete or late applications will not be considered.

For projects seeking competitive financing, applicants may not submit new application material concerning the project after the application deadline date unless DHCD, in its discretion, has requested applicants to submit clarifying information.

Generally, with the exception of market studies which must be less than six (6) months old, all documents submitted with applications, including environmental assessments must be less than twelve (12) months old.

2.4.2 Fees

All sponsors must pay a nonrefundable fee of $2,500 for each application requesting RHFP, RHW, MBP, or LIHTC. Only one application fee is required for each project, regardless of the number of funding resources requested. The application fee must be paid simultaneously with or before submission of an application. Application fees must be sent under separate cover to the address below, with a copy of the check included with the application.

All application submissions, including repeat submissions, must include evidence that the application fee has been paid. Applications received without the required fee will not be evaluated. The application fee is retained by DHCD even if the application is unsuccessful. Projects failing to receive a reservation of competitive LIHTC or RHFP may reapply in another round, but a new application fee will be required. Appendices B and C summarize the fee requirements.

Unless advised otherwise by official DHCD notices, all fees must be made payable to the Community Development Administration or CDA and remitted directly to the attention of:

DHCD Central Cashier
Post Office Box 2521
Landover Hills, MD 20784

2.5 Release of Application Information

DHCD will release information on all applications seeking competitive LIHTC and/or RHFP within fourteen (14) calendar days of the competitive funding round deadline. The information will be published on DHCD's website and will include:

- Name of applicant;
- Project sponsor;
- Site location and address;
- Primary population served (family or elderly);

- Total number of units;
- Number of units reserved for persons with disabilities(PWD) or specials needs tenants;
- Amount and type (RHFP or LIHTC or both) of funds requested; and
- Total project cost.

In addition, DHCD will release a summary of competitive funding round award decisions within thirty (30) calendar days of announcing awards. This summary will be published on DHCD's website and will include the information listed above, as well as the distribution of LIHTC and RHFP to projects, disclosure of all waivers granted to applicants, and identification of projects which received State Bonus Points pursuant to Section 4.7 along with a rationale for why these points were awarded.

Field Code Changed

DHCD will periodically post information to its website regarding all applications for financing (both competitive and non-competitive), as well as information regarding the status of financing applications: http://dhcd.maryland.gov/HousingDevelopment/Pages/MFLibrary.aspx

2.6 Coordination with Other State Resources

DHCD will coordinate the allocation of LIHTC, RHFP, and RHW with the decision to allocate other State resources under the control of DHCD.

2.7 Loan Processing

If projects include RHFP or RHW loan financing, the processing requirements outlined in Section 6.1 apply.

Field Code Changed

3 Threshold Criteria

Projects must meet all of the following Threshold Criteria to ensure basic program guidelines are met and DHCD resources are reserved for projects that are viable and ready to proceed. Projects meeting all criteria listed in this section, or successfully obtaining waivers for such criteria, will be evaluated against the Competitive Scoring Criteria in Chapter 4.

Field Code Changed

Comment [CW1]: Table titles changed to match section titles from Draft #2

Threshold Summary Table	
3.1 Development Team Requirements	
	3.1.1 Previous Project Performance
	3.1.2 Credit History
3.2 Occupancy Requirements	
	3.2.1 Minimum Income and Rent Restrictions
	3.2.2 Definition of Elderly Housing and Elderly Household
	3.2.3 Long Term Use Restrictions and Homeownership Opportunities
	3.2.4 Relocation and Displacement
3.3 Marketing Requirements	
	3.3.1 Public and Assisted Housing Waiting List
	3.3.2 Affirmative Fair Housing Marketing
3.4 Tenant Services	
3.5 Persons with Disabilities (PWD) or Special Needs Provisions	
	3.5.1 ~~Preference for Persons with Physical Disabilities~~Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards Requirements
	3.5.2 ~~Non-Elderly Developments:~~Family Housing Developments – Units Reserved for Persons with Disabilities
3.6 Other Financing Commitments	
3.7 ~~Rental Housing Financing Programs & Rental Housing Work~~RHFP & RHW Loan Requirements	
	3.7.1 General Terms
	~~3.7.2 Standard Surplus Cash Repayment Terms for~~
	3.7.2~~3~~ Contingent Interest Surplus Cash Repayment Terms
	3.7.3~~4~~ Amortizing Loans
3.8 LIHTC Award Limits	
3.9 Underwriting Standards	
	3.9.1 Maximum Rents
	3.9.2 Vacancy
	3.9.3 Operating Expenses

	3.9.4 Replacement Reserves
	3.9.5 Operating Reserves
	3.9.6 Trending
	3.9.7 Debt Service Coverage Ratio
	3.9.8 Development Costs - 3.9.8.1 Acquisition - 3.9.8.2 Syndication Costs - 3.9.8.3 Professional Fees
	3.9.9 Phased Projects
3.10 Readiness to ~~Process~~Proceed and Financial Feasibility	
3.11 Site Requirements	
	3.11.1 Site Control
	3.11.2 Utility Availability
	3.11.3 Zoning
	3.11.4 Environmental Assessments
	3.11.5 Scattered Sites
	3.11.6 Exceptions
	3.11.7 New Construction-Priority Funding Areas (Smart Growth)
	3.11.8 Relocation and Displacement
3.12 Market Study	
	~~3.12.1 Site and Surrounding Market Area~~
	3.12.~~2~~ 1 Market Analysis
	3.12.~~3~~ 2 Capture Rate
	3.12.~~4~~ 3 Penetration Rate ~~-~~ – New Construction Projects Only
	3.12.~~5~~ 4 Vacancy Rates
	3.12.~~6~~ 5 Income Levels
	3.12.~~7~~ 6 Absorption Rate
3.13 Development Quality Thresholds	
	3.13.1 Criteria Applicable to All Projects
	3.13.2 Base Level Green Standards for All Projects
	3.13.3 Additional Criteria Applicable Only to New Construction and Gut Rehabilitation ~~3.13.4 Additional Criteria Applicable only to Rehabilitation~~ ~~3.13.4.1 Base Level Energy Standards for Rehabilitation Only~~ ~~3.13.4.2 Lead Hazard Elimination~~
3.14 Additional Criteria Applicable only to Rehabilitation	
	3.14.1 Base Level Energy Standards for Rehabilitation Only

3.14.2 Lead Hazard Elimination

3.1 Development Team Requirements

As used within this Guide, the term Developer refers inclusively to the project sponsor, project owner, guarantor, and general partner/managing member with an ownership interest in the project's ownership entity whether such roles are held by individuals, corporate entities, partnerships, or limited liability companies. The term Developer specifically excludes the investor/syndicator partner(s) or member(s) of the ownership entity.

The Development Team refers inclusively to the Developer and the team of professionals under contract to the Developer to assist with the overall development of a project. The Primary Development Team consists of the Developer and the project's general contractor, architect, and property manager. The Secondary Development Team includes the project's civil engineer, attorney, accountant, and/or other specialized professional service providers.

All corporations, limited liability companies, or partnerships that make up the Developer or that will provide guarantees to the transaction must submit audited, reviewed, or compiled financial statements, as well as interim statements acceptable to DHCD. If possible, financial statements should be prepared according to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Any individuals providing guarantees or who will be a managing member or general partner in the Developer must submit personal financial statements, including certifications acceptable to DHCD. The required financial statements must include calculations of total assets, total liabilities, current assets, and current liabilities. Complete financial statement requirements may be found in the Application Submission Package.

If the financial statements, including associated management letters, raise concerns about material misstatements, lack of internal controls, or doubts about an entity's ability to remain a going concern, the application may, in the sole discretion of DHCD, be rejected on a threshold basis.

3.1.1 Previous Project Performance

Within five (5) years prior of the application date members of the Primary Development Team may not have received a reservation or commitment of funding from DHCD for a project that was not carried out for any of the following reasons:

- For LIHTC, entities that (1) received a reservation but were unable to place the project in service in the year of the reservation or unable to meet the requirements to receive a Carryover Allocation; (2) received a Carryover Allocation but could not meet the 10% expenditure test deadline necessary to keep a Carryover Allocation; (3) received a

Carryover Allocation or other Allocation but could not place the project in service within the time required by the LIHTC Program; or (4) demonstrate a history or pattern of non-corrected serious health and safety issues as documented by IRS form(s) 8823.

- For RHFP, RHW and MBP, entities that received a reservation or commitment of loan funds but were unable to close the financing.

This criterion does not apply to the voluntary return of a LIHTC, RHFP, RHW, or MBP reservation or commitment by a Developer based on a determination that the project as originally proposed ~~is~~ was no longer feasible, provided that DHCD was willing to accept the return and there was no loss to DHCD of State resources. Additionally, DHCD will evaluate the role of Primary Development Team members relative to their role. For example, an architect would not be prevented from participating in a new transaction simply because they had been the architect on a project where the developer subsequently developed a pattern of noncompliance leading to issuance of IRS form 8823.

In addition, within the five years prior to the application date, Primary Development Team members may not have:

- Participated as an owner or manager in the development or operation of a project that has defaulted on a DHCD or other government or private sector loan;
- Consistently failed to provide documentation required by DHCD in connection with other loan applications or the management and operation of other existing projects;
- Been involuntarily removed as a general partner or managing member from any affordable housing project whether or not financed or subsidized by the programs of DHCD;
- Received a limited denial of participation from the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD);
- Been debarred, suspended, or voluntarily excluded from participation in any federal or state program;
- Been directly involved with any project placed on DHCD's defaulted loans watch list due to actions which, in the opinion of DHCD, are attributable to the sponsor or the Development Team member;
- Unpaid fees, loan arrearages, or other obligations due to DHCD on other projects; or
- Been found by any state or federal agency or court of competent jurisdiction to have acted in violation of the Fair Housing Act, the Civil Rights Act, or any other state or federal law prohibiting discrimination, or failed to comply with the terms of any agreement or court order related to any settlement, conciliation, or legal action related to such a violation.

This evaluation will be based on mandatory disclosures by Primary Development Team members, including submission of financial statements meeting the criteria specified in the Application Submission Package, as well as a review of DHCD records, personal credit histories, commercial credit reports, and other available information. Knowingly providing false information to DHCD on the application or otherwise may subject the applicant to penalties under Maryland law.

3.1.2 Credit History

Members of the Development Team acting in the role of Developer, general contractor, or property manager will not be considered for funding if they have unpaid state or federal income, payroll, or other taxes as of the application date or a record within the past five (5) years of any of the following that are unacceptable to DHCD:

- Chronic past due accounts;
- Substantial liens or judgments;
- Three or more instances of unpaid taxes (even if cured prior to the application date);
- Foreclosures or bankruptcies; or
- Deeds in lieu of foreclosure.

This evaluation will be based on mandatory disclosures by Development Team members, including submission of financial statements meeting the criteria specified in the Application Submission Package, as well as a review of DHCD records, personal credit histories, commercial credit reports, and other available information. Knowingly providing false information to DHCD on the application or otherwise may subject the applicant to penalties under Maryland law.

3.2 Occupancy Requirements

3.2.1 Minimum Income and Rent Restrictions

At a minimum, applicants must agree that low-income units in the project will be rented to households with incomes and at rents that do not exceed the levels required under the proposed funding source(s).

3.2.2 Definition of Elderly Housing

Any application for funding that reserves units for the elderly must meet DHCD's definition of elderly housing or must request a waiver.

DHCD defines Elderly Housing as any project that proposes to restrict occupancy to one or more of the units in the project based on age. DHCD defines an ~~elderly~~ Elderly ~~household~~ Household as one in which at least one household member is age sixty-two (62) or over. These definitions apply to all projects applying for LIHTC, RHFP, RHW, or MBP financing as Elderly Housing.

FHA Insurance Threshold Requirement

For projects financed under FHA Insurance programs including FHA Risk Sharing, DHCD will follow the requirements of Chapter 3-2H of Handbook 4590.1 – Elderly Projects which defines Elderly Housing as: *"An elderly family means any household where the head or spouse is 62 years of age or older, and also any single person who is 62 years of age or older."*

The Market Study provided in accordance with Section 3.12 must demonstrate demand for the project among the elderly population proposed. In all cases, Elderly Housing must comply with all applicable federal laws, including the Fair Housing Act.

3.2.3 Long Term Use Restrictions and Homeownership Opportunities

All projects requesting competitive LIHTC, RHFP, and/or RHW must agree to at least forty (40) years of low-income occupancy restrictions, unless a structured fifteen (15) year transition to homeownership is presented and accepted. All projects requesting non-competitive LIHTC and/or MBP loan funds must agree to at least thirty (30) years of low-income occupancy restrictions.

Properties intended for eventual homeownership must be physically designed to facilitate marketing for and conversion to homeownership. At application submission, projects must present a strategy that shows how funding will be made available from the project or other dedicated sources to prepare and assist residents for the transition of the project to homeownership at the close of the initial fifteen (15) year compliance period.

3.2.4 Relocation and Displacement

Generally, DHCD will not participate in a project if it results in the permanent displacement of more than 5% of elderly or disabled residents or 10% of family residents dwelling on the site of the proposed project. If the project will result in the relocation of any residential tenants, DHCD expects the applicant will comply with the requirements of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Act of 1970 (42 U.S.C. 4601) (URA) and §104(d) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. §5304(d)) regarding resident notice and compensation. These requirements apply to all funding requests regardless of the ultimate source of the funds.

All applicants should make themselves familiar with URA and §104(d) requirements, including required notices from both the purchaser and seller that may apply to the project. DHCD will consider waivers to its cap on permanent displacement only to the extent that the displacement complies with URA and leverages substantial federal investment. Information on federal relocation requirements and the rights of affected tenants may be found at:

http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD?src=/program_offices/comm_planning/affordablehousing/training/web/relocation/notices

Field Code Changed

3.3 Marketing Requirements

3.3.1 Public and Assisted Housing Waiting List

All projects must establish a priority for households on waiting lists for public housing or other federal or State assisted low-income housing. The applicant also must demonstrate that the entity maintaining the waiting list is willing to refer tenants to the project.

3.3.2 Affirmative Fair Housing Marketing

The State of Maryland has a compelling interest in creating fair and open access to affordable housing and promoting compliance with state and federal civil rights obligations. Fair Housing requirements apply to the full spectrum of housing activities, including, but not limited to, outreach and marketing, the qualification and selection of residents, and occupancy. This Guide and the QAP continue DHCD's long-standing commitment to affirmatively furthering fair housing.

All applications must include a certification that the project will develop and implement an Affirmative Fair Housing Marketing Plan (AFHMP) using form HUD-935.2A available online at:

http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/documents/huddoc?id=935-2a.pdf

Field Code Changed

To provide the greatest access to housing opportunities by Maryland's residents, all AFHMPs also must include, at a minimum, the following provisions:

- ~~prohibit~~ Prohibit income requirements for prospective tenants with Housing Choice Vouchers or similar vouchers, including, but not limited to, VASH, Shelter Plus Care, Bridge Subsidy and Continuum of Care;
- ~~eliminate~~ Eliminate local residency preferences;
- ~~ensure~~ Ensure access to leasing offices for persons with disabilities;
- ~~provide~~ Provide flexible application and office hours to permit working families and individuals to apply; and
- ~~encourage~~ Encourage credit references and testing that take into account the needs of persons with disabilities or special needs.

In the event HUD updates form HUD-935.2A or DHCD later publishes additional AFHMP requirements, applicants will be required to use the newest versions of such forms and/or criteria available.

Prior to closing DHCD will review the AFHMP to ensure the AFHMP is in conformance with all HUD and DHCD requirements, and will reject any AFHMP not in conformance. Additionally, projects must review and update their AFHMP at least every 5 years or when required by DHCD. Failure to comply with an approved AFHMP will result in negative points in future applications as described in Section 4.1.2.

Field Code Changed

3.4 Tenant Services

All projects must provide services appropriate to the population served by the project. To be considered for financing, an application must include a certification by the applicant that it will provide appropriate services throughout the compliance period or loan term, as applicable, that address the following:

- Family projects must deliver or coordinate services that improve building and unit maintenance, stabilize occupancy by improving residents' abilities to uphold their lease obligations, and enhance quality of life and self-sufficiency for residents, including children;
- Elderly occupancy projects must deliver or coordinate services that stabilize occupancy by improving residents' abilities to uphold their lease obligations throughout the aging process and enhance quality of life through improved access to or information concerning services and benefits, health promotion, community building, and socialization;
- Projects that include populations with disabilities or special needs must ensure that the targeted population served is able to benefit and access the services provided to the general population at the property; and
- All projects must, at a minimum, provide passive links to appropriate community services for tenants.

3.5 Persons with Disabilities (PWD)

3.5.1 Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards Requirements

All projects must ensure that persons with physical disabilities have priority for occupancy of any units qualified under the Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards (UFAS). To ensure that persons with disabilities who require the features of a UFAS unit receive priority for UFAS qualified housing, when a UFAS unit becomes available, it must be offered first to a prospective tenant whose disabilities require such a unit even if other applicants who do not require accessible units have higher placement on the general waiting list. However, owners are not required to disregard occupancy restrictions imposed by any applicable financing program, State or federal law, or lease. Additionally, when renting UFAS units to households that do not require an accessible unit, owners are required to include provisions in the lease that require

the household to move to another comparable unit (should there be a comparable unit available) within the project in order to make the UFAS unit available for a household that requires such a unit.

All projects must comply with UFAS and any other applicable laws or requirements, including without limitation Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (Section 504), the regulations implementing Section 504 at 24 CFR Part 8, the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), and the 2010 ADA Standards (as modified by HUD).

3.5.2 Family Housing Developments – Units Reserved for Persons with Disabilities

All family projects must reserve at least five percent (5%) of all units for households at or below 60% AMI and headed by a non-elderly PWD. Non-elderly disabled units provided under the Bailey Consent decree in Baltimore City will satisfy this requirement. However, this requirement is also satisfied by serving non-elderly PWD who do not meet the City's non-elderly disabled definition. Projects that exceed the requirements of this section may qualify to receive points under the Competitive Scoring Criteria detailed in Section 4.4.2.

Field Code Changed

Units reserved under this threshold requirement must be reserved exclusively for targeted populations for a period of not less than sixty (60) calendar days both at initial lease-up and upon turnover. The sixty (60) calendar day time period at lease-up will be measured from the date upon which the project achieves 80% occupancy and at turnover will be measured from the date upon which the unit is determined ready for occupancy following move-out by the prior tenants and completion of any cleaning, repairs, or maintenance. In addition to other marketing or referrals for the units, projects with non-elderly PWD units must agree to provide notice of unit availability to and accept referrals from the Maryland Department of Disabilities (MDOD) and/or the Maryland Department of Health and Mental Hygiene (DHMH).

3.6 Other Financing Commitments

Letters of intent to provide financing must be furnished for all funding sources identified in the application. At a minimum, letters of intent must state that the project appears feasible and must show the amount of anticipated funding, general repayment terms, and any financial conditions. Letters of intent from the intended first mortgagee also must include the lender's acknowledgement of DHCD's financing regulations and policies and the lender's agreement to cooperate with the applicable RHFP, RHW, LIHTC, and MBP processes, as appropriate.

In addition, if financing will be subsidized or insured, evidence must be provided that the appropriate applications have been prepared and have been or are ready to be filed. For projects proposing financing with an FHA-insured first mortgage and an RHFP or RHW loan, the lender must acknowledge in its letter of intent that it will accept the use of the FHA/DHCD

Intercreditor Agreement without modification. Lenders for FHA-insured first mortgages must also detail the proposed schedule for Multifamily Accelerated Processing (MAP). This schedule must correspond with the Developer's schedule as set forth in the application.

For projects applying for LIHTC, applicants must provide a proposal from at least one syndication firm showing the amount of expected LIHTC, the investor type, expected net proceeds, syndication costs, pay-in schedule, and willingness to comply with DHCD's regulations. The syndicator's letter must provide a proposed schedule for completing its due diligence and indicate the current status of its review of the application and project, including whether a site visit has been completed.

Letters that fail to explicitly include the acknowledgements and information listed above will be rejected as incomplete and will result in the application failing threshold review and being removed from processing.

~~3.7 Rental Housing Financing Programs & Rental Housing Work~~RHFP & RHW Loan Requirements

~~3.8~~3.7

This section sets forth the terms applicable to RHFP and RHW loans. A sponsor of a project that has been awarded RHFP or RHW funds may generally choose the repayment option set forth in either Section 3.7.1 or 3.7.2, unless the underwriting for the project indicates that the project can bear a must-pay loan as described in Section 3.7.3. Sponsors must select a repayment option prior to execution of a loan commitment with DHCD. In all cases, DHCD reserves the right to adjust loan terms for a particular project based on its underwriting and subsidy layering reviews.

~~3.8.1~~3.7.1 General Terms

The following terms are generally applicable to all loans:

- Maximum ~~awards~~Awards: Generally the maximum RHFP loan per project may not exceed $2 million except as permitted in COMAR. RHW loans may not exceed $2.5 million.
- Prepayment ~~restrictions~~Restrictions: RHFP and RHW loans are, by regulation, subject to certain restrictions upon prepayment, including, but not limited to, continuing occupancy restrictions, tenant notices and relocation requirements.
- Loan Term: The RHFP and RHW construction loan period (generally the construction contract term plus three months for cost certification) plus 40 year permanent loan period. Maturity will be accelerated due to sale, refinancing or other transfer of the project, or occurrence of an event of default.

Standard Surplus Cash Repayment Terms. The terms set forth below reflect DHCD's traditional surplus cash repayment terms. This option is most commonly used for RHFP and RHW loans in conjunction with LIHTC. A form of the ~~note~~ Note used in connection with this form of loan is available on the DHCD website:

http://dhcd.maryland.gov/HousingDevelopment/Pages/MFLibrary.aspx

- Interest: 0% interest during the construction loan period; 2% simple interest during the permanent loan period.
- Construction Loan Period: No payments during construction loan period.
- Payment Dates: Annual payments are due three months after the end of the borrower's fiscal year.
- First Payment: First payment is interest only based on the lesser of (i) 75% of surplus cash; or (ii) the amount of interest accrued from the end of the construction loan period to the end of the borrower's fiscal year.
- Regular Payments: Thereafter, payments of principal and interest are based on the lesser of (i) 75% of surplus cash; or (ii) an amortized amount of principal and interest that would pay off the loan in 40 years.
- Surplus Cash Definition: The definition of surplus cash for purposes of repayment of a RHFP or RHW ~~Loan~~ loan is set forth in the ~~note~~ Note and generally does not permit payments to partners or members to be paid ahead of loan payments to DHCD (except for a $3,000 annual investor services fee).

~~3.8.2~~3.7.2 Contingent Interest Surplus Cash Repayment Terms ~~RHFP and RHW Loans~~

Below are alternative repayment terms that DHCD has approved where DHCD agrees to limit the amount of interest that would otherwise accrue on a traditional surplus cash loan. A form of the ~~note~~ Note used in connection with this form of loan is available on the DHCD website:

http://dhcd.maryland.gov/HousingDevelopment/Pages/MFLibrary.aspx

- Interest: 0% stated interest for both construction loan period and permanent loan period.
- Construction Loan Period: No payments during construction loan period.
- Regular Payments: Annual payments are due three months after the end of the borrower's fiscal year commencing three months after the end of the year in which the construction loan period ends.

- Regular Principal Payments: Principal payments shall be paid based on a percentage of surplus cash (see below regarding calculation of this percentage) determined as of the end of borrower's fiscal year.
    - Note: The amount paid is not limited by an amortizing amount as in the standard terms under Section 3.7.~~2~~1.
    - The definition of surplus cash for principal payments is the same as that used for the standard surplus cash repayment terms under Section 3.7.~~2~~1.
- Regular Contingent Interest Payments: Once principal is repaid, "contingent interest" payments shall be made from a percentage of "contingent interest surplus cash". The definition of "contingent interest surplus cash" allows this payment to be made later in the project's cash flow "waterfall" behind the payment of deferred ~~developer~~ Developer's ~~fees~~Fees, partner loans, deferred investor services fees, and tax credit adjustment payments.
- Maximum Contingent Interest Amount: The ~~Maximum~~ maximum amount of contingent interest to be paid will be capped to an amount equal to the amount of interest that would have accrued at the rate of 4% on the outstanding principal balance of the loan.
- Surplus Cash Percentage: The following principles apply with respect to the DHCD surplus cash percentage used for principal payments:
    - Until deferred ~~developer~~ Developer's ~~fees~~ Fees are paid, DHCD's percentage will not exceed 50%.
    - If a local government is also making a loan to the project greater than $250,000, so long as the local government agrees to the same terms and conditions as apply to DHCD's contingent interest surplus cash loan, DHCD may allow a local government to share a percentage of the surplus cash, proportionately, up to 25%.
    - If the local government's capital contribution is greater than 60% of the project's total public subordinate debt, DHCD will share the available surplus cash evenly with the local government.

  Appendix E sets forth examples of surplus cash splits in a variety of scenarios. In addition, the DHCD website includes a calculator that may be used to determine the relative surplus cash percentages of the parties for a particular project:

  http://dhcd.maryland.gov/HousingDevelopment/Pages/MFLibrary.aspx

- Contingent Interest Percentage (used for contingent interest payments): DHCD's contingent interest percentage (used for contingent interest payments) will be the greater of (i) the percentage that the ~~Loan~~ loan comprises of the total costs of the project; or (ii) 20%. The calculator on the DHCD website may also be used to determine

the contingent interest percentages applicable to the parties involved in financing a project.

- Capital Event Contingent Interest Payment: In the event of a capital event, such as a sale or transfer of the project, refinancing of the loan, or the maturity of the loan, a payment shall be due to DHCD from the net proceeds of the capital event. The amount due shall be determined based on DHCD's contingent interest percentage of the net proceeds provided that the aggregate amount of contingent interest payments does not exceed the maximum contingent interest amount described above.

~~3.8.3~~3.7.3 Amortizing Loans

In some cases, a ~~Project's~~ project's anticipated cash flow and debt service are such that it is reasonable to expect the borrower to make regular monthly payments of principal and interest on the RHFP or RHW loan. The general requirements set forth in Section 3.7.1 would also be applicable to such loans.

Multifamily Bond Program Terms and Conditions

Loans provided under the MBP must be amortized at an interest rate set by DHCD. The term of the loan may be up to forty (40) years for either taxable or tax-exempt bond funded loans. All projects must be credit-enhanced so that the bonds sold to fund the loans can receive a rating of "AA" or better from DHCD's rating services, unless an alternative structure is approved by DHCD. See Section 6.2 for additional information on MBP.

Field Code Changed

~~3.9~~3.8 LIHTC Award Limits

The maximum amount of competitive LIHTC reservation or allocation will be limited to not more than $1.5 million to any single project. Reservations and/or allocations may be split over two (2) or more calendar years.

Allocations of non-competitive LIHTC pursuant to §42(h)(4)(B) of the Internal Revenue ~~code~~ Code (federally subsidized tax-exempt bond transactions) are not subject to the $1.5 million cap noted above and limited only by the amount required, at the sole determination of DHCD, for the long term feasibility of the project.

~~3.10~~3.9 Underwriting Standards

To pass threshold, all applications must be submitted meeting the underwriting standards listed in Sections 3.9.1 through 3.9.~~8~~9.

Consistent with its obligations under §42(m)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, which requires that LIHTC allocations not exceed what is necessary for financial feasibility, and in consideration of best practices promoted by the National Council of State Housing Agencies, DHCD will underwrite all applications for LIHTC, RHFP, MBP, and RHW. In so doing, DHCD must balance

the efficient use of resources with the need to develop housing that is viable and sustainable for the entire compliance and extended use periods.

Projects without project-based Section 8 assistance that are subject to federal subsidy layering requirements under §911 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1992 are subject to the Memorandum of Understanding between DHCD and HUD. Additionally, projects with project-based housing choice vouchers must comply with the standards in the HUD Administrative Guidelines: Subsidy Layering Review for Proposed Section 8 Project-Based Voucher Housing Assistance Payments Contracts, as published in the Federal Register, July 9, 2010.

~~3.10.1~~3.9.1 Maximum Rents

Low-income units in a project must be rent restricted as required by the most restrictive funding source. Applications that anticipate the use of project-based rental assistance must show a breakdown of the actual rent to be paid by tenants and the estimated rental subsidy that will be received by the project owner.

In all cases, the Market Study and appraisal must demonstrate the proposed rents are achievable. Rents must allow for a reasonable affordability window so that tenants below the maximum income for targeted units are not paying a disproportionate percentage of their income for rent (i.e. in excess of 30% for family projects or 35% for elderly projects).

Maximum unit rents (inclusive of tenant paid utilities) may not exceed 30% of the imputed gross income limit applicable to each unit based on an assumption of 1.5 persons per bedroom for units with one or more bedrooms and 1.0 persons per bedroom for efficiency or Single Room Occupancy (SRO) units. For example, the maximum rent calculation for a two-bedroom unit targeted to households at 40% of the area median income would be calculated by dividing 40% of the area median income for a three (3) person household by twelve (12) and multiplying by 30%.

For units restricted to Elderly Households, the imputed household size may not exceed three (3) persons regardless of the number of bedrooms. For example, in a family project, the rent for a three-bedroom unit would be based on a 4.5 person household, but if designated as an elderly unit the maximum rent must be calculated based on a three (3) person household.

Area Median Income charts, including adjustments for household size, are published annually by HUD and posted on DHCD's website at:

http://dhcd.maryland.gov/HousingDevelopment/Pages/MFLibrary.aspx

Field Code Changed

~~3.10.2~~3.9.2 Vacancy

All projects will be underwritten with a minimum vacancy rate of 5%. Additionally, the Market Study must fully support the proposed vacancy level. DHCD reserves the right to reject as infeasible any project that requires a vacancy rate of 10% or more.

Multifamily Bond Program Terms and Conditions

Loans financed using the FHA Risk Sharing Program generally will be underwritten using a 7% vacancy rate. See Section 6.2 for additional information on MBP.

Field Code Changed

~~3.10.3~~3.9.3 Operating Expenses

Annual operating expenses, including all real estate taxes but excluding replacement reserve deposits, should be no less than $4,000 per unit per year and no more than $7,000 per unit per year. Waivers may be requested for small projects of up to forty (40) units, ~~and for~~ projects with master-metered (i.e. project paid) utilities, or ~~for~~ other unusual circumstances.

~~3.10.4~~3.9.4 Reserves for Replacement

All projects must budget at least $300 per unit per year in reserves for replacement (RFR) deposits. Additionally, RFR deposits must be adequate to support the project as determined by a capital needs assessment (CNA) prepared by a qualified third party. DHCD reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to require a new CNA every five (5) to ten (10) years and adjust RFR deposits based upon such new CNA.

~~3.10.5~~3.9.5 Operating Reserves

Each project must establish an operating reserve equal to between three (3) and six (6) months of underwritten operating expenses, debt service payments, and required deposits to other reserves. At a minimum, capitalized operating reserves must remain in place until the project has achieved a minimum 1.15 debt service coverage ratio, economic break-even operations for one complete fiscal year as confirmed by the project's annual audit, and reached and sustained 90% occupancy for twelve (12) consecutive months. In the discretion of DHCD, the operating reserve may be released over the next three (3) years provided the project continues to achieve economic break-even operations and sustains 90% occupancy.

Upon release, operating reserves generally may be used to pay any outstanding deferred ~~developer's~~ Developer's ~~fee~~Fee, reduce any State loan, fund other reserves, fund project betterments, or otherwise be applied as approved by DHCD.

~~3.10.6~~3.9.6 Trending

In evaluating the long term viability of the project, DHCD requires that rents and other revenue from the project be projected to increase by no more than 2% annually. Operating expenses (including property taxes) must be projected to increase by not less than 3% annually.

~~3.10.7~~3.9.7 Debt Service Coverage Ratio

All projects must be underwritten to a minimum debt service coverage ratio (DSCR) of 1.15 in the first year of stabilized operations. The DSCR will be calculated including all must-pay debt service payments. For projects with amortizing debt service on a RHFP or RHW loan, the minimum DSCR is 1.1.

~~3.10.8~~3.9.8 Development Costs and Fees

Consistent with §42(m)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code and industry best practices, DHCD limits funding awards to the amount necessary to make a transaction viable. Even if a specific line item is not being paid with LIHTC equity or DHCD funds, any excessive cost, regardless of the source of financing, increases the gap and affects the public subsidy needed by a transaction. As a result, DHCD reserves the right to require any applicant to provide a justification of any development cost line item regardless of the source of funding. The following standards will be applied to specific cost items.

~~3.10.8.1~~3.9.8.1 Acquisition

In all cases and regardless of which proposed funding source will pay for the acquisition price, an appraisal will be used to assess the reasonableness of the acquisition price in the project budget. In most cases, independent professional appraisers under contract with DHCD will perform the appraisal and the applicant will pay the costs of any required appraisals; provided, however, DHCD, in its sole discretion, may accept an appraisal that is required by another lender and prepared by an independent professional appraiser for that lender. For LIHTC transactions involving acquisition credits, DHCD may, as a condition of a reservation and at its discretion, request an opinion from an independent CPA or tax attorney confirming that the planned acquisition conforms with §42(d)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (i.e. the Ten-Year Rule).

The acquisition price is defined as the consideration offered for the transfer of title and legal ownership. The acquisition price does not include:

- Reasonable and necessary soft costs related to the acquisition, such as legal expenses associated with zoning, title expenses, relocation costs, and engineering fees; or
- Off-site improvements, such as extensions of infrastructure necessary to prepare the site for its intended use, provided that the absence of such improvements is clearly noted and accounted for within the appraisal's estimate of "as is" value.

The acquisition price must meet the following requirements:

- In the case of an Arms-Length Transaction (as defined below), the acquisition price must be less than or equal to the "as is" appraised value of the property.

- In the case of a transaction involving a change of use, the acquisition price must not exceed the lesser of the "as is" appraised value or the "as completed" appraised value based on the project's projected end use.
- In the case of a Related Party Transaction (as defined below) where the property was acquired less than two years before the application date, the acquisition price must not exceed the lesser of the "as is" appraised value or the applicant's original acquisition price plus carrying costs acceptable to DHCD.
- In the case of a Related Party Transaction ~~(as defined below)~~ where the property was acquired two or more years before the application date, the acquisition price does not exceed the "as is" appraised value of the property.

For purposes of this section, an Arms-Length Transaction is one between parties made freely and independently of each other, and without a special relationship such as family relationship, other business relationship, or the existence of a controlling interest between the parties. In contrast, a Related Party Transaction includes one between parties where familial, business, controlling interests, or other close ties exist prior to the transaction.

Except for family housing projects located in a Community of Opportunity, any portion of the acquisition price in excess of the "as is" value may not be financed or reimbursed by RHFP, RHW, or other project sources~~, ~~; may not be used in calculating the ~~developer~~ Developer's ~~fee~~Fee~~, ~~; and may not be reimbursed from cost savings at final closing. The excess must be paid with non-project sources such as proceeds of the ~~developer~~ Developer's ~~fee~~Fee. For a family housing project located in a Community of Opportunity, the acquisition price may be up to 120% of the "as is" value before being subject to the limitations outlined in this paragraph.

Exceptions to the acquisition price standards may be submitted to DHCD on a case by case basis under the waiver process described in Section 5.2.10. Waivers to the acquisition price limitations will be in DHCD's sole discretion, and DHCD expects the approval of such excess acquisition prices to be extremely limited.

Additionally, DHCD loan funds may not be used directly to purchase schools or school sites owned by local governments or religious institutions for conversion to housing, except as permitted by waiver as provided in Section 5.2.4.

Field Code Changed

DHCD will allow real estate taxes and other carrying costs associated with owning the site for up to twelve (12) months prior to application and during the period after acquisition and application to be counted towards the allowed acquisition price of the property for the purpose of meeting the 10% expenditure tests associated with awards of LIHTC.

~~3.10.8.2~~3.9.8.2 Syndication Costs

For projects seeking LIHTC awards, the projected net equity from syndication should be based on current market conditions. Net equity will take into account syndication and partnership fees included in the project budget. When analyzing the LIHTC market, DHCD may adjust the equity rate for purposes of determining the appropriate award of credits.

Because the market for LIHTC equity is variable, DHCD intends to provide notice ahead of each funding round about its current assumptions for equity pricing and reserves the right to establish both minimum and maximum pricing. Further, DHCD reserves the right to require an applicant to submit documentation from equity providers justifying the reasonableness of the applicant's equity pricing assumptions.

Payment of an investor service's fee will be restricted to $3,000 annually prior to payment of the DHCD loan ~~payment~~.

~~3.10.8.3~~3.9.8.3 Professional Fees

Subject to the further definitions and restrictions below, the following limits on professional fees will apply to all projects:

Summary of Professional Fee Limitations		
	Large Projects	***Small Projects (up to 40 units)***
Builder's Fees - —Aggregate limit % of net construction costs	New construction: 15% Rehabilitation: 17%	New construction & Rehab:20%
Builder's Profit	10%	
Builder's Overheard	3%	
General Requirements	10%	
Civil Engineering % of net construction costs	5%	7%
Architect—Design % of construction contract	5%	7%
Architect—Administration % of construction contract	3%	4%
Developer's Fee % of aggregate basis	10-15% as further defined below	

- Applicants may request waivers to the professional fee limitations described above for small projects (those with up to forty (40) units) and/or projects that require specialized consultants or services. Waivers must be requested in accordance with Chapter 5 and will be granted at the sole discretion of DHCD and upon a determination that the increased costs are necessary and reasonable given unique features of the proposed project.

- **Developer's Fee** – The Developer's Fee is inclusive of all fees paid to the Developer, processing agents, and development consultants, and includes deferred fees. The range of allowable ~~developer's~~ Developer's ~~fees~~ Fees is from 10% to 15% of total development costs as approved by DHCD based on the table below. For purposes of this calculation, total development costs include the following: expenses related to the construction or rehabilitation of the project; fees related to construction or rehabilitation such as architecture, engineering and legal expenses; financing fees and charges such as construction interest, taxes, insurance, and lender fees; and acquisition related costs which may include master planning costs. Total development costs do not include the following: hard or soft cost contingencies; syndication related costs; funded guarantee and reserve accounts that are required by lenders or investors; and the Developer's Fee.

  For projects with competitive RHFP and LIHTC the Developer's Fee may not exceed $2.5 million.

Developer's Fee Limits		
	Fee on Development Costs	***Fee on Acquisition Costs***
First $10 million	15%	10%
Amount in excess of $10 million	10%	5%

Sponsors may request up to an additional five (5) percent above the calculated ~~developer~~ Developer's ~~fee~~ Fee (i.e. up to 20% of Development Costs and up to 15% of Acquisition Costs) if 80% of the entire additional fee is escrowed with DHCD or another lender to fund a rent subsidy for Targeted Population (See Section 4.4.2) units set aside for persons at or below 20% of area median income for the initial 15 year LIHTC compliance period. The remaining 20% of the additional fee will be made available to

Field Code Changed

the project sponsor as an incentive for providing units to ~~target~~ Targeted ~~populations~~Populations. Funds deposited in the rent subsidy will be used to fund the difference between the 20% AMI rent and 60% AMI rent. DHCD will work with sponsors to determine the exact mechanism necessary and appropriate to ensure funding on the subsidy. Additionally, during the initial fifteen (15) year LIHTC compliance period, DHCD will review, approve and monitor use of the rental subsidy. Provisions for the rent subsidy will be incorporated into DHCD's loan documents, as appropriate. The additional five (5) percent above the calculated ~~developer~~ Developer's ~~fee~~ Fee will not be subject to the $2.5 million limit stated above. ~~See Chapter 5 of this Guide for more information.~~

Note that while this section describes the limits on the allowable Developer's Fee, Section 5.2.8 addresses expectations on the disbursement of the Developer's Fee.

Field Code Changed

~~3.10.9~~3.9.9 Phased Projects

Applications for subsequent phases of projects already in receipt of a reservation of RHFP or LIHTC allocations must show evidence that the original phase(s) of the project has achieved Sustaining Occupancy. For this purpose, Sustaining Occupancy means a minimum of three (3) months of break-even operations and occupancy at 90% or greater.

~~3.11~~3.10 Readiness to Proceed and Financial Feasibility

As part of the Application Submission Package, sponsors must complete the Anticipated Development Schedule in CDA Form 202. This schedule should be consistent with DHCD's underwriting and construction review process as outlined in Appendix A of this Guide as well as LIHTC requirements. If a project is approved for a LIHTC, ~~and/or~~ RHFP, and/or RHW reservation, it is expected to meet the development schedule as proposed. In cases where a zoning change, variance, or exception is necessary, schedules must be consistent with the analysis provided by the Development Team's zoning attorney or engineer. In all cases, the Anticipated Development Schedule should reflect the project's readiness to use current calendar year LIHTC and current fiscal year RHFP or RHW funds. If a project envisions utilizing other than current calendar year LIHTC and/or current fiscal year RHFP or RHW loan funds, the application must provide sufficient explanation and supporting information for the alternate development schedule.

Additionally, all projects must be financially feasible in accordance with DHCD underwriting standards and generally accepted industry practices.

~~3.12~~3.11 Site Requirements

~~3.12.1~~3.11.1 Site Control

Sponsors must have sufficient site control to allow projects to move forward if they receive a reservation of funds. At the time of application, site control should extend for at least one-hundred and eighty (180) calendar days after the application deadline date (including extension options). Acceptable evidence of site control includes deeds, contracts of sale, leases, purchase options, Land Disposition Agreement and other similar agreements from a local government, ~~(without regard to the status of the underlying condemnation/acquisition process)~~ or other evidence at DHCD's discretion.

~~3.12.2~~3.11.2 Utility Availability

Evidence that public water, sewer, electric, gas, telephone, internet, and cable services are at project sites or will be available during the construction or rehabilitation period must be provided. Acceptable evidence of utility availability may include a letter from the Development Team's civil engineer, the utility company providing the service, a responsible local official, or, for existing buildings, copies of recent utility bills. ~~Alternately~~Alternatively, the applicant may provide a certification in the form provided in the Application Submission Package.

~~3.12.3~~3.11.3 Zoning

Sites must be properly zoned for their intended use. If a zoning change, variance, or exception is required, sponsors must provide the following information in the application:

- Documentation illustrating the present status of the proposed zoning change~~,~~ and the local planning and zoning process;
- Contact information for a local official familiar with the project and responsible for the approval process; and
- A detailed schedule with projected dates for obtaining the required approvals corresponding to the project schedule in the Application Submission Package.

~~3.12.4~~3.11.4 Environmental Assessments

Each project must comply with applicable requirements of local, ~~state~~ State, and federal environmental laws and regulations. As part of the Application Submission Package, an environmental assessment checklist or environmental report, if available, must be included. Environmental assessments must not be more than one (1) year old as dated from application submission.

~~3.12.5~~3.11.5 Scattered Sites

Except for family housing located in a Community of Opportunity, projects which involve either the rehabilitation of existing scattered site homes or new construction on non-contiguous

vacant infill lots, whether as a stand-alone project or as part of a larger scattered site redevelopment project, must include in the application a current community revitalization plan. The community revitalization plan must be prepared in accord with the requirements of Section 4.2.1 of this Guide.

Field Code Changed

Except for family housing located in a Community of Opportunity, no targeted unit in any scattered site project may be adjacent to a vacant unit that is not part of the project or is not otherwise specifically targeted for redevelopment in a community revitalization plan.

~~3.12.6~~3.11.6 Exceptions

The requirements for site control, availability of utilities, environmental, and zoning compliance, and scattered sites are not applicable to projects that involve the purchase of completed residential units constructed under a density bonus, affordable zone, or other comparable program. Additionally, site control requirements are not applicable for a sponsor of a scattered site family project in a Community of Opportunity. Sponsors of both of these types of projects must provide a detailed proposal for identifying specific sites and indicating how and when they will obtain site control.

~~3.12.7~~3.11.7 New Construction - Priority Funding Areas (Smart Growth)

All projects involving any new construction must be located in a Priority Funding Area (PFA) under Maryland's Smart Green and Growing Initiative. PFAs include:

- All incorporated municipalities including Baltimore City, with some exceptions related to water, sewer and density for areas annexed after January 1, 1997;
- All areas between the Baltimore beltway and the Baltimore City limits and the Washington, DC beltway and the Washington, DC boundary;
- All areas designated as Sustainable Communities, as defined by the Maryland Annotated Code, Housing and Community Development Article, Section 6-201(l) (see Section 4.2.3);
- Federal and State enterprise zones;
- All areas designated by county governments as PFAs, including rural villages designated in county comprehensive plans as of July 1, 1998; and
- Certified heritage areas within locally designated growth areas.

Field Code Changed

All applications for projects involving any new construction must include a letter from the local government that certifies the project is located in a PFA. Information regarding PFAs may also be found at the link below:

http://www.mdp.state.md.us/OurWork/SmartGrowthTrendsAndAnalysis.shtml

Field Code Changed

~~3.13~~3.12 Market Study

Applications must provide a Market Study commissioned by the applicant that must demonstrate the need for affordable rental housing in the local market and must meet the following criteria:

1. The Market Study must be prepared by an independent professional who has experience with affordable multifamily rental housing in Maryland and whose firm appears either on the list of acceptable market analysts maintained by DHCD or on the list of firms who have undergone peer review by the National Council of Housing Market Analysts (NCHMA).. Additional information on recommended practices for market studies and standard terminology as well as the NCHMA-approved list of analysts is available through the NCHMA website. DHCD's list of acceptable market analysts is posted on the DHCD website at:

   http://dhcd.maryland.gov/HousingDevelopment/Documents/rhf/AppraiserList.pdf

   Field Code Changed

~~1.~~2. The Market Study shall be no more than six (6) months old as dated from application submission;

~~2.~~3. The Market Study must provide a concise executive summary of the data, analysis, and conclusions of the report covering the items listed below, with easy references to find the detailed information provided in the summary; and

4. The Market Study must address and satisfy the standards described in this Section 3.12.1. The Market Study must be consistent with the most recent version of the NCHMA Model Content Standards for Rental Housing Market Studies, which is available on the NCHMA website at:

   Field Code Changed

   https://www.housingonline.com/councils/national-council-housing-market_analysts/model-content-standards/

   Field Code Changed

~~3.~~5. The Market Study must provide:

- A detailed project description including the proposed number of units by number of bedrooms, unit size in square feet, utility allowances for tenant-paid utilities, and rents. This project description must match the information provided on the CDA Form 202 submitted with the Application;
- A geographic definition (other than a simple radius) of the primary market area (PMA) and secondary market area (SMA) including maps of the PMA and SMA; and
- A complete and accurate description of the site and the immediate surrounding area, including:

- Information and statistics pertaining to school performance including Maryland School Assessment (MSA) test results compared to the State's average; graduation rates compared to the State's average; and an analysis of how this information might affect the market performance of the project.
- Information about opportunities for recreation, education, convenient access to mass transit or rail systems, and community activities for the building, project site, and nearby surroundings. A chart and map that shows proximity to public services, grocery, medical facilities, and public transportation must be included; and.
- Information and/or statistics on crime in the PMA relative to data for the overall area. Where the data on crime is limited, information for the broader jurisdiction may be provided.

~~3.13.1~~3.12.1 Market Analysis

The Market Study must:

- Provide a summary of market-related strengths and/or weaknesses that may influence the project's marketability, including:
  - Quantifying and discussing market advantage of the subject property and impact on marketability;
  - Projecting and explaining any future changes in the housing stock within the PMA; and
  - Identifying risks (i.e. competitive properties which may come on line at the same time as the subject property, declining population in the PMA), unusual conditions, and mitigating circumstances.
- Provide an opinion of the market analyst of market feasibility including the prospect for long-term performance of the property given housing and demographic trends and economic factors;
- For properties with project-based Section 8 or USDA Rural Housing assistance, provide a marketability opinion in the event the Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) or USDA Rural Housing rental assistance agreement is not renewed or expires;
- Derive a market rent and an achievable rent and then compare them to the proposed rent;
- Evaluate the need for voucher support or HUD contracts;
- Provide an estimate of the number of renter households qualified by income and, if appropriate, age for the targeted program(s) (using the definition of Elderly Household in Section 3.2.2), and persons with disabilities -or special needs set-asides, if any, in the PMA;

Field Code Changed

- Provide rent levels, operating expenses, comparative amenity study, turnover rates, waiting lists, and vacancy rates of comparable projects in the market area with an analysis of the competitive advantages offered by the applicant's proposed project;
- Support the applicant's proposed vacancy rate and the income targeting of the project; and
- Provide a summary of the project's positive and negative attributes and impact on existing projects already in DHCD's portfolio and projects in DHCD's current processing pipeline. To ensure that the Market Study addresses all the relevant properties, the market analyst must use the DHCD website to generate a proximity report identifying properties within up to 5 miles of the project site.

http://dhcd.maryland.gov/Pages/dhcdmapper.aspx~~http://www.dhcd.state.md.us/GIS/multifamily/index.html~~

~~3.13.2~~3.12.2 Capture Rate

- The Market Study must provide a capture rate for the proposed project overall, as well as capture rates for each targeted income band and bedroom count;
- Rent burdens (rent plus utility allowance, if any) may not exceed 30% of gross income except in elderly projects where rent burdens may not exceed 35% of gross income; and
- The overall capture rate for a project must not exceed 10%~~,~~ and the maximum capture rate for individual income bands and bedroom counts must not exceed 20%.

~~3.13.3~~3.12.3 Penetration Rate – ~~—~~New Construction Projects only

- ~~—~~The Market Study must provide the penetration rate for the proposed project overall, as well as for each targeted income band in accordance with NCHMA guidelines; and
-
- The penetration rate for a project must not exceed 100% for the overall project and for each individual income band.

~~3.13.4~~3.12.4 Vacancy Rates

- The Market Study must demonstrate that the overall vacancy rate in the PMA for the type of project proposed (i.e. family/elderly) does not exceed 15% and the vacancy rate among affordable rental properties of the same type in the PMA does not exceed 10%.

~~3.13.5~~3.12.5 Income Levels

- The Market Study must provide a detailed analysis of the income levels of the potential tenants for the proposed units; and
- The Market Study must state and support the minimum household income used for total housing expenses to set the lower limit of the targeted household income range.

~~3.13.6~~3.12.6 Absorption Rate

- The Market Study must provide an absorption rate for the proposed project; and
- The Market Study must define and justify the absorption period and absorption rate for the subject property, which includes documentation and descriptions that show the methodology for calculations in the analysis section and relate the conclusions to the data.

~~3.14~~3.13 Development Quality Thresholds

The following development quality thresholds are minimum mandatory standards and must be provided for a project to pass threshold.

~~3.14.1~~3.13.1 Criteria Applicable to All Projects

1. All projects must demonstrate compliance with all applicable State and local building codes, which will be understood to include the latest version of the ~~energy code~~Building and Energy Code and the accessibility code adopted by the Maryland Codes Administration into the Maryland Building Performance Standards (MBPS)~~1~~.

2. All projects must comply with UFAS and any other applicable laws or requirements, including without limitation Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 ("Section 504"), the regulations implementing Section 504 at 24 CFR Part 8, the Americans with Disabilities Act ("ADA"), and the 2010 ADA Standards (as modified by HUD).

3. Provide a certification that the applicant, if funded, will employ a RESNET Certified HERS rater for new construction projects, or a RESNET or BPI Certified Professional (Multifamily Building Analyst or Envelope Professional) to work with the ~~development~~ Development ~~team~~ Team using accepted practices and levels of professional care to achieve applicant-stated energy goals, ~~–~~DHCD energy requirements, ~~–~~and the State of Maryland adopted energy codes. If the project is funded, the certified RESNET/BPI rater must be engaged to review and verify the design, provide construction quality assurance, and perform necessary in-progress performance testing and evaluation.

4. ~~Integrated Pest Management –~~ The project must implement an integrated pest management program equivalent to the HUD Healthy Homes Initiative.

5. High performance roofing specified for durability for new construction projects and when roofing is replaced for rehabilitation projects. Warranties must equal or exceed twenty (20) years for flat roofs and thirty (30) years for pitched shingled roofs.

6. Heavy (i.e. eighteen (18) to twenty (20) gauge) metal, solid core wood, or top quality foam filled fiberglass entry doors; unit entrance doors with durable frames and hardware for exterior entry; unit entry doors (twenty-two (22) gauge) for interior unit entry doors.

7. Laundry facilities must be adequate for the project and located for safe, convenient access. Minimum of one (1) washer and dryer for every fourteen (14) units in family projects and one (1) washer and dryer for every twenty-five (25) units in elderly projects. A common or shared laundry room must include, at a minimum, a utility sink, folding table, and seating. Additionally the common laundry room should have a means to drain should an overflow occur, dryers vented to the exterior, and meet all ADA requirements.

8. All projects must have the capacity for high-speed Internet in each unit or in a community space. Internet service provided in each unit may be the responsibility of the tenant. If service is to be provided in community spaces, the services provided must include any necessary computer hardware and software, as well as connections, and allow reasonable accommodation during evenings and weekends for tenant work and academic schedules.

~~9.~~ All products and materials must be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions.

~~10.~~9.

~~3.14.2~~3.13.2 Base Level Green Standards for All Projects

1. Demolition Plan – On projects where demolition will occur, submit a demolition plan which includes plans and/or specifications which identify sound practices for managing waste and hazardous materials. Specify methods which are environmentally sensitive and create less pollution. Identify opportunities for recycling.

2. Site work – Employ Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE) ~~1994~~ 2011 Standards for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control during construction. Limit area of disturbance to immediate work area. Site work at building pad, parking areas, and storm water structures must be completed with the approval and direction of the geotechnical engineer. Limit access to the site when vehicles or construction activity environmentally degrade the site.

3. Landscaping ~~-~~– ~~-~~New plantings shall utilize at least 50% native plantings. Select native, highly suitable, drought /disease tolerant plantings suitable for the project soil and microclimate. Where there are healthy large existing trees, make considerations for preserving mature trees in the site plan. Utilize shade, windbreak and screening benefits of plantings in the project design. Protect trees during construction.

4. Construction Waste Recycling/Deconstruction – The project must implement a construction waste recycling plan in which construction waste materials are collected, separated and

recycled instead of being sent to a land fill. The plan shall include a record keeping function that shows the weight, type and disposition of materials processed.

5. Air Quality – The project shall make primary use of all of the following Interior Air Quality criteria: Green Label carpeting and low toxic, low volatile organic compound (VOC) paint, primer, sealers, and adhesives. The Architect must reference a national standard such as Green Seal, South Coast Air Quality Management District, Bay Area Air Quality Management District, or equivalent standard. In addition, unsealed engineered or composite wood products free of added urea formaldehyde must be used. See American National Standards Institute (ANSI) A208. The Architect will verify compliance of green products during the submittal review and construction verification process.

6. Chlorofluorocarbons (CFC) – Where new HVAC equipment is specified, there will be no use of CFC refrigerant. Where CFC refrigerant equipment is being removed, specify standards for capturing and disposal of CFC materials. For retained CFC refrigerant equipment, include a comprehensive inspection, maintenance, and phase out or conversion plan.

7. Moisture and Mildew – Correct all observed areas of mold, mildew, and moisture infiltration within the building. On existing structures, the Building Evaluation Report or environmental report will identify these areas. Plans or specifications must identify remedies and accepted practices for treatment.

8. Radon Gas – For Projects located in EPA Radon Area Zone 1 install a passive radon gas reduction pipe system with vertical venting convertible to mechanical venting unless testing indicates there is no radon gas hazard as determined by EPA standard. This requirement is only for projects where radon gas poses a legitimate hazard.

9. Recycling Plan, ~~post~~ Post ~~completion~~ Completion – Provide space and containers on site for household recycling. Encourage residents to recycle. Address recycling in management plan.

10. Water Conserving ~~features~~ Features – Project water fixtures and faucets are to conserve water. Toilets – 1.6 gallons per flush or less, shower heads – 2.0 Gallons Per Minute (GPM~~).~~), and ~~Bath~~ bath and kitchen faucets – 2.0 GPM or less.

11. Smoking Areas – Designate permitted smoking areas. Locate outside smoking areas at least twenty-five (25) ft. away from entry air intakes and residents' windows. No smoking in building interior common areas.

12. Site Location – New Construction projects are not located in FEMA Flood Zone Areas except zones C or X which are minimal risk areas.

13. Habitat Protection – Where development of the project removes prime habitat for a protected or endangered species, the developer must provide an offsite conservation lease or easement for replacement habitat which is a minimum of three times the area of habitat lost in the development of the project or consistent with State or Federal requirements, whichever is greater. The conservation lease or easement shall be perpetual or a minimum of fifty (50) years.

~~3.14.3~~3.13.3 Additional Criteria Applicable Only to New Construction and Gut Rehabilitation

New construction, gut rehabilitation, and change in use projects do not need to submit an energy audit. Gut Rehabilitation is defined, for energy conservation purposes, as demolishing the building to the building's exterior wall structural framing and removing and replacing the existing MEP systems.

Comment [CW2]: Inserted from an earlier version

1. ~~The project must be certified under the current version of Energy Star New Homes for all new construction less than three (3) stories or Energy Star for Multifamily High Rise Buildings rating system.~~ All new construction projects must be certified under the current version of Energy Star New Homes or Energy Star Multifamily High Rise rating systems.

2. The project must provide resident comfort and ~~convenience~~ efficiency through installation of ~~an~~ Energy Star central or split HVAC systems for community area(s) and units. Proposed equipment of a type or class not currently available as Energy Star-certified shall equal or exceed the efficiency of Energy Star-certified systems. ~~At a minimum packaged~~ Packaged, thru the wall HVAC units, if proposed, must have duct work serving all major rooms and the overall system design must include an ~~providing~~ adequate air return ~~capacity~~path.

3. All appliances must be Energy Star qualified, including vented kitchen and bathroom exhaust fans. Clothes dryers and recirculating kitchen fans are excluded.

4. Install Energy Star qualified windows in accordance with current Energy Star Standards as appropriate to project location, except high rise.

5. Except for gut rehabilitation projects, paving at the dumpster pad, the access drive to the dumpster, and any turns or return path of the garbage truck route must equal local requirements for standard duty residential roadway or provide specifications which indicate a stone base of eight (8) inches or greater with the combination thickness of the asphalt base and top coat being at least five (5) inches.

6. Bi-fold doors will not be used unless space requirements mandate.

~~3.15~~3.14 Additional Criteria Applicable Only to Rehabilitation

1. Total hard construction costs (exclusive of fees or overhead items) of rehabilitation for projects must be at least $15,000 per unit and supported by a building evaluation report performed by an engineer or other qualified professional.

2. The scope of work must include exterior renewal by providing any needed repairs and cleaning of finishes to provide an improved visual impact on the neighborhood.

3. Project designs must include complete replacing or upgrading of aging finishes, fixtures, equipment or systems and site conditions that are nearing the end of their useful life or show signs of excessive wear, deterioration, are in need of repair, are obsolete or inefficient.

4. Newly installed mechanical ventilation must terminate at the exterior of the building, not the attic or other unconditioned or interstitial space. ~~To the extent feasible,~~Best efforts must be made to extend existing mechanical ventilation ~~should be retrofitted~~ to terminate at the exterior of the building.

~~3.15.1~~3.14.1 Base Level Energy Standards for Rehabilitation Only

An energy audit is not required at the time of application for a rehabilitation project. ~~New Construction, Gut rehabilitation and Change in Use projects do not need to submit an energy audit. Gut Rehabilitation is defined, for energy conservation purposes, as demolishing the building to the building's exterior wall structural framing and removing and replacing the existing MEP systems.~~

If a rehabilitation project receives a competitive award of LIHTC and/or RHFP, a comprehensive energy audit must be submitted to DHCD within ninety (90) days of issuance of a Reservation Letter. For non-competitive MBP and RHW/LIHTC projects, the energy audit should be submitted on a schedule set by the underwriter and construction manager.

As determined by the comprehensive energy audit, rehabilitation projects must achieve a minimum of 15% energy savings for the rehabilitated building(s) over the existing building condition~~,~~ or install all energy conservation measures that have a Savings to Investment Ratio (SIR) of 2.0 or greater. The SIR standard may be used if a rehabilitation project previously completed an energy efficiency retrofit and the 15% standard cannot be achieved.

Energy audits and resulting reports must be performed by a DHCD listed Qualified Auditor and be prepared in accordance with DHCD Energy Audit Guidance.

http://dhcd.maryland.gov/HousingDevelopment/Documents/Qualified_Auditor_List.pdf

Field Code Changed

Base level energy standard regulations for rehabilitation-only projects are:

1. Install Energy Star qualified heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) systems and components when HVAC systems and their components are replaced. Replacement HVAC units must be at least 10% greater efficiency than code minimum when Energy Star equipment ~~isn't~~ is not available. The closest efficient system available to 10% must be used if a model meeting the 10% efficiency minimum is not available.
2. Install programmable thermostats where thermostats are installed or replaced. Project specifications must include thermostats to be programmed in accordance with Energy Star thermostat set-back guidance by the installer as part of equipment installation and commissioning.
3. All newly installed appliance must be Energy Star qualified, ~~Install Energy Star qualified appliances when appliances are replaced. (Including~~ including vented kitchen and bathroom exhaust fans.~~,~~ ~~excluding clothes~~Clothes dryers and ~~recirculating kitchen fans~~combination microwave/rangehoods are exempt from this requirement~~)~~.
4. Install Energy Star qualified lighting fixtures or Energy Star label compact fluorescent or LED lamps in conventional fixtures the combination of which make up 70% of the interior lighting when lighting replacement is included in the scope of work.
5. Install Energy Star qualified windows in accordance with current Energy Star Standards as appropriate to project location when windows are replaced~~.~~ (excluding high-rise buildings).
6. A building draft stopping and air sealing scope of work is to be included in the project specifications with minimum verification completed by sampling 10% of the units with a blower door test. Schematic drawings indicating typical air sealing details for the project building type(s) is to be included in the construction section of the Application Submission Package~~Exhibit F.1 Construction Threshold Information: SCHEMATIC DOCUMENTS~~. Air sealing details must include, at a minimum, air sealing for unit compartmentalization as well as air sealing the buildings thermal envelope; including attic and basement/crawl space. Typical details must include sealing inherent design deficiencies specific to the building type(s). Air sealing detail should follow best practices as found in the Building Technologies Program Air Leakage Guide.

Field Code Changed

7. A building duct sealing and insulation scope of work included in the project specifications (for ducts located outside the building envelope with minimum

verification completed by sampling 10% of the units, utilizing a duct blaster or similar diagnostic test). Schematic drawings for typical duct air sealing and insulation details ~~is~~ are to be included in the construction section of the Application Submission Package. It may not be feasible to insulate ducts that are not accessible. ~~Construction Threshold Information: SCHEMATIC DOCUMENTS.~~ See Energy Star or the Department of Energy *Building America Best Practice*, Volume 4.

8. Heating and cooling equipment must be sized in accordance with the Air Conditioning Contractors of America (ACCA) Manuals, Parts J and S, or ASHRAE handbooks for the post-rehabilitation building condition. The smallest available size may be used when the calculated size is smaller than the available equipment. Calculation worksheets must be submitted to DHCD before Viability Commitment if the project is approved for funding.
9. A project specific Operations and Maintenance (O&M) manual shall be created to optimize the energy efficiency of the equipment installed in the project. The O&M manual will include: evaluation criteria, operation parameters, maintenance schedules, checklists for systems and equipment on the project. The building maintenance staff will utilize the O&M manual as an operational standard.
10. The project management staff will provide continuing tenant education and reminders on how to conserve energy. Minimal intervals will be at tenant turnover and heating/cooling changeovers in the spring and fall. Property Management Staff will have written material containing energy saving tips distributed to tenants.

~~3.15.2~~3.14.2 Lead Hazard Elimination

Upon completion of any rehabilitation, all existing buildings must be certified by the Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE) as lead-safe and meet HUD/EPA clearance standards. All abatement and clean-up must be carried out in accordance with MDE requirements (COMAR 26.02.07, Procedures for Abating Lead Containing Substances in Buildings). All abatement contractors or subcontractors must be certified and accredited by MDE.

All projects originally constructed before 1978 must register with MDE's lead poisoning prevention program to obtain certain limited liability from lead-related claims.

Additionally, all contractors and subcontractors engaging in the following activities on projects built before 1978 must be Lead-Safe Certified, as mandated by the ~~Federal Environmental Protection Agency~~EPA Lead-Based Paint Renovation, Repair and Painting (RRP) Rule:

- Remodeling and repair/maintenance;
- Electrical;
- Plumbing;

- Painting;
- Carpentry; and
- Window Replacement.

For more information regarding licensing procedures and guidelines please contact the EPA Lead Safe Hotline, 1-800-424-5323 or refer to:

http://www.epa.gov/getleadsafe.

Field Code Changed

For information on abatement contractors or subcontractors, registration forms, requirements, and fees for the MDE lead poisoning prevention program contact the MDE Lead Hotline, 1-800-776-2706 or refer to:

http://www.mde.state.md.us/programs/Land/LeadPoisoningPrevention/Pages/Programs/LandPrograms/LeadCoordination/index.aspx.

Field Code Changed

4 Competitive Scoring Criteria

Projects that meet all Threshold Criteria will be evaluated against the Competitive Scoring Criteria. The results of this competitive scoring process will determine the award of competitive LIHTC and RHFP within a funding round.

The scoring criteria are designed to ensure that awards are made to project proposals that have strong sponsors, serve critical housing needs for households with very low income and persons with disabilities or special needs, contribute positively to their communities, leverage non-state resources, and achieve balance between costs and development quality, sustainability, and durability.

Multifamily Bond Program and Rental Housing Works Terms and Conditions

Applicants seeking only MBP and RHW financing and associated non-competitive LIHTC must meet all Threshold Criteria in Chapter 3. Such projects are not required to compete with others but will be scored using the Competitive Scoring Criteria and **must achieve a minimum total score of ninety-two (92) points** to be awarded MBP and RHW funds and non-competitive LIHTC. Additionally, projects must achieve **at least thirty (30) points within the Team Experience category** in Section 4.1.1, **at least twelve (12) points within the Developer Financial Capacity category** outlined in Section 4.1.3, and **at least ten (10) points within the Development Quality Standards** in Section 4.6.

Projects seeking FHA Risk Sharing Insurance for MBP financing must meet all Threshold Criteria. Such projects are not required to compete with others but will be scored using the Competitive Scoring Criteria and **must achieve a minimum total score of ninety-two (92) points including at least thirty-two (32) points in the Team Experience category** in Section 4.1.1 **(with no individual team member earning less than three (3) points below the respective maximum score), at least fourteen (14) points within the Developer Financial Capacity category** outlined in Section 4.1.3**, and at least twelve (12) points within the Development Quality Standards in Section 4.6 below.**

See Section 6.2 for additional information on MBP.

Field Code Changed
Field Code Changed
Field Code Changed
Field Code Changed
Field Code Changed
Field Code Changed
Field Code Changed
Field Code Changed

Scoring Summary Table		Maximum Possible Points
4.1 Capacity of Development Team		**74 Total Points**
	4.1.1 Development Team Experience	42 points
	4.1.2 Deductions from Team Experience Score	Negative 10 points
	4.1.3 Developer Financial Capacity	18 points
	4.1.4 Nonprofits (NPs), Public Housing Authorities (PHAs) and Minority/ Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (MBE/DBEs)	14 points
4.2 Community Context		**16 Total Points**
	4.2.1 Community Impact Projects	16 points*
	4.2.2 Communities of Opportunity	16 points*
	4.2.3 Defined Planning Areas	12 points*
4.3 Transit Oriented Development		**8 Total Points**
4.4 Public Purpose		**~~51~~ 48 Total Points**
	4.4.1 Income Targeting	14 points
	4.4.2 Targeted Populations: Non-Elderly PWD or Special Needs	10 points
	4.4.3 Family Housing	8 points
	4.4.4 Tenant Services	8 points
	4.4.5 Mixed Income Housing	4 points
	4.4.6 Preservation of Existing Affordable Housing	4 points
4.5 Leveraging and Cost-Effectiveness		**20 Total Points**
	4.5.1 Direct Leveraging	10 points
	4.5.2 Operating Subsidies	10 points
	4.5.3 Construction or Rehabilitation Cost Incentives	Negative 8 points
4.6 Development Quality		**31 Total Points**
	4.6.1 Green Features	12 points
	4.6.2 Energy & Water Conservation & Sustainability	6 points
	4.6.3 Project Durability and Enhancements	13 points
4.7 State Bonus Points (maximum of10 points)#		**See note**
Total		**~~200~~197**

* Project cannot receive points under Community Impact, Communities of Opportunity, and Defined Planning Area categories.
# State Bonus Points may be awarded outside of the ~~204~~ 197 point scale.

4.1 Capacity of Development Team

To balance the value of experience and the importance of providing opportunities for participation by community based organizations and historically disadvantaged businesses, DHCD considers both the capacity and the composition of the Development Team that will undertake a project.

4.1.1 Development Team Experience (42 maximum points)

DHCD will award up to forty-two (42) points based on an assessment of Development Team capacity as further described below. Capacity will be based on the demonstrated relevant experience and qualifications of the Primary Development Team. DHCD will evaluate the Primary Development Team (see Section 3.1 for Primary Development Team members) based on their record of accomplishment during the past five (5) years with projects that are similar in size, scope, and complexity to the proposed project. Primary Development Team members without appropriate experience should establish partnerships with experienced entities. In the case of a joint venture, points will be awarded based on the capacity and experience of the controlling member of the joint venture.

Field Code Changed

Points will be available as detailed on the following chart:

Development Team Capacity				
Criteria	***Developer***	***General Contractor***	***Architect***	***Property Manager***
The entity has a consistent and successful track record during the past five (5) years with projects that are similar to the proposed project and has shown the ability to remedy problems.	14-18 points	6-9 points	5-6 points	6-9 points
The entity has an overall successful track record during the past five years (5) but may not have sufficient experience, has not always promptly addressed problems, or may not have sufficient experience with similar projects.	9-13 points	3-5 points	3-4 points	3-5 points
The entity has an inconsistent track record during the past five years (5), may not have sufficient experience, has not promptly addressed some problems, or may not have sufficient experience with	4-8 points	1-2 points	1-2 points	1-2 points

similar projects.				
The entity has limited or no experience has a record of problems that were not promptly addressed, or has limited or no experience with similar projects.	0-3 points	0 points	0 points	0 points

4.1.2 Deductions from Team Experience Score (Negative 10 maximum points ~~maximum~~)

Points will be deducted from the Development Team Capacity score for any Developer (up to six (6) points) or property manager (up to four (4) points) with a record of the following within the past five (5) years:

Processing Timeframes:

- For projects currently in DHCD's pipeline, failure to meet DHCD's loan processing schedules, construction progress, or completion timeframes.

Compliance Issues:

Consistent failure to promptly resolve compliance matters as evidenced by outstanding IRS Form 8823 or other compliance enforcement action by DHCD, including, but not limited, to the following:

- Failure to maintain income targeting as required under any MBP, RHFP, RHW, LIHTC, or other DHCD funding agreements;
- Failure to maintain adequate documentation of tenant eligibility or qualified basis;
- Failure to timely recertify tenant incomes or continued occupancy by unqualified households; or
- Failure to promptly resolve compliance matters arising from commitments in prior applications that led to the award of points under a prior QAP, Guide, or funding round, including, but not limited to, failures to:
  - Provide promised tenant services;
  - Maintain promised preferences within the set-aside of units or tenant selection criteria for persons with disabilities or special needs populations;
  - Obtain non-State leveraged funding as committed in a prior application; or
  - Deliver promised development features, amenities, or as-built specifications without prior approval of DHCD.

Asset Management Issues:

- Untimely submission of required DHCD asset management documents (including, but not limited to, annual audits, operating statements, and budgets);
- Properties with annual physical inspection or management performance evaluations with ratings of "Below Average" or "Unsatisfactory";
- Consistent history or pattern of failing REAC scores after the HUD inspection and cure period;
- Failure to maintain a current management agreement on file with DHCD;
- Failure to comply with an approved AFHMP; and
- Late payments of any type including cash flow billings.

Construction Management Issues:

- Failure to pay the general contractor (in accordance with the construction contract) for work-in-place;
- Inability to resolve construction related issues, which result in an unreasonable delay of project completion; and
- Construction cost increases after closing that are not approved by DHCD.

4.1.3 Developer Financial Capacity (18 maximum points)

Up to eighteen (18) points may be awarded based on the financial capacity of the Developer, which, as defined in Section 3.1, includes the project sponsor, guarantor, and general partner/managing member with an ownership interest in the project's ownership entity whether such roles are held by individuals, corporate entities, partnerships, or limited liability companies. Points will be awarded as described below. The required financial statements must include calculations of Total Assets, Total Liabilities, Current Assets, and Current Liabilities., ~~and~~ DHCD will use these figures to assess the Developer's financial capacity, assessing whether the Developer has access to sufficient working capital to carry the project through pre-development and/or unexpected challenges, and net worth (net assets for nonprofit organizations) sufficient to provide applicable guarantees of project completion and operations.

Field Code Changed

Points will be awarded based on the combined net worth (net assets for nonprofit organizations) of the Developer (Total Assets less Total Liabilities), as follows:

- Over 25% of Total Development Cost (TDC)..... eight (8) points
- Less than 25% but at least 10% of TDC ..... four (4) points
- Less than 10% of TDC ..... zero (0) points

Points will be awarded based on the combined net liquid assets of the Developer (Current Assets less Current Liabilities), as follows:

- Over 10% of TDC .....ten (10) points
- Over 4% but less than 10% of TDC .....eight (8) points
- Between 2% and 4% of TDC ..... four (4) points
- Under 2% of TDC ..... zero (0) points

4.1.4 Nonprofits (NPs), Public Housing Authorities (PHAs) and Minority/Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (MBE/DBEs) (14 maximum points)

NPs and PHAs exist for charitable and/or mission-driven public purposes~~,~~ and, by their nature, bring perspectives on and accountability to the residents they serve. DHCD wants to encourage NP and PHA perspectives in the planning, development, management, ownership, and ongoing oversight of affordable housing. DHCD also wants to encourage MBE/DBE participation and perspectives in the planning, development, management, ownership and ongoing oversight of affordable housing. Therefore, DHCD will award points to project proposals with material and meaningful participation by NPs, PHAs, and/or MBE/DBEs. This participation is expected to reflect the actual capabilities of the entity. Further, DHCD is interested in helping to support and sustain the capacity of a range of NPs, PHAs, and MBEs/DBEs by providing opportunities for them to partner with experienced professionals to learn and strengthen their housing development, management, and ownership capabilities.

PHAs perform the unique mission of providing decent, safe rental housing for very low-income families, the elderly, and persons with disabilities. There are over 19,000 public housing units in the ~~state~~ State of Maryland housing over 47,000 people. These units are an important resource for some of the state's most vulnerable populations. DHCD wants to support and encourage the preservation, rehabilitation, and transformation of public housing resources and the coordination with such HUD programs as the Choice Neighborhoods/HOPE VI and Rental Assistance Demonstration.

To qualify for participation as an MBE/DBE, the applicable entity must have been certified as an MBE/DBE by either the Maryland Department of Transportation (MDOT) pursuant to the MBE/DBE programs or by a comparable certification program operated by another Maryland political jurisdiction.

Points may be awarded for the categories described below when the project involves:

- a NP that is tax-exempt under Section 501(c)~~-~~(3) or 501(c)~~-~~(4) of the Internal Revenue Code and independent of any for-profit entity;

- a PHA; or
- A certified MBE/DBE.

The number of points awarded will be determined based on the role of the NP, PHA, or MBE/DBE and its demonstrated capacity to undertake its role in a project of the type and scope proposed.

Projects shall be eligible for a maximum of fourteen (14) points under this section as detailed in the four (4) categories below. The same entity may receive points in multiple categories. For example an MBE/DBE, Community-Based NP (defined below), or PHA could have a 10% developer/owner role in Category 2 and also receive points in Category 4 as a service provider.

Category 1 (maximum of eight points): Eight (8) points will be awarded when the NP, PHA, or MBE/DBE has a controlling ownership interest (51% or greater) in the project and, for the NP entity, is a Qualified Nonprofit within the meaning of Section 42(h)(5)(B) and (C) of the Internal Revenue Code which, among other things, requires that the entity:

1. Materially participate in the development and management of the project throughout the compliance period~~, and~~;
2. As determined by DHCD, is neither controlled by nor affiliated with any for-profit entity~~,~~ ; and
3. Has as one of its exempt purposes the fostering of low-income housing.

Category 2 (maximum of six points): Up to six (6) points will be awarded to a PHA, MBE/DBE, or a Community-Based NP if the entity has less than 50% but more than 10% interest in the general partner or managing member of the project owner

A Community-Based NP means:

- A Community Housing Development Organization (CHDO) certified by DHCD or by a participating jurisdiction; or
- A Community Development Corporation (CDC) or a nonprofit or charity organized under Section 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code, which: (i) has at least a one-year history of serving the local community in which the project is located~~,~~; (ii) has an existing physical location in the local community (or for a project that serves the homeless or veterans within a Community-Based NP's service footprint) other than space that would be provided, if any, in the proposed project~~,~~; and (iii) the project is within its defined service area.

Category 3 (maximum of eight points): Up to four (4) points may be awarded to a project for each NP, PHA, or MBE/DBE that is involved as a member of the Primary Development Team as the general contractor, architect, or property management company.

Category 4 (maximum of eight points): Up to four (4) points may be awarded for the first NP, PHA or MBE/DBE entity, and up to two (2) points for each additional NP, PHA, or MBE/DBE entity that :

1. Is a member of the Secondary Development Team as a civil engineer, attorney, accountant, and/or other specialized professional service provider; or

2. Performs another important role with the goal of building its capacity to develop, manage, construct, design, or own affordable housing in the future. Examples include: (a) providing consulting or tenant services, (b) participating in the project in some other learning role, (c) performing as a joint venture partner with the contractor to perform some defined portion of the contractor role, or (d) entering into a joint venture or subcontracting with the architect to perform some defined portion of the design or supervision work. In the case of contractor or architect joint venture, points for contractor/architect capacity in Section 4.1.1 shall be based solely on the primary contractor/architect and no points shall be deducted in that category based on the lesser experience of the subcontractor/joint venture partner.

   To receive points as a Secondary Development Team member (see Section 3.1), the entity must show sufficient experience to carry out the proposed role. Such experience need not be on previous affordable housing projects.

If an NP, PHA, or a MBE/DBE is a member of the Primary Development Team (see Section 4.1) and receives less than 50% of the points under Section 4.1.1 (Development Team Experience) above, no points for participation will be awarded in this Section 4.1.4. Additionally, if the entity's prior performance results in negative points in Section 4.1.2, the same amount of negative points will be applied to the points awarded in this Section 4.1.4. Points will not be awarded under this Section 4.1.4 if DHCD determines that the role proposed for the entity is not a role that it has the experience or competence to perform.

Field Code Changed

Field Code Changed

Field Code Changed

Field Code Changed

Field Code Changed

Field Code Changed

4.2 Community Context

Consistent with the State's housing priorities and the Internal Revenue Code requirements, DHCD will award points to projects in certain geographic areas. Ideally, housing opportunities for low income households would be reasonably dispersed across the ~~state~~State, allowing

physical mobility based on a household's own needs and preferences and, in so doing, promoting social and economic mobility for those same households. Achieving this end requires that the ~~state~~ State invest in improving neighborhoods that already serve low income ~~tenants~~ residents and providing new housing options in historically less affordable communities that provide residents access to a broad array of jobs, services, and amenities.

Projects may only receive points under one of the following categories: 4.2.1, 4.2.2, or 4.2.3.

4.2.1 Community Impact Projects (16 maximum points)

Some projects not only provide needed affordable housing, but provide synergy, contributing to and expanding upon broader State and local community development investments. DHCD recognizes such projects as outlined below.

Sixteen (16) points will be awarded to any elderly or family project, new construction or rehabilitation, in a Qualified Census Tract (QCT) or Difficult Development Area (DDA) (this does not include any State-designated DDA under the authority granted in §42, more commonly referred to as a "state-designated basis boost") that contributes to a concerted community revitalization plan.

To qualify for points in this category, a concerted community revitalization plan must meet the following requirements:

a) Officially adopted or endorsed by a Local Government or created with Local Government involvement;

b) Consistent with Maryland's Smart Green and Growing Initiatives and PlanMaryland;

c) ~~established~~ Established to increase investment in the community or build from an existing community asset;

d) Developed and approved in accordance with local planning requirements;

e) Includes evidence of community and stakeholder engagement;

~~g~~f) Has a defined geographic boundary, that includes the proposed site or is focused within a single municipality, jurisdiction, or targeted area;

~~h~~g) If there is a housing component in the plan, the plan should include rehabilitation or new construction of rental housing as a goal for the community;

h~~i~~) Includes details of implementation measures along with specific time frames for the achievement of such policies and housing activities; and

~~j~~i) Provides a list of other investment occurring or planned within the immediate area.~~;~~

A community revitalization plan will be considered ineligible if it:

a) Was formulated solely by a ~~development~~ Development ~~team~~ Team member. This requirement shall not exclude a plan which included ~~development~~ Development ~~team~~ Team member(s) as a participant in the planning process;

b) Is a comprehensive plan, consolidated plan, municipal zoning plan or land use plan; unless such plan includes a neighborhood-based or other location specific strategy that articulates where development may occur; or

c) ~~is~~ Is not relevant to current neighborhood conditions.

Documentation must be submitted as part of the Application Submission Package that supports each of the elements above, including:

a) ~~certification~~ Certification form executed by both the applicant and the local government through the local planning department or zoning board that demonstrates that the plan meets the requirements of DHCD;

b) ~~a~~ A copy of the full revitalization plan; and

c) ~~a~~ A map of area targeted by the plan identifying location of project.

4.2.2 Communities of Opportunity (16 maximum points)

~~1.~~ Sixteen (16) points will be awarded to family projects with reasonable access to jobs, quality schools, and other economic and social benefits, as demonstrated by meeting at least one (1) of the following two (2) criteria:

1. Be located in a "Community of Opportunity" as shown on the Maryland QAP Comprehensive Opportunity Maps posted to the DHCD Web site at:

~~1.~~ http://www.dhcd.state.md.us/GIS/multifamily/index.html

Field Code Changed

The Communities of Opportunity designated on the Maryland QAP Comprehensive Opportunity Maps are based on a "Composite Opportunity Index" developed by DHCD. The Composite

Opportunity Index uses publicly-available data and is based on three major factors: community health, economic opportunity, and educational opportunity. To be designated a Community of Opportunity, and mapped as such to the Maryland QAP Comprehensive Opportunity Maps, the community must have a Composite Opportunity Index that it is above the statewide average.

The three major indicators that comprise the Composite Opportunity Index are:

- *Community Health*: The community health indicator represents the wealth and quality of life in a community relative to the State average. The community health indicator has six (6) components, as follows:
  - Median household income obtained from the U.S. Census' American Community Survey (ACS) 2007-2011, five-year estimate. Household income is positively correlated with community health. Higher household incomes support a more diversified economic base and enhance the tax basis and services of its local government.
  - Ratio of owner-occupied to all occupied housing units (a proxy for homeownership rate) obtained from the ACS 2007-2011, five-year estimate. A higher homeownership rate indicates the economic stability of a community, which is positively correlated with community health.
  - Median value of owner-occupied housing units obtained from the ACS 2007-2011, five-year estimate. This statistic indicates the strength of a community's real estate market relative to the average statewide market condition and is highly correlated with community health.
  - Population growth between 2010 and 2012 obtained from the Economic and Social Research Institute (ESRI) 2012 community profile. A component of population growth is the number of people relocating to a community so this measures the quality of life in a community and is positively correlated with community health.
  - Poverty rate, obtained from the ACS 2007-2011, five-year estimate. The poverty rate highlights the detrimental impact of concentrated poverty on quality of life in a community. This variable is inversely correlated with community health.

- Property vacancy rate obtained from the ESRI 2012 community profile. An elevated property vacancy rate negatively impacts community health. Vacant property is often correlated with higher crime and depreciation of property values in a community.

- *Economic Opportunity*: Economic opportunity measures the extent to which a community provides employment opportunity and mobility to its residents. Employment opportunity is measured by the following variables:

- Prevailing unemployment rate obtained from the ACS 2007-2011, five-year estimate. This variable, which measures employment opportunity in a community, is inversely related with economic opportunity.

- Median commute time to work obtained from the ACS 2007-2011, five-year estimate. The commute time measures proximity to regional employment opportunities and is inversely related with economic opportunity.

- *Educational Opportunity*: Educational opportunity measures the outcomes of student performance and educational attainment in the community. This indicator is measured by the following variables:

- Maryland School Assessment (MSA) scores, proficient and advanced, for elementary, middle, and high school students obtained from Maryland Department of Education for the 2011/2012 academic year. These scores play a key role in determining educational advancement as well as opportunities available to students. The MSA scores are positively correlated with educational opportunity.

- Percent of population with a college degree (both undergraduate and graduate degrees) obtained from the ACS 2007-2011, five-year estimate. This variable is positively related to educational opportunity.

- Percent of population with no high school diploma, obtained from the ACS 2007-2011, five-year estimate. This variable is inversely related with educational opportunity.

2. Be located in a geographic area defined by applicable law as a community of opportunity for affordable family housing or identified as such by an order or consent decree entered by a federal or State court of competent jurisdiction or by a settlement agreement to which DHCD or a local government in Maryland is a party. As of the publication of this Guide, DHCD is aware of two -such settlements:

~~1)~~

1) Baltimore City: ~~the~~ The case of *Thompson v. HUD*. The following link provides information on census tracts designated as Communities of Opportunity in the *Thompson* case~~.~~ :

   http://www.brhp.org~~.~~

2) Baltimore County: The Conciliation Agreement among HUD, several complainants, and Baltimore County to designate 116 census tracts in Baltimore County as Communities of Opportunity. These census tracts are outlined in Exhibit F of the Conciliation Agreement found at the following website:

   http://www.baltimorecountymd.gov/Agencies/planning/fairhousing/hudconciliation.html

Field Code Changed

Field Code Changed

As detailed in Section E.3 of the Qualified Allocation Plan, all family projects located in a Community of Opportunity will qualify for the State Basis Boost without prior CDA approval.

4.2.3 Defined Planning Areas (12 maximum points-)

Projects that did not receive points in Sections 4.2.1 or 4.2.2~~,~~ may receive up to a maximum of twelve (12) points in this section as detailed below.

- **Category 1:** Eight (8) points for projects in a ~~Rural~~ rural ~~Area~~area. For purposes of this section, a rural area includes any area eligible under the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Rural Development programs or any area in Allegany, Caroline, Dorchester, Garret, Somerset, Washington, Wicomico, or Worcester Counties that are not otherwise Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) entitlement communities or HOME Participating Jurisdictions.
- **Category 2:** Six (6) points for projects located in any of the following: Certified Heritage Areas within county designated growth areas; Sustainable Communities; Empowerment Zones; Federal or Maryland Enterprise Zones; Main Street/Maple Street Maryland communities; or Rural villages designated in county comprehensive plans as of July 1, 1998 and where there is evidence of other recent public investment in the plan area.

- The Sustainable Communities Program is a place-based designation offering a comprehensive package of resources that support holistic strategies for community development, revitalization, and sustainability. The following link provides a list of approved Sustainable Communities:

  http://dhcd.maryland.gov/Communities/Pages/dn/default.aspx

Field Code Changed

- **Category 3:** Four (4) points for Elderly Housing project in Communities of Opportunity.

4.3 ~~4.3~~ Transit Oriented Development (TOD) (8 maximum points)

Comment [CW3]: In Draft #2 this section contained a few unintended errors. It has been adjusted to reflect the original intent.

DHCD will award up to eight (8) points to TOD projects as follows:

- Eight (8) points to a project that is part of a MDOT-designated TOD. A list of MDOT-designated TODs is available at:

  http://www.mdot.maryland.gov/newMDOT/Planning/TOD/index.html

Field Code Changed

- Eight (8) points to a project that is located within a one-half (1/2) mile radius of a passenger boarding and alighting location of a planned or existing transit rail stop or station;
- Eight (8) points to a project located within one-half (1/2) mile radius of two separate bus lines, where passengers can transfer from one line to another;
- Eight (8) points to a project located in an area defined as rural by DHCD or USDA and located within one (1) mile radius of a passenger boarding and alighting location of a planned or existing bus or transit rail stop or station;
- Eight (8) points to a project that is family housing in a Community of Opportunity and located within one (1) mile radius of a passenger boarding and alighting location of a planned or existing bus or transit rail stop or station~~an existing or planned bus line~~; or
- Four (4) points to a project located in a transit-proximate development that promotes walkability and/or bike-friendly land use with easy access to mass transit and retail store locations with a WALK Score of 50 or greater (www.walkscore.com).
-

4.4 Public Purpose

Regardless of project location, DHCD is particularly concerned about the housing needs of tenants with the lowest incomes and those whose needs are particularly ill served by the marketplace, including both low income families with children and households with disabilities or special needs. Also, the Internal Revenue Code expects ~~States~~ states to provide certain preferences for LIHTC projects meeting these needs.

4.4.1 Income Targeting (14 maximum points)

All LIHTC applicants must commit to rent at least 40% of units to households with incomes at or below 60% of the area median or at least 20% of units to households at or below 50% of area median income. Additionally, any unit financed with RHFP or RHW must be rented to households at or below 60% of area median income. To encourage sponsors to income-restrict additional units and to target units to lower income households, DHCD will award points for income targeting in excess of these minimum requirements.

A project will receive four (4) points if at least 10% of the income restricted units in the project will be income-restricted at 30% of the area median or below for the LIHTC compliance period (including the extended use period). These points are available (1) if the project rent restricts those units at the 30% area median income level for the compliance period or (2) for units supported by the award of a project based housing choice voucher contract (or a DHCD approved equivalent form of project based assistance) with a term of fifteen (15) years or more. DHCD will consider project based housing choice vouchers awarded through a recognized mobility program in awarding points in this section. At this time, DHCD is aware of one (1) such program being operated by the Baltimore Metropolitan Council.

Up to ten (10) points will be awarded to any project, regardless of location, based on the weighted average of area median income targeting by bedroom in a project. For purposes of this calculation, the lowest income level used will be 30% of area median income. SRO or efficiency units will be counted as 0.67 bedrooms, and all weighted averages will be rounded to the nearest full percentage point. To calculate the weighted average, applicants should use the following process.

- Determine the number of income-restricted bedrooms serving each percentage of area median income by multiplying the number of units of a given size by the number of bedrooms per unit.
- Multiply each income-restricted bedroom by the maximum income target and add the sum of those totals together.
- Divide the result by the total number of income restricted bedrooms and round to the nearest full percentage point to determine the weighted average.

DHCD will award points based on the weighted average as follows depending on whether or not the proposed project provides family housing in a Community of Opportunity:

Points	Average Area Median Income – Family projects located in a	Average Area Median Income – All other projects

	Community of Opportunity (ONLY)	
10 points	30-40%	30-32%
9 points	41-45%	33-35%
8 points	45-50%	36-38%
7 points	51-53%	39-41%
6 points	54%	42-44%
5 points	55%	45-47%
4 points	56%	48-50%
3 points	57%	51-52%
2 points	58%	53-54%
1 point	59%	55%
0 points	60%	>55%+

Example

A one hundred (100) unit rental housing project consists of twenty-five (25) one-bedroom units, fifty (50) two-bedroom units and twenty-five (25) three-bedroom units. The one-bedroom units will be rented to families with incomes of no more than 50% AMI. Twenty of the two-bedroom units will be rented to families with incomes of no more than 60% AMI, twenty more will be rented to families with incomes of no more than 40% AMI, and ten (10) will be rented to families with incomes of no more than 30% AMI. Ten (10) of the three-bedroom units will be rented to families with income of no more than 50% AMI, and the remaining fifteen (15) three-bedroom units will be rented to families with incomes of no more than 40% AMI.

Step 1. Find the number of bedrooms serving each income level.

60% AMI – 20 2-bedrooms or 40 bedrooms [20 x 2 = 40]
50% AMI – 25 1-bedrooms and 10 3-bedrooms or 55 bedrooms [(25 x 1) + (10 x 3) = 55]
40% AMI – 20 2-bedrooms and 15 3-bedrooms or 85 bedrooms [(20 x 2) + (15 x 3) = 85]
30% AMI – 10 2-bedrooms or 20 bedrooms [10 x 2 = 20]

Step 2. Multiply the number of bedrooms at each income level by the maximum income level for those bedrooms and add the results.

40 bedrooms x 60% of AMI = 2,400
55 bedrooms x 50% of AMI = 2,750
85 bedrooms x 40% of AMI = 3,400
20 bedrooms x 30% of AMI = 600
Total = 9150

Step 3. Divide the result by the total number of rent restricted bedrooms to get the weighted average AMI per bedroom.

9,150 ÷ 200 = 45.75% of AMI, rounds to 46% of AMI.

Step 4. Use chart above to determine number of points for 46% of AMI.

46% AMI results in eight (8) points if it is a family project in a Community of Opportunity and five (5) points for all other types of projects.

4.4.2 Targeted Populations: PWD or Special Needs (10 maximum points)

DHCD strongly supports the creation of permanent housing opportunities integrated across the State for targeted populations, particularly those with disabilities who rely primarily on Supplemental Security Income (SSI) or Social Security Disability Income (SSDI). DHCD will award points for projects that set aside up to 25% of units in a project for targeted populations. To qualify as a targeted population set-aside unit, the housing unit must be:

- Permanent housing. Transitional housing or other facilities with limits on the term of occupancy do not qualify as permanent housing;
- Income and rent restricted at no more than 50% of the area median income; and
- Set aside for a household that is headed by one of the following (Projects may select only one targeted population):
  - PWDs;
  - Persons with special needs;
  - Homeless;
  - Youth aging out of foster care;
  - Veterans; or

- Persons transitioning from a correctional facility or other State facility or institution.

To receive points in this category, targeted populations in elderly projects must meet DHCD's age-restrictions. The units from the 5% threshold requirement in Section 3.5.2 may be counted toward the total percentage for scoring in this section, if the threshold units are income and rent restricted at or below 50% AMI (the threshold, at a minimum, only requires targeted at or below 60% AMI). Points will be awarded as follows:

Field Code Changed

Points	Set aside for targeted population
6	15% to ≤25%*
5	13% to <15%
4	12% to <13%
3	10% to <12%
2	8% to <10%
1	6% to <8%

*Projects with more than 25% of the units for a targeted population will receive zero points in this category except that projects targeting homeless and projects targeting at risk veterans and their families under the Department of Veterans Affairs Enhanced Use Lease (EUL) Program may exceed the 25% target population limit and still qualify for 6 points.

Applicants seeking points under this section for PWD must agree to provide notice of unit availability to and accept tenant referrals from DHMH and MDOD. Applicants seeking points under this section for a target population other than PWD must specifically market set-aside units to the targeted population(s) as evidenced by a memorandum of understanding or other formal written agreement between the owner, the property manager, and one or more local public or nonprofit service providers that regularly work with the targeted populations being served by the project.

Units that receive points under this category must be reserved exclusively for the target population. If a project is unable to fill a unit with the targeted population after a sixty (60) calendar day referral period, the unit may be leased to another household with income at 50% AMI or below. The next available 50% AMI unit in the Project shall be marketed to the Project's original targeted population until the project is in compliance with percentage for which it received points. The sixty (60) calendar day period at lease-up will be measured from the date upon which the project achieves 80% occupancy and at turnover will be measured from the date upon which the unit is determined ready for occupancy following move-out by the prior tenants and completion of any unit turn cleaning, repairs, or maintenance.

~~4.3.1.1~~4.4.2.1 *Project-based Rental Assistance for Targeted Populations (4 possible points)*

An additional four (4) points shall be awarded to projects with project-based subsidies for **all of** the identified targeted population units so that the units serve extremely low income households (at or below 30% AMI). Documentation must be provided to show that the project-based subsidy will be in place for a minimum of five (5) years. Project-based rental assistance may be provided by (a) a local public housing authority or (b) equity provided by the Developer for a term of fifteen (15) years per ~~-~~Section ~~4.8.8.3~~4.5.2 of this Program Guide. Projects that receive four (4) points in this category may not also receive points under Section 4.4.2.2~~.~~.

~~4.3.1.2~~4.4.2.2 *Section 811 Project Rental Assistance (4 possible points)*

In 2013 and 2015, DHCD was awarded approximately $20 million in grant funds from HUD under the Section 811 Project Rental Assistance Program (PRA). These HUD funds enable DHCD to provide project-based Section 811 rental assistance for approximately 300 units that will be occupied by extremely low income non-elderly PWD referred by DHMH and MDOD.

To support implementation of the PRA Program projects with non-elderly PWD units that meet the Section 811 requirements (as explained below) will receive four (4) points if they agree to accept, if offered by DHCD, Section 811 project-based subsidies on their non-elderly PWDs units and to comply with the requirements of the PRA Program. The PRA Program represents a federal funding stream and may trigger various federal regulations, including, but not limited to, Davis-Bacon. Section 811 PRA ~~MAY NOT~~may not be used in any project that has more than 25% of its targeted units set aside for PWD. Information on Maryland's PRA Program is posted to DHCD's website at:

http://dhcd.maryland.gov/HousingDevelopment/Pages/section811/Section811.aspx

Additional information about the Section 811 program can be found at:

~~-~~http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD?src=/program_offices/housing/mfh/grants/section811ptl~~.~~

Field Code Changed

To receive these points, a project must be eligible to receive Section 811 funding and must not already have project-based rental assistance in place for the targeted units. Only family projects with one or two bedroom units for the targeted population are eligible to receive points under this section. As of March 2015, PRA Program units are available statewide.

4.4.3 Family Housing (8 maximum points)

DHCD encourages the development of housing appropriate to the needs of families with children. To qualify for additional points, a project cannot age-restrict its units and will receive points based on the provision of units suitable to larger households.

- Three (3) points will be awarded to projects where at least 60% of the units are 2-bedrooms or larger; and
- Five (5) additional points will be awarded to projects where at least 15% of the units are 3-bedrooms or larger.

Alternatively, for projects targeted 100% for veterans or homeless, four (4) points will be awarded if at least 20% of the units are 2-bedrooms or larger.

~~4.3.3~~4.4.4 Tenant Services (8 maximum points)

While all projects ~~seeking LIHTC and RHFP awards~~ must, at a minimum, provide tenants with passive links to community services as outlined in the Threshold Criteria, DHCD recognizes the value that more direct service provisions bring~~s~~ to tenants' lives and will award additional points as follows.

Up to eight (8) points will be awarded to projects that augment the minimum Threshold Criteria by identifying one or more tenant service providers for services on-site or in the community. The provision of such services must be evidenced by a certification from the applicant detailing the services to be provided. A contract, memorandum of understanding, or other formal written agreement between the Developer, the property management company, and the service provider(s) may also be provided to evidence the tenant services. Failure to provide the tenant services as described in the certification will result in negative points on future applications as described in Section 4.1.2. Points will be awarded based on the described services, the applicability of the services to the tenant population, and the existence of a specific mechanism for resident feedback about tenant services at the project.

Field Code Changed

~~4.3.4~~4.4.5 Mixed Income Housing (4 maximum points)

DHCD supports the development of mixed income housing for families, the elderly, and persons with disabilities. DHCD will award four (4) points to projects that include both affordable and Market Rate Units where the Market Rate Units represent at least 10% of the overall project units. The term Market Rate Unit refers to units without income or rent restrictions. To receive ~~the~~ points under this section, the application must demonstrate that the owner and property manager have experience owning and managing mixed income communities. The lender and tax credit letters of intent included with the application must reference the mixed income nature of the project as described in the Market Study.

~~4.3.5~~4.4.6 Preservation of Existing Affordable Housing (4 maximum points)

Up to four (4) points will be awarded to a project that involves the acquisition and rehabilitation of an existing multifamily rental housing development, whether or not it has existing rent or income restrictions, provided the project agrees to affordability restrictions for at least forty (40) years as follows:

- Family preservation projects located in a Community of Opportunity – 4 points
- All other preservation projects- 3 points

For purposes of receiving these points, rehabilitation means repair of or alterations to an existing building, or buildings, where a majority of the structural elements of the original building or buildings, at a minimum, ~~is~~ are incorporated into the finished project. In its discretion, DHCD may permit a project to receive these points if the project involves the demolition and replacement of an existing occupied housing project if rehabilitation of the existing building or buildings is infeasible or impractical. The replacement project must comply with DHCD's policies concerning displacement and relocation of existing tenants.

~~4.4~~4.5 Leverage and Cost Effectiveness ~~(20 maximum points)~~

LIHTC and DHCD's programs are not adequate to address all of Maryland's rental housing needs. Projects that maximize support from other non-state resources, including local contributions, will receive additional consideration. Additionally, increasing development costs limit the number of projects and units produced, resulting in fewer Maryland residents who can be served by this important resource. To encourage development that balances meeting pressing housing needs, ensuring high quality construction that is attractive, efficient, and sustainable, and investing resources in responsible manner, DHCD will adjust scoring to favor cost effective transactions.

~~4.4.1~~4.5.1 Direct Leveraging (10 maximum points)

DHCD will award points based on the percentage of total development costs funded by non-state resources in accordance with the chart below. For purposes of this section, State resources include:

- ~~all~~ All equity generated from competitive LIHTC awards from the State's LIHTC ceiling except any LIHTC awarded as the result of a federally or state designated basis boost;
- HOME funds, DHCD-administered rental housing resources, including, but not limited to, RHFP, RHW, the Community Legacy Program, Demolition Funds, and the Partnership Rental Housing Program.

Leveraged funding may include:

- Equity from a federal or state basis boost;
- ~~equity~~ Equity from non-competitive 4% LIHTC awards;
- ~~the~~ The proceeds of MBP financing;
- ~~local~~ Local contributions (as described below);
- ~~locally~~Locally-controlled federal resources such as HOME, CDBG, or State Small Cities
  CDBG;
- ~~other~~ Other non-DHCD State funding;
- ~~private~~ Private financing; and
- ~~Private~~ Private or philanthropic funding.

Projected equity from federal Historic Tax Credits (HTC) is also considered leveraged funding. To qualify the applicant must provide evidence that the Part 1-Historic Preservation Certification Application has been submitted to the Maryland Historical Trust (MHT); documents that MHT has recommended approval of the Part 1 Application or documents that the project building(s) is already listed in the National Register; and certifies that the applicant will complete the HTC application process and diligently pursue HTC equity investment.

Local Contributions

A. To receive points under this section for a local contribution, the following conditions must be met:

(1) Evidence of an anticipated political subdivision contribution shall be in the form of a letter from an authorized political subdivision official and shall indicate the type and amount of the contribution that the political subdivision anticipates making.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.25", Hanging: 0.25", Don't add space between paragraphs of the same style, Tab stops: 0.5", Left

(2) A local contribution shall be a contribution which is not contingent upon completion of tasks or improvements that are not related to the project and which:

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.25", Hanging: 0.25"

(a) ~~(a)~~ Reduces development costs, such as:

i. The donation or long-term leasing of land or improvements;
ii. Capital funds for acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, or development costs;
~~iii.~~ Locally installed infrastructure or site improvements which reduce off-site costs attributable to the project; or
iii.

~~iv.~~ Waiver of local fees for permits, tap fees, impact fees, and other fees and charges;

~~v.~~iv.

(b) ~~(b)~~ Reduces operating expenses, such as:

i. Real estate tax abatement or a payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT);
ii. Operating or rent subsidies for the project; or
~~iii.~~ Long-term agreements for a political subdivision to provide services at no cost to a project such as trash collection, road or grounds maintenance, or grounds care; or

~~iv.~~iii.

(c) ~~(c)~~ Otherwise supports a project such as:

i. Allocation of rent subsidies;
ii. Guarantees of deficits or completion of construction; or
~~iii.~~ Long-term provision of needed social services for special use projects.
iii.

~~2.~~ (3)

Local contributions may:

(a) include terms which require repayment of the contribution if the project is sold or no longer provides low income housing; and

(b) be in the form of loans with interest rates acceptable to DHCD.

All calculations for this section will be based on DHCD underwriting of a project which may include adjustments to LIHTC equity based on DHCD assumptions about credit pricing as announced prior to a round. Additionally, for projects with market rate (i.e. non-income restricted) units and mixed-use projects, DHCD will consider only leveraged funds applicable to the affordable units by prorating both sources and uses to remove non-residential and market rate components of the project. Residential costs will be prorated based on the project's Applicable Fraction (as defined in the Internal Revenue Code) unless DHCD determines that market rate and affordable units are not comparable in which case DHCD, in its sole discretion, may require greater itemization of costs to allocate sources and uses to the affordable portion of the project.

Finally, because projects in rural areas have higher fixed transaction costs due to their relatively smaller size and have less access to locally controlled sources of leverage, DHCD will award leveraging points to rural transactions as defined in Section 4.2.3 on a higher scale than for non-rural transactions. Additionally, because family projects located in Communities of Opportunity are an important priority of DHCD, leveraging points will be awarded on a higher scale as well.

Field Code Changed

For purposes of this section, a rural area includes any area eligible under the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Rural Development programs or any area in Allegany, Caroline, Dorchester, Garrett, Kent, Somerset, Washington, Wicomico, or Worcester Counties that are not otherwise CDBG entitlement communities or HOME Participating Jurisdictions.

Points will be awarded as follows:

Points	Leveraged Funding: Family Projects Located in a Community of Opportunity	Leveraged Funding: Rural	Leveraged Funding: All Other Projects
10	40%+	45%+	50%+
9	35% to <40%	40% to <45%	45% to < 50%
8	30% to <35%	35% to <40%	40% to <45%
7	25% to <30%	30% to <35%	36% to <40%
6	20% to <25%	25% to <30%	33% to < 36%
5	15% to <20%	20% to <25%	30% to <33%
4	10% to <15%	15% to <20%	27% to <30%
3	5% to <10%	10% to <15%	24% to <27%
2	3% to <5%	5% to <10%	22% to <24%
1	2% to <3%	3% to <5%	20% to <22%
0	<2%	<3%	< 20%

~~1.1.1~~4.5.2 Operating Subsidies (10 maximum points)

DHCD recognizes that projects may include other local investments not directly included in a project's sources and uses statement but which, nonetheless, represent significant reductions in the State resources needed to achieve feasibility. In particular, locally controlled project-based rental subsidies allow projects to serve lower income households and protect tenants against being rent burdened while sustaining a project's rental revenues. Additionally, local

PILOT arrangements that reduce operating costs and other forms of operating assistance may be available.

To receive points for project-based rental assistance, the assistance must be structured to ensure that tenants in project-based units pay no more than 30% of their income towards rent and utilities. The value of project-based assistance will be calculated per the application based on estimates of the typical monthly tenant subsidy and the duration of the contract.

PILOTs and other local operating subsidies will be evaluated on the basis of the per unit impact of the subsidy and awarded points based on the table below. To receive points for a PILOT, the local taxing jurisdiction must provide a letter outlining the first year savings the PILOT represents compared to the projected standard tax assessment and stating the duration of the PILOT. DHCD will multiply that figure by the number of years the PILOT will remain in effect (PILOTs with a term in excess of fifteen (15) years will only be counted for the fifteen (15) year LIHTC compliance period) and divide by the number of affordable units in the project.

To receive points for other operating subsidies, the subsidy must directly fund project operations or be specifically designated to fund services for tenants of the project and have a term of no less than ten (10) years. The application must include documentation of the subsidy, including a written commitment and evidence satisfactory to DHCD that the source of funding is secure. This could include endowments or reserves capitalized from non-project sources, federal obligations subject to appropriations, contracts, or documented awards from other financially secure entities (e.g. a long term commitment from a foundation). Finally, the subsidy cannot be accompanied by repayment terms that diminish its value to the project or result in an effective loan. Agreements with recapture or repayment requirements resulting from noncompliance or nonperformance are acceptable. The provider of the operating subsidy must provide a letter or other documentation outlining its duration and its value to the project on an annual basis from year-one of operations. DHCD will multiply that figure by the duration of the subsidy (not to exceed fifteen (15) years) and divide by the number of affordable units in the project.

The total value, calculated as described herein, of project- based rental assistance, PILOTS or similar tax abatements, and operating subsidies will be totaled by DHCD and divided by ten (10) to determine the average subsidy per affordable unit per year over a ten (10) year period. Points will be awarded points based on the value per affordable unit per year of the subsidy as follows:

LONG-TERM (10 YEAR) ANNUAL OPERATING SUBSIDIES PER UNIT		
Points	**Entitlement Jurisdiction**	**Non-Entitlement**

		Jurisdiction
10	Subsidy ≥ $400	Subsidy ≥ $200
9	= $350 to $399	= $175 to $199
8	= $300 to $349	= $150 to $174
7	= $250 to $299	= $125 to $149
5	= $200 to $249	= $100 to $124
3	= $150 to $199	= $75 to $99
1	= $100 to $149	= $50 to $74
0	< $100	< $50

~~1.1.2~~4.5.3 Construction or Rehabilitation Cost Incentives (Negative 8 points maximum)

To encourage cost effective construction, DHCD has established limits on the dollar amount of construction costs per square foot. While some unique aspects of a given project may reasonably require greater investment (e.g. redevelopment of an historic building on a brownfield site), DHCD also wants to encourage selection of projects that achieve various public goals—including taking on challenging sites, building high quality projects, and serving populations with unique needs—while still doing so for competitive costs. To this end, DHCD will deduct points for projects that exceed the cost limits further described below.

Comment [CW4]: Based on comments, reverting back to language in previous Guide (2013). Numbers in the table are updated from the 2015 Competitive Round.

DHCD will consider requests from sponsors of projects involving adaptive re-use of previously nonresidential buildings; substantial historic rehabilitation; or redevelopment/reconstruction of housing determined to be beyond repair to be evaluated against new construction cost limits rather than the rehabilitation limits below.

For the purposes of determining the per square foot cost, DHCD includes all on-site and off-site development and the total construction contract less any construction contingencies. This total is then divided by the gross square footage of all buildings being built or renovated. Buildings with parking structures or internal parking will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis. Applications should include area and square foot cost for parking related construction separate from occupiable building on DHCD Form 212.

DHCD will review the cost limits before each competitive round and revise them as appropriate based on market conditions and information provided by published cost indices, such as McGraw Hill's Engineering News Record. Changes will be announced at the pre-round information session and posted to DHCD's website at least thirty (30) calendar days before the application deadline.

Unless a waiver has been requested and granted in accordance with Chapter 5 of this Guide, up to eight (8) points will be deducted from any large project, and up to six (6) points deducted from small projects, with construction costs per square foot in excess of the following limits:

Type of Building	New Construction	Rehabilitation
Cottage, Single Family, Semi-detached Dwellings, and Townhomes	$ 153	$ 158
Garden Apartments	$ 129	$ 98
Non-elevator Stacked Units and Elevator Buildings with 4 stories or less	$ 139	$ 114
Elevator Buildings of 5 or more stories	$ 153	$ 119

~~To encourage cost-effective construction, DHCD will deduct up to a total of eight (8) points per project based on the extent to which the project's adjusted per square foot and per bedroom construction costs exceed the median construction costs of all projects submitted in a specific competitive funding round. Projects which request non-competitive funding, will not be subject to any point deduction in this section.~~

~~Points will only be deducted if a project's per square foot and/or per bedroom construction costs are above the safe harbor limits established by DHCD in advance of the competitive funding round. The safe harbor limits will be based on the median costs of all projects submitted in the prior competitive funding round, and will be published by DHCD at least ninety (90) days prior to the deadline for application for the competitive funding round.~~

~~Construction costs include all on-site and off-site development and the total construction contract less all site work costs (i.e. any costs included in Section 2 of CDA Form 212) and any construction contingencies. In recognition of the different types of construction and project types, the following adjustments will be made to a project's construction costs to arrive at the Adjusted Construction Cost used for scoring in this category:~~

~~Project Type~~	~~To Calculate Adjusted Construction Costs:~~
~~Small Projects (40 units or less)~~	~~Reduce construction costs by 5%~~
~~Cottage, Single Family, Semi-detached Dwellings, and Townhomes~~	~~Reduce construction costs by 10%~~
~~Non-elevator Stacked Units and Elevator Buildings with 4 stories or less~~	~~Reduce construction costs by 5%~~
~~Elevator Buildings of 5 or more stories~~	~~Reduce construction costs by 10%~~

~~To calculate the per bedroom cost, the construction cost is divided by the total number of bedrooms being built or renovated. To calculate the per square foot cost, the construction cost is divided by the gross square footage of all buildings being built or renovated. Buildings with parking structures or internal parking will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis. Requests for review and comment should be submitted 45 days before the Round. DHCD will respond within 15 days. Requests for review and applications should include area and square foot cost for parking related construction separate from occupiable building(s) on DHCD Form 212.~~

~~If a project exceeds the safe harbor limit on either a per square foot or per bedroom basis, points will be deducted based on a project's Adjusted Construction Costs (as defined below) and as outlined in the following table:~~

~~**% Above Median of Project's Adjusted Construction Costs on a Per Square Foot Basis**~~	~~**Point Deduction**~~		~~**% Above Median of Project's Adjusted Construction Costs on a Per Bedroom Basis**~~	~~**Point Deduction**~~
~~1% to 10%~~	~~Minus 1~~		~~1% to 10%~~	~~Minus 1~~
~~11% to 15%~~	~~Minus 2~~		~~11% to 15%~~	~~Minus 2~~
~~16% to 20%~~	~~Minus 3~~		~~16% to 20%~~	~~Minus 3~~
~~21% or greater~~	~~Minus 4~~		~~21% or greater~~	~~Minus 4~~

~~If a project includes multiple building types, the Adjusted Construction Cost will be weighted in accordance with the respective square footage of each building.~~

~~**Example**~~

~~A one hundred (100) unit rental housing project consists of twenty five (25) one bedroom units, fifty (50) two-bedroom units and twenty-five (25) three-bedroom units, for a total of 200 bedrooms. The project includes a total of 100,000 square feet of space. The project is a 5-story elevator building. The project's construction cost is $10,000,000. The median construction costs for all applications submitted in the current competitive funding round is $40,000 per bedroom, and $100 per square foot.~~

~~Step 1. Calculate the Project's Adjusted Construction Costs~~
~~$10,000,000 reduced by 10% = $9,000,000~~

~~Step 2. Calculate the Project's Adjusted Construction Costs per Bedroom~~
~~$9,000,000 divided by 200 bedrooms = $45,000 per Bedroom~~

~~Step 3. Calculate the Project's Adjusted Construction Costs per Square Foot~~
~~$9,000,000 divided by 100,000 square feet = $90 per Square Foot~~

~~Step 4. Use chart above to determine point deduction (if any)~~
~~Project's Adjusted Construction Costs per Bedroom ($45,000 per BR) is 12.5% above the $40,000 per BR median, resulting in a deduction of 2 points~~
~~Project's Adjusted Construction Costs per Square Foot ($90 psf) is below the $100 psf median, resulting in no point deduction.~~
~~Total Point Deduction – minus 2 points.~~

~~1.2~~4.6 Development Quality Standards ~~(31 maximum points)~~

Up to thirty-one (31) points may be awarded based on features related to a project's physical quality and its impact on the environment, including the surrounding neighborhood and the residents. These points are further broken down as follows:

~~1.2.1~~4.6.1 Green Features (12 maximum points)

DHCD will award points based on the inclusion of various "green" features of a project with more points available to projects participating in recognized certification programs. A project can only receive points under one of the following criteria:

- Twelve (12) points will be awarded to projects that intend to complete and receive certification using green building criteria from one of the organizations in the table below. The certifying entity's published scoring checklist or scorecard must be submitted and ~~be~~ completed by the project architect or a qualified third party demonstrating a sufficient level of scoring to achieve green certification as defined within the guidelines at the time of application. The certificate must be provided at the completion of the project.

Rating Entity	***Rating System***	***Website***
Enterprise Green Communities	2015 Enterprise Green Communities Criteria, as updated	www.enterprisecommunity.org/green
U.S. Green Building Council (USGBC	LEED V4 (Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design) for building type, as updated	www.usgbc.org
National Association of Home Builders (NAHB)	ICC-700 National Green Building Standard	www.nahb.org
Southface	Earthcraft Multifamily V5, as updated	www.southface.org

Field Code Changed

Field Code Changed

International Living Future Institute	Net Zero	www.living-future/netzero
Green Building Initiative (GBI)	Green Globes	www.greenglobes.com
Passive House Institute US	PHUIS+ US	www.phius.org

Field Code Changed

Field Code Changed

- Ten (10) points will be awarded to projects that do not complete the actual certification process as noted above but instead continue to meet the minimum score as indicated in the application for the certification. The program's published scoring checklist or scorecard must be submitted and ~~be completed~~ signed by the project architect or a qualified third party and they must provide a statement ~~that the checklist will be supported through the process~~explaining how the items listed on the checklist will be verified during construction; alternatively

One (1) point will be awarded, up to a maximum of eight (8) points, for each bulleted feature below that contributes to a sustainable healthy environment over the extended period of the project life:

- On new construction, through the use of innovative planning, a detailed written statement from a civil engineer shows a 20% or greater reduction in impervious surface area over conventional design through the use of permeable paving, efficient narrower compact road design, reduction in local parking requirements to a level where the project needs will still be met, permeable spill over parking areas, angled parking, shared parking and driveways, narrower sidewalks, and greater permeable open space adjacent to impervious cover. Note that implementation of certain listed examples may face local jurisdiction obstacles and must be compliant with accessibility codes and standards. While MDE supports progressive designs which are highly suitable for specific projects, approval from local jurisdictions may require waivers or special processes.
- Site Work Management – Utilize the 2007 or current version of the Maryland Stormwater Design Manuals to select Best Management Practices (BMP) for collection and treatment of stormwater captured on site through maximizing permeable surfaces. Identify and utilize low impact treatment methods such as open channel design in conjunction with open section paving, rain gardens (bio-retention devices), urban BMP devices, disconnection of roof or non-roof runoff, or collection and reuse of water for irrigation or other approved domestic use. Criteria points awarded for projects utilizing methods identified or recognized by the

Maryland Water Management Administration as Stormwater Credits for Innovative Planning:

- Natural area conservation
- Disconnection of rooftop runoff
- Disconnection of non-rooftop runoff
- Sheet flow to buffers
- Open channel use
- Environmentally Sensitive Development

- Recycled Materials – The project uses at least two (2) of the following: recycled paving products, recycled concrete aggregate or binders; recycled framing lumber, trim or deck materials with recycled content; mulch obtained from chipping of trees removed during on site clearing operations; donations of material from demolition such as kitchen cabinets or appliances to nonprofit organizations or other significant use of recycled materials.
- Renewable and Biodegradable Materials – The project makes significant use of renewable and biodegradable materials such as lumber, plywood flooring/walls and coatings, derived from sustainable forestry and agricultural methods.
- Local Material Procurement – The project makes use of locally available construction materials thereby reducing associated transportation costs. Submit a plan consistent with the local construction material procurement sections of any of the recognized sustainable development programs described in the Green Certification category above.
- Reflective Roofing – Install light colored/high albedo roofing Energy Star rated. On flat roof surfaces application to be at least 75% reflective roofing. On pitched roofs, reflective shingle roofing will be considered if a suitable product showing dirt and stain resistance is selected.
- Reflective Paving – Install light colored/high albedo materials with a minimum solar reflective index of 0.6 (60%) or open grid paving on at least 75% of site paved areas.
- Healthy Flooring – Install non-vinyl, non-carpet hard surface floor coverings in all rooms. Architect to review the need for adding sound attenuation elements where hard surface flooring is selected.
- Innovative Lumber Conserving Practices – Use engineered lumber or manufactured framing methods that conserve materials and do not rely on the use of full dimensional lumber and also reduce site originated waste. Identify systems to be used. Provide documentation that at least 25% (by cost) of the project wood products and materials are certified in accordance with the Forest Stewardship Council (FSC), American Tree Farm System (ATFS), Canadian Standards Association

(CSA) and Sustainable Forestry Initiative (SFI). Innovative practices such as Optimal Value Engineering (OVE), ~~or~~ other system conserving materials, or increasing energy performance over conventional framing practices also qualifies for receiving points.

- Recycled Water - The project utilizes site run-off water, roof run-off, or recycled gray water for irrigation or other code permissible uses. Water is effectively and practically stored and distributed to reduce the need for treated domestic water. This should represent at a minimum of 20% collection of roof area.
- Solar Energy - The project will utilize solar energy for any of the following: water heating; heat and cooling systems; lighting; or electric generation.
- Geothermal Heat Pumps - The project will utilize geothermal heat pumps for common area or apartment HVAC.
- Provide exterior lighting that meets the International Dark-Sky Association (IDA) guidelines for lighting. Provide lighting that discourages light pollution or lighting that is excessive or inappropriate for outdoor lighting. Provide lighting that is directed toward the ground, is fully shielded and incorporates energy saving features such as timers, dimmers, and motion sensors in all outdoor lighting.

~~1.2.2~~4.6.2 Energy and Water Conservation and Sustainability (6 ~~possible~~ maximum points)

DHCD will award additional points to projects to encourage design features that provide comfort and energy efficiency over the extended period of the project life and that assist DHCD in measuring energy conservation and sustainability outcomes**.**

- Four (~~f~~4) points will be awarded to rehabilitation projects if the project sponsor commits to incorporate into the scope of work all energy conservation measures (ECM) that result in an overall energy savings of 30% or greater over pre-retrofit levels as verified by a RESNET/BPI rater, or all of the ECMs having an SIR greater than 1.0 as determined by a comprehensive energy audit.
- Two (2) points will be awarded to a rehabilitation project that does not receive the four (4) points above if the project sponsor commits to incorporate into the scope of work all ECMs that result in an overall energy savings of 20% or greater over pre-retrofit levels, or~~,~~ all of the ECMs having an SIR greater than 1.5 as determined by a comprehensive energy audit
- Two (2) points will be awarded for any project utilizing alternative energy (solar, geothermal, etc.) for any of the following: water heating; heat and cooling; lighting; or electric generation for common areas or tenant units.
- Two (2) points will be awarded for any project if "Water Sense" labeled products are installed or retrofitted in all units and common facilities.

~~1.2.3~~4.6.3 Project Durability and Enhancements (13 ~~possible~~ maximum points)

DHCD will award points for features that add to the long-term durability and enhancement of the project for both its residents and the surrounding community. One (1) point will be awarded, up to a maximum of thirteen (13) points, for each of the following:

- The building, parking areas, and other improvements are laid out for convenient access by the residents, including those with disabilities, to site and community amenities, including public transportation.
- Building entrances are designed and located to provide security and weather protection for the targeted resident group and the project includes green space areas, play areas, courtyards, or exterior seating areas that provide recreational and social opportunities for the targeted resident community.
- The building architecture, structure, and mass complement the existing neighborhood and the project includes exterior architectural features and design elements that add interest and/or functionality, create unity with nearby architectural style, and generally improve the appearance of the building(s).
- Architectural accessories such as decorative door surrounds, larger window trim, corner eave, cornice and column details, or other special features are provided and are of composite or other durable materials.
- Paving is provided throughout the project site (parking areas and drive aisles) that equals local requirements for standard duty residential roadway or provide specifications which indicate a stone base of eight (8) inches or greater with the combination thickness of the asphalt base and top coat being at least five (5) inches and concrete paving at handicapped parking spaces, dumpster pad with apron, and for entire accessible route.
- Individual units, common areas, and community spaces are well designed for comfortable living and tenant activities. The layouts are efficient, with practical traffic flow, and provide adequate space for furniture placement. (550 - 600 net sf. area for predominantly one (1)-bedroom units and 20% more area for each additional bedroom unit, preferably with the primary bedroom not less than 10'x11' in clear size, and in multiple bedroom units the smallest bedroom shall be not less than 9'-0" in one direction with a minimum of ninety (90) net square feet in area~~)~~. Note the dimensions are for clear area and do not include the closet space).
- Building exterior is at least 75% masonry or other highly durable materials such as cement fiber siding, stucco, stone, etc..
- Storage space is reasonable with a minimum of a four (4) foot clothes closet per person in each bedroom, and at least three (3) of the following: an entry coat closet, linen

closet, utility closet, or additional storage for storing seasonal or bulky items. Closets intended for appliances (i.e. washer/dryer, HVAC) cannot be included as storage space.

- A half bath is provided on the living/dining/kitchen level in layouts with more than one (1) story and the bath is visitable. For single-story units, at least one (1) bath is visitable.
- The interior doors are panel and hardware is of grade two (2) or better quality hardware~~,~~ with lever handles.
- Ceiling fans are provided in all bedrooms and at least one (1) living area.
- Project has a non-smoking policy applicable to all interior space, including units and common areas.
- The project meets visitability standards for at least 25% of its units and incorporates universal design features in its units and common areas.
- The project is not located in an area with nearby non-residential activities.
- Floor coverings are quality long lasting products. Any carpet products must meet the Carpet and Rug Institute's Green Label or Green Label Plus certification for carpet, pad, and carpet adhesives. Hard finish flooring must be products with a verifiable ten (10) year or longer warranty
- For family projects, the cabinetry is plywood box construction, plywood or solid wood doors, and durable finishes and hardware.
- Bathroom floors are sheet goods with a ten (10) year minimum warranty or ceramic tile with sealed grout.
- Tub/shower surrounds are ceramic tile with cementitious backer board or backer board supported by the Tile Council of North America (TCNA) installation or is better than builder grade quality fiberglass surrounds.

~~1.3~~4.7 State Bonus Points

The QAP and Guide outline and implement important State priorities, making difficult choices about how to deploy affordable housing resources and seeking to achieve a reasonable balance among disparate opportunities to serve the housing needs of Maryland's residents. DHCD both recognizes and anticipates that facts on the ground, however, can change more quickly than DHCD can respond through revisions to this QAP and Guide and there can be unintended consequences of any scoring system that could lead to undesirable outcomes. To provide dexterity and an opportunity to course-correct based on changes in the State's needs, DHCD may award State Bonus Points to ensure that the award of competitive resources is balanced and in the State's best interest. Bonus points may be awarded to projects to ensure that the overall award of competitive LIHTC and RHFP:

- Represents a balance between the priorities outlined in this Guide, ensuring that unanticipated aspects of scoring do not systemically and practically prevent a given project type from receiving appropriate LIHTC and RHFP resources;
- Represents an equitable regional or geographic distribution of resources, ensuring that unintended consequences of scoring do not systemically and practically prevent a given region from receiving appropriate LIHTC and RHFP resources;
- Takes advantage of time sensitive opportunities to leverage substantial resources from the federal government or from other non-DHCD funding sources that may become available;
- Responds to urgent and recent changes in housing needs resulting from natural disasters, economic crises, market dislocations, acts of war or terrorism, environmental contamination, or other events;
- Responds to substantial economic development opportunities that have the opportunity to create new jobs in the State, such as investing in workforce housing that supports a major new employer creating new Maryland jobs;
- Responds to dislocations in the equity or debt markets related to LIHTC and the permanent financing sources used to provide mortgage debt to such projects;
- Promotes the development of projects that promote intergenerational housing opportunities or housing for the homeless;
- Responds to other critical policy directives, goals, or priorities identified and articulated by DHCD; or
- Affirmatively furthers fair housing or contributes to a concerted fair housing strategy.

DHCD may award State Bonus Points as follows:

- Only applications submitted in the round that were scored are eligible to receive State Bonus Points. Additionally, to receive State Bonus Points, a proposal must have scored at least one hundred and twenty (120) points prior to the award of State Bonus Points.
- No more than ten (10) State Bonus Points may be awarded to any project.
- No more than 20% of the State's competitive LIHTCs and RHFP funds may be awarded to projects receiving State Bonus Points.
- DHCD shall provide a written explanation of the factors leading to the award of State Bonus Points and this explanation will be published along with results of the funding round.

State Bonus Points are optional; they need not be fully awarded in any given funding round. DHCD may choose not to award any State Bonus Points within a round, choose to award fewer

than the maximum State Bonus Points available, or choose to award all available State Bonus Points.

5 Waivers

5.1 Waivers – General

In general and unless specified elsewhere in this section, the Director of Multifamily Housing may grant waivers of the criteria and procedures in this Guide based on the factors for considering waivers. In addition, the Code of Maryland Regulations (COMAR) allows the Secretary of DHCD to waive or vary particular program regulations to the extent that the waiver is consistent with the governing statute if, in the determination of the Secretary of DHCD, the application of a regulation would be inequitable or contrary to the purposes of the governing statute. The standards for each program vary slightly, so applicants should consult COMAR 05.05.01 for the Rental Housing ~~Financing~~ Program~~s~~; 05.12.01 for the HOME Program; and 05.05.02 for the ~~Multifamily Bond Program~~MBP and RHW.

DHCD requires applicants seeking a waiver of the Threshold or Competitive Scoring Criteria in this Guide to submit such requests in writing to the Director, Multifamily Housing Development Programs, at least thirty (30) calendar days in advance of the ~~Round~~ round deadline. DHCD will provide a decision within fifteen (15) calendar days of receipt of the waiver request. This provision for waivers applies only to State-funded programs and State-imposed Threshold and Competitive Scoring Criteria. Federal regulations affecting LIHTC, HOME, and MBP may not be waived by the State, and applicants should consult their attorney or tax advisor on the possibility of waivers of federal requirements.

5.2 Waivers of Threshold or Competitive Criteria

5.2.1 Previous Project Performance (see Section 3.1.1)

Field Code Changed

For defaults involving loans, waivers of the restriction on participation in funding rounds may be granted for Primary Development Team members that were not involved in the defaulted loan for at least one (1) year prior to the default. In the case of other defaulted loans, waivers may be granted based on the circumstances surrounding the particular default. A waiver under this section must be approved by the Secretary of DHCD. Among the factors considered in granting a waiver are:

- Reasons for the default;
- The applicant's role in the defaulted property and responsibility for guaranties or operations of the defaulted property; and
- Performance of other properties in the applicant's portfolio.

5.2.2 Previous Participation (see Section 3.1.1)

Field Code Changed

DHCD may grant waivers for Primary Development Team members unable to meet DHCD processing requirements based on the circumstances surrounding the particular delays or

failures, including the reasons for the delays, the applicant's role in the processing delays, and the performance of the applicant in meeting processing timeframes for other projects. A waiver under this section must be approved by the Secretary of DHCD.

5.2.3 Construction or Rehabilitation Costs (see Section 4.5.3 and Section 3.13.4)

DHCD may grant waivers of the per square foot maximum new construction or rehabilitation costs based on staff evaluation of the project's conformance with other application criteria, extenuating circumstance of the adaptive reuse of existing structures, the need to meet the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Historic Rehabilitation (if applicable), the amount of equity and other financial resources leveraged, unusual site conditions, public infrastructure requirements, and the experience of the design professionals and the general contractor for the proposed project.

Field Code Changed

Comment [CW5]: Added Construction Cost waiver language back due to changes in Section 4.5.3.

Requests for waivers of the $15,000 per unit cost minimum for rehabilitation projects may be submitted to DHCD for projects that can demonstrate:

- A strong need for preservation of affordable housing in the market area;
- Affordable housing units will be lost if the project is not financed using DHCD resources; and
- Adequate reserves based on a capital needs assessment performed by an engineer or other qualified professional will be available to the project.

5.2.4 Acquisition of Schools or School Sites (see Section 3.9.8.1)

Field Code Changed

Waivers of this policy may be granted only if the following conditions exist:

- All other potential sources of funds have been sought and are clearly unavailable, and it is not feasible to undertake the project without benefit of DHCD funds for acquisition; and
- The project has particularly high public purpose such as serving an unusually high percentage of disabled or special needs persons, serving an unusually high percentage of very low income persons, or location in a market area not otherwise served by DHCD programs.

5.2.5 Builder's Fees (see Section 3.9.8.3)

Field Code Changed

Waivers may be requested for small projects and/or projects with specialized services or consultants with proposed builder's fees in excess of the defined cap. Applicants must include a detailed explanation of the reasons for the increased builder's fee with the request for a waiver. DHCD will evaluate waiver requests for reasonableness on a case-by-case basis to determine compliance with the threshold requirements. Increasing the fee to increase the LIHTC eligible basis is not a valid justification for a waiver.

5.2.6 Architects Fees (see Section 3.9.8.3)

Field Code Changed

Waivers may be requested for small projects and/or projects with specialized services or consultants with proposed architect fees in excess of the defined cap. Applicants must include a detailed explanation of the reasons for the increased architect's fee with the request for a waiver. DHCD will evaluate waiver requests for reasonableness on a case-by-case basis to determine compliance with the threshold requirements. Increasing the fee to increase the LIHTC eligible basis is not a valid justification for a waiver.

5.2.7 Civil Engineer Fees (see Section 3.9.8.3)

Field Code Changed

Waivers may be requested for small projects and/or projects with specialized services or consultants with proposed civil engineer fee in excess of the defined cap. Applicants must include a detailed explanation of the reasons for the increased civil engineer's fee with the request for a waiver. DHCD will evaluate waiver requests for reasonableness on a case-by-case basis to determine compliance with the threshold requirements. Increasing the fee to increase the LIHTC eligible basis is not a valid justification for a waiver.

5.2.8 Developer's Fees (see Section 3.9.8.3)

Field Code Changed

Applicants with proposed ~~developer~~ Developer's ~~fees~~ Fees in excess of the $2.5 million limit must include a detailed explanation of the reasons for the increased ~~developer's~~ Developer's ~~fee~~ Fee with the request for a waiver. DHCD will evaluate waiver requests for reasonableness on a case-by-case basis to determine compliance with the threshold requirements, which may include factors such as large, complex projects involving relocation or substantial rehabilitation.

5.2.9 Project Phasing (see Section 3.9.9)

Field Code Changed

A request for a waiver of this restriction may be submitted provided that such requests include a Market Study meeting the criteria of this Guide and demonstrating that the subsequent phase(s) will not adversely affect the leasing and operations of the initial phase.

5.2.10 Underwriting Standards (see Section 3.9)

Field Code Changed

Applicants seeking waivers of other underwriting standards in Section ~~4.8~~3.9 must provide a detailed written request including, if necessary, independent studies or analyses by qualified professionals (market analyses, capital needs assessments, etc.) that support their request. DHCD will evaluate waiver requests for reasonableness on a case-by-case basis to determine compliance with the evaluation requirements.

5.2.11 Deductions for Team Experience (see Section 4.1.2)

Field Code Changed

Field Code Changed

Field Code Changed

Applicants seeking waivers of the provisions for negative points in Section 4.1.2 must provide a detailed written request consistent with the standards outlined in Section 5.2.1 above.

5.2.12 Definition of Elderly Housing (see Section 3.2.2)

Field Code Changed

Applicants seeking waivers of this definition must include: (a) a discussion demonstrating the public purpose of the waiver request and why the project is most feasible with the targeted elderly population; and (b) a Market Study meeting the criteria of this Guide.

6 Loan Processing Procedures

6.1 Processing LIHTC, RHFP, and RHW Reservations of Funding

If projects include RHFP or RHW loan financing, the following processes and requirements apply (see Appendix A flowchart). If projects also include LIHTC, additional procedures, described in the QAP, apply as well.

6.1.1 Loan Reservations

Following approval of recommended reservations, sponsors will receive RHFP funding reservation letters. These reservation letters include preliminary terms and conditions for the commitment of loan funds. They also specify requirements that must be met for projects to be approved for a commitment letter to be issued, including processing documentation and timeframes. The reservation is not a commitment to make a loan and DHCD is not obligated to make a loan until all conditions in the commitment letter are satisfied. DHCD reserves the right in making a reservation to substitute sources of funds, if, in DHCD's sole determination, this substitution provides for a more efficient use of DHCD'~~s~~ resources.

A reservation may be canceled and an application withdrawn from processing if any of the following occur:

- The loan processing and submission kit requirements as described in this section are not met. This includes a failure to meet the timeframes established in each kit.
- The project changes substantially from the initial submission. A substantial change includes: (1) a change resulting in a score reduction of the lesser of 3% or an amount sufficient to lower the score below the cut-off score for the round in which the project was approved; (2) a significant change in the project's design, financing, or amenities; (3) a material reduction in the project's income targeting or unit count; (4) a change of the project's sponsor or other member of the Development Team without the prior written approval of the Director, of Multifamily Housing; or (5) a change of the project's site.
- The project is changed so that it no longer meets all Threshold Criteria.
- The project's Developer, sponsor, owner, or its general partner(s) or managing member(s) files for bankruptcy or is the subject of an involuntary bankruptcy.
- The project is, for any reason, no longer feasible.
- The project's Developer, sponsor, or owner submits false, misleading, or incomplete information to DHCD.

6.1.2 Post Reservation Scheduling

DHCD must approve any significant deviations from the project schedule set forth in the application. In these cases, sponsors must submit updated schedules, including an explanation for the change, to DHCD for review. Sponsors must promptly notify DHCD if for any reason projects that receive reservations become infeasible.

DHCD monitors the progress of projects to ensure timely completion. LIHTC, RHFP and RHW Reservations and LIHTC Carryover Allocations will be canceled if a project falls too far behind its schedule, in DHCD's determination, or if it is determined that DHCD resources are in jeopardy of being lost to the State due to nonperformance by the sponsor. Failure to meet DHCD processing schedules may also affect future scoring (see also Section 4.1 – Capacity of Development Team).

Field Code Changed

For projects requesting RHFP and RHW, the applicant's processing schedule must be consistent with DHCD's loan submission kit process. For projects requesting allocations of current year LIHTC, sponsors must demonstrate that projects will meet the requirements for allocation of current year LIHTC. Please refer to the QAP for more information on processing LIHTC reservations and allocations.

6.1.3 Kick-off Meeting

Following its issuance of reservation letters, DHCD schedules "kick-off" meetings with sponsors. The multifamily lending team assigned to each project, which includes underwriting, construction, LIHTC, and finance staff, will be present at the meetings. Sponsors should require representatives of their contractor, architect, and management agent to attend. If any project financing requires mortgage insurance, a representative of the insurer also should be present at this meeting. Other DHCD staff members that may need to attend the kick-off meeting include the Director or Deputy Director of Multifamily Housing, DHCD's Equal Opportunity Officer, DHCD's attorney, and compliance and asset management staff.

The purpose of these meetings is to review reservation letters to gain a common understanding of their requirements, terms, and provisions for further processing of applications. At the kick-off meetings, assigned team members review the requirements and timeframes of the loan processing schedule and submission kit processing in detail. At this time, the assigned team members may elect to schedule subsequent meetings with sponsors to conduct detailed site visits.

6.1.4 Underwriting and Construction Review

After reservation letters are issued, loan applications are underwritten and detailed construction plans and documents are reviewed before the issuance of commitment letters. The review process is generally divided into two phases, viability and commitment reviews. In

its discretion, DHCD may permit the submission of a combined viability and commitment package (fast track). Specific milestone dates for completing these reviews and issuing commitment letters are discussed at kick-off meetings and set in conformance with DHCD's submission kit loan process.

Detailed guidance is provided to sponsors throughout this process to assist the Development Team in the preparation of construction plans and underwriting documentation. The architectural requirements for each stage of this review are those defined in the American Institute of Architect's (AIA) publication The Architect's Handbook of Professional Practice.

Additionally, other underwriting requirements will be detailed and made clear to all parties early in the process. Projects in the advanced stages of pre-development will be able to proceed at much quicker paces. In any event, DHCD and sponsors should make every attempt to complete all review requirements within the timeframes outlined in reservation letters and during kick-off meetings.

6.1.5 Viability Review

During this phase of the review process, sponsors submit updated application forms along with more detailed construction and underwriting documentation, all as specified in the viability submission kit supplied at kick-off meetings. DHCD staff reviews the material and issues viability reports to sponsors. Viability reports include DHCD's underwriting pro-forma and a term sheet showing any changes in anticipated loan terms and conditions based on findings during the viability review.

6.1.6 Commitment Review

At this stage of review, sponsors submit final application forms and complete construction and underwriting documentation. After DHCD staff has reviewed the materials, a commitment report, including a final underwriting pro-forma and updated term sheet, are prepared. The commitment report is sent to sponsors and the term sheet to DHCD's attorney. Based on the findings in the commitment report, a draft commitment letter is prepared and sent to the sponsor. DHCD's goal is to complete any adjustments to the draft commitment letter within fifteen (15) calendar days of issuing the commitment report and to issue the commitment letter not later than seventy (70) calendar days after the sponsor submits the commitment review package. Once all adjustments are made, DHCD's attorney finalizes the commitment letter and begins preparing loan documents.

6.1.7 Initial Closing; First Draw Requisition

Along with the commitment letter, sponsors receive a loan closing checklist. Initial closing will occur once all closing conditions set forth in the commitment letter and closing checklist have been satisfied.

DHCD's standard loan conditions are detailed in the commitment letter. Sponsors should also review and understand DHCD's draw and requisition requirements, particularly those affecting the initial draw. Staff is available to meet and review the draw procedures. Copies of the draw procedures also are available on DHCD's website at:

http://dhcd.maryland.gov/HousingDevelopment/Pages/MFLibrary.aspx

Field Code Changed

Initial draw requests must be submitted to DHCD at least fifteen (15) business days prior to initial closing. Accepting DHCD's form closing documents without modification expedites the closing process.

6.1.8 Construction or Rehabilitation Period

Construction or rehabilitation of projects normally commences once initial closing is complete. Prior to the start of construction or rehabilitation, sponsors and their general contractor must participate in a pre-construction conference with the Multifamily Housing construction staff and Finance Manager responsible for the project. The purpose of the meeting is to fully review all construction period procedures such as inspections by DHCD staff, draw requisition and disbursement procedures, and change order procedures and requirements. All other project lenders should be present at this meeting to ensure a smooth inspection and draw process.

At a sponsor's request, DHCD may permit work on projects to begin prior to closing of DHCD's financing. An "Early Start" of the construction or rehabilitation may be authorized only after issuance of the commitment letter. Approval for an Early Start is evidenced by a written approval issued by DHCD. Work may begin when the conditions of the Early Start letter are met and the pre-construction conference has been held. DHCD will not fund any costs incurred for work performed under an Early Start unless the loan is eventually closed.

6.1.9 Developer's Fee Disbursement

For transactions involving RHFP~~ and RHW~~, DHCD may allow up to 25% of the projected non-deferred portion of the budgeted ~~developer's~~ Developer's ~~fee~~ Fee to be disbursed at initial closing or through substantial completion, as evidenced by the issuance of an acceptable certification of substantial completion by the project architect. At substantial completion, DHCD may allow an additional 25% of the projected non-deferred portion of the budgeted ~~developer's~~ Developer's ~~fee~~ Fee to be disbursed. The remaining non-deferred ~~developer's~~ Developer's ~~fee~~ Fee is disbursed only after the project is 100% complete, a cost certification is accepted by DHCD, and DHCD's final closing requirements have been completed.

Developer's ~~fees~~ Fees may be paid only from equity, cash flow, or other non-DHCD sources of funds~~,~~ if DHCD loans are not in default~~,~~ and the Developer continues to perform satisfactorily.

Deferred ~~developer~~ Developer's ~~fees~~ Fees are disbursed only after all must-pay debt and cash flow payments are made from net operating income.

6.1.10 Final Closing

After the completion of construction or rehabilitation, sponsors must complete a cost certification prepared by an independent certified public accountant. The cost certifications will be reviewed within ninety (90) calendar days of receipt provided all construction close-out documents and change order requests have been submitted before or at the same time that the cost certification is received. A final determination of mortgage proceeds letter will be prepared and sent to the sponsor for signature.

6.2 Processing Multifamily Bond Program Applications

For projects that request MBP financing, the following requirements apply:

Processing Multifamily Bond Program Applications

Applicants requesting MBP financing and non-competitive LIHTC (not allocated from the State's LIHTC ceiling) should apply using the Application Submission Package available on the DHCD website. All requests for MBP financing are subject to DHCD underwriting and construction reviews. Projects requesting MBP financing, with or without non-competitive LIHTC, may be submit an application at any time.

For taxable/tax exempt MBP Financing, all bonds must be outstanding for at least twenty-four (24) months.

Requirements

Applications for the MBP are subject to an initial review against the Threshold Criteria, as described in Chapter 3 of this Guide, and must score at least 92 points on the Competitive Scoring Criteria as described in Chapter 4 of this Guide. Processing is subject to certain fees that are subject to change. The current fees are described in Appendix C of this Guide. Updates to fees will be provided on DHCD's website.

Projects financed with Multifamily Bonds are eligible for non-competitive LIHTC. DHCD issues letters pursuant to §42(m) of the Internal Revenue Code reserving LIHTC to qualified projects prior to initial loan closing. Applicants may elect to lock in the Tax Credit applicable percentage for the month the bonds are issued by completing the DHCD certification form any time during the month the bonds are issued through the fifth day of the following month; otherwise, the LIHTC applicable percentage defaults to the month the building is placed in service (see the Internal Revenue Code §42(b)(2)(A)(ii)). Projects receiving either mortgage insurance or subsidies from HUD may also be subject to subsidy layering review under §911 of the Federal Housing and Community Development Act of 1992.

Field Code Changed
Field Code Changed
Field Code Changed

Projects financed with MBP must meet federal income targeting requirements. Minimum income elections for the MBP are identical to the requirements of the LIHTC program: 20% of all units must be rented to households with incomes of 50% or less of area median; or 40% of all units must be rented to households with incomes of 60% or less of area median.

DHCD reserves the right to impose additional State income targeting requirements for MBP financed projects. DHCD continues to modify the MBP to meet customer needs with updates posted to DHCD's website on a regular basis.

Expedited Processing

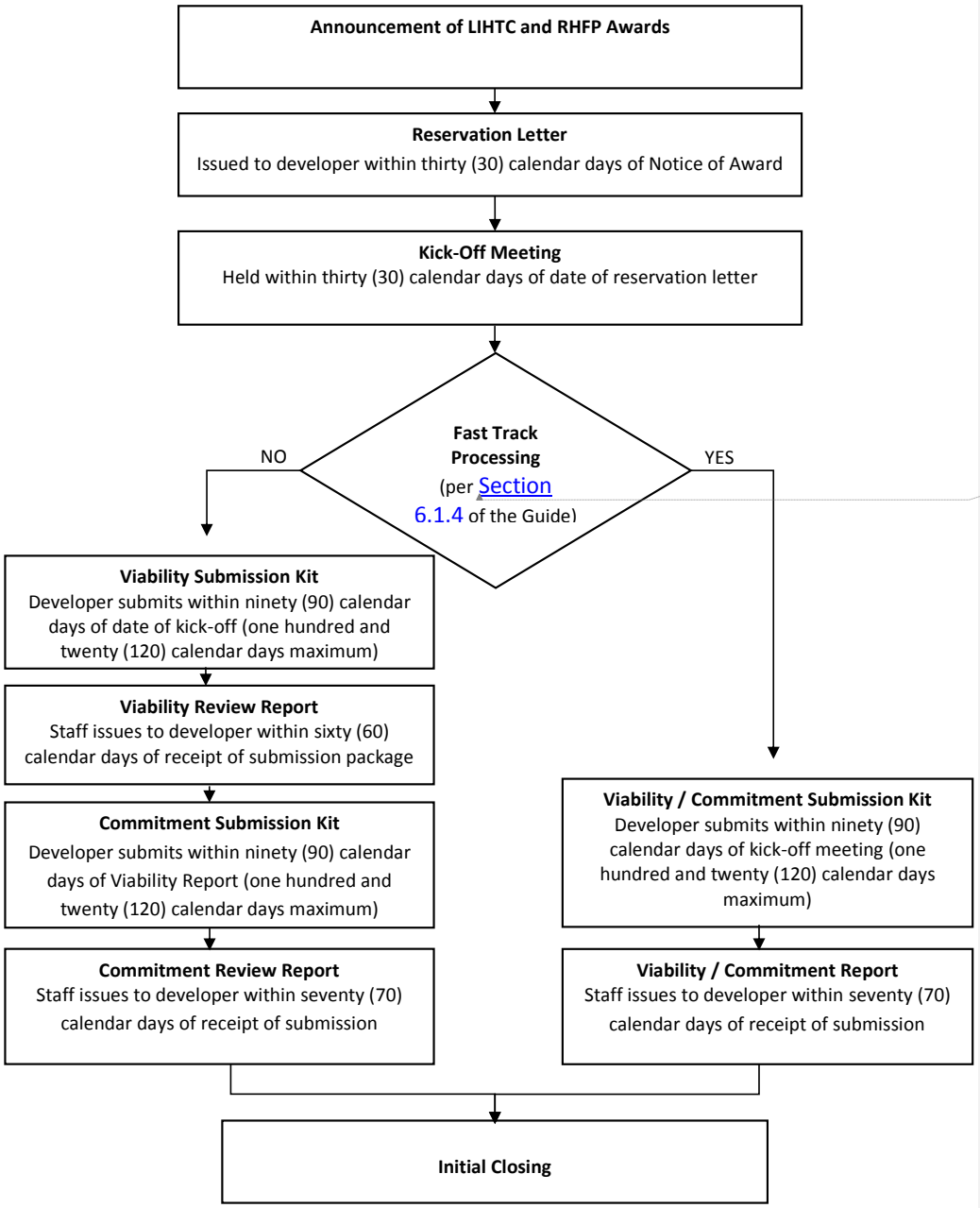
Eligible projects requesting MBP financing may be processed under an expedited system. To be eligible, applications must request tax exempt financing without other DHCD financing or assistance, meet all Threshold Criteria or receive a waiver in accordance with Section 5.1 of this Guide, score at least ninety-two (92) total points and meet the additional scoring criteria outlined for FHA Risk Sharing Insurance noted in the call out box at the beginning of Chapter 4. If these requirements are met and subject to conditional HFRC recommendation, projects can expect to receive inducement approvals within ninety (90) calendar days of application submission.

To ensure timely processing, construction and underwriting reviews are limited to an analysis of a project's overall conformity to construction and underwriting standards established by DHCD and conformity to Federal requirements. The primary underwriting responsibilities are delegated to the credit enhancers and their appropriate Delegated Underwriters and Servicers (DUS Lenders) and to full insurance FHA lenders.

Field Code Changed

Field Code Changed

Appendix A: Underwriting and Closing Process



Field Code Changed

Appendix B: Application and Processing Fees

Fee Type	LIHTC	Rental Housing Financing Programs and Rental Housing Works*	When Due
Application Fee	$2,500 per application regardless of the number of funding resources requested.		Submission of application for funding.
Reservation Fee	$5,000 per reservation.	N/A	Remit to CDAs Trustee as invoiced.
LIHTC Allocation Fee	5% of the annual LIHTC amount allocated.	N/A	Varies depending on financing and sponsor type; see QAP for details.
Commitment Fee	N/A	1.5% of the loan amount.	Earlier of initial loan closing or bond closing; may be financed.
10% Expenditure Test Deadline Extension Fee	$1,000 for each month the deadline is extended.	N/A	Submission of application for extension.
IRS Form 8609 Amendment Fee	$4,000 per project; waived if amendment results from an administrative error by CDA.	N/A	Submission of a request for an amended IRS Form 8609.
Closing Attorney's Fees	N/A	$25,000 for the first loan $5,000 for each additional loan	Initial loan closing.
LIHTC Compliance Monitoring Fee	$30 per unit per year.	N/A	Annually as invoiced.
IRS Form 8823 Compliance Review Fee	$25 per unit per occurrence.	N/A	Submission of a request for issuance of an 8823 by CDA to correct a previously uncorrected 8823.
Assumption Closing Fee	N/A	$5,000	With request.
Subsidy Layering	$1,000		Initial Closing

*The RHFP and RHW application and processing fees apply to any funds awarded under this Guide. For fees applicable to DHCD's other programs, including the Partnership Rental Housing ~~Financing~~ Program~~s~~, the Shelter and Transitional Housing Facilities Grant Program, and energy lending programs, please see DHCD's website at www.dhcd.maryland.gov.

Appendix C: Bond Application and Processing Fees

Fee Type	LIHTC	Multifamily Bond Program (Traditional)*	Multifamily Bond Program (Refinance)	When Due
Application Fee	$2,500 per application.		Fees range from $1,000 to $5,000 or 0.015% of the loan option selected; consult program staff for more information.	Submission of application for funding.
LIHTC Allocation Fee	5% of estimated annual tax credit amount allocated.		None if no new allocation of LIHTC requested.	Issuance of §42(m) letter. Issuance of IRS Form(s) 8609 for any additional fee for actual tax credit allocated over initial estimate.
Commitment or Origination Fee	N/A	1.5% of the first $10 million of loan principal plus 1% of loan principal over $10 million. Fee increased to 3% for Taxable/Tax Exempt financings	Generally 1.5% of outstanding loan principal.	Earlier of initial loan closing or bond closing; may be financed for new loan.
Assumption Fee	N/A	None.	1.5% of the loan principal assumed.	Loan closing.
Costs of Issuance	N/A	Actual costs of issuance.	$100,000 plus 1% of the new loan principal.	Initial closing for new loans and closing for refinance.

Fee Type	LIHTC	Multifamily Bond Program (Traditional)*	Multifamily Bond Program (Refinance)	When Due
Negative Arbitrage[1]	N/A	Amount determined for each loan after each draw.		After each draw as invoiced.
Non Usage Fee	N/A	2% of estimated loan principal as a deposit against costs of issuance.	None.	Before POS issued and bonds priced (generally sixty (60) to ninety (90) calendar days prior to scheduled initial closing); amount credited to costs of issuance at initial closing.
Closing Attorney's Fees	N/A	$25,000 for the first loan. $5,000 for each additional loan.	$5,000	Initial loan closing.
MBP CLC/PLC Extensions Fee[2]	N/A	Actual costs incurred in connection with extensions of maturity and/or delivery dates of GNMA securities.		As invoiced.

*For fees applicable to the taxable/tax-exempt financing product, see the DHCD website at: http://dhcd.maryland.gov/HousingDevelopment/Documents/mbp/Taxable_GNMA_Loans.pdf

Field Code Changed

[1] Negative arbitrage is the difference between the bond yield and the investment yield on undrawn proceeds. A letter-of-credit may be required to be posted prior to closing for an amount sufficient to cover the maximum amount of negative arbitrage on the loan. Consult program staff for more information.

[2] These costs may include administrative charges, reasonable costs or expenses incurred by CDA, and reasonable reimbursement or fees of all professionals working on the transaction in connection with any requested extension, including costs, fees, reasonable hourly reimbursement, and expenses of bond counsel, other in-house or outside counsel, any rating agency, and any financial advisor to CDA.

Fee Type	LIHTC	Multifamily Bond Program (Traditional)*	Multifamily Bond Program (Refinance)	When Due
LIHTC Allocation Amendment Fee	$4,000 per project; waived if amendment results from an administrative error by CDA.	N/A		Submission of a request for an amended IRS Form 8609.
LIHTC Compliance Monitoring Fee	$30 per unit per year.	N/A		Annually as invoiced.
MBP Loan Pre-payment[3]	N/A	$5,000 initial review and $5,000 Payoff		Receipt at payoff review and at the time of repayment.
IRS Form 8823 Compliance Re- Review Fee	$25 per unit per occurrence.	N/A		Submission of a request for issuance of an 8823 by CDA to correct a previously uncorrected 8823.
Equity Redefinition Fee	N/A	1.5~~0~~% of outstanding loan principal.		Upon agreement of redefinition.
Servicing Fee	N/A	0.25% added to bond loan interest rate		Each payment of debt service
IRS Form 8609 Amendment Fee	$4,000 per project; waived if amendment results from an administrative error by CDA.	N/A		Submission of a request for an amended IRS Form 8609.

[3] These are costs incurred in connection with redeeming bonds as permitted by the deed of trust note and may include negative arbitrage for forty-five (45) calendar days; unamortized costs of issuance and premiums, if any; bond counsel fees; and administrative charges. Consult DHCD Finance staff for more information.

Appendix D: Qualified Census Tracts Standards

http://www.huduser.org/portal/datasets/qct.html

Field Code Changed

Appendix E: Rental Housing Financing Programs and Rental Housing Works Surplus Cash Split Examples

(0% Interest Rate Option with "Contingent Interest")

	State Soft Debt*	Local Soft Debt	DHCD %	Local Gov. %	Developer %	Comments	% Splits w/ Deferred Dev Fees	
Ex. 1	$2,000,000	$0	75.00%	0.00%	25.00%	DHCD will only take 50% of Surplus Cash until all Developer Deferred Fees are Paid.	DHCD	50.00%
							LG	0.00%
	100.00% of Total	0.00% of Total					Dev	50.00%
							Total	100.00%
Ex. 2	$2,000,000	$225,000	75.00%	0.00%	25.00%	DHCD will only take 50% of Surplus Cash until all Developer Deferred Fees are Paid. The Local Government cannot negotiate a higher share of the Surplus Cash with DHCD and/or Developer.	DHCD	50.00%
							LG	0.00%
	89.89% of Total	10.11% of Total					Dev	50.00%
							Total	100.00%
Ex. 3	$2,000,000	$500,000	60.00%	15.00 %	25.00%	DHCD will only take 50% of Surplus Cash until all Developer Deferred Fees are Paid. ~~DHCD will only take 50% of Surplus Cash until all Developer Deferred Fees are Paid.~~ The Local Government is receiving a Prorated Share of the non-Developer portion (75.00%) of the Surplus Cash.	DHCD	50.00%
							LG	15.00%
	80.00% of Total	20.00% of Total					Dev	35.00%
							Total	100.00%
Ex. 4	$2,000,000	$750,000	54.55%	20.45 %	25.00%	DHCD will only take 50% of Surplus Cash until all Developer Deferred Fees are Paid. The Local Government is receiving a Prorated Share of the non-Developer portion (75.00%) of the Surplus Cash.	DHCD	50.00%
							LG	20.45%
	72.73% of Total	27.27% of Total					Dev	29.55%
							Total	100.00%
Ex. 5	$2,000,000	$1,000,000	50.00%	25.00 %	25.00%	The Local Government is receiving a Prorated Share of the non-Developer portion (75.00%) of the Surplus Cash.	DHCD	50.00%
							LG	25.00%
	66.67% of Total	33.33% of Total					Dev	25.00%
							Total	100.00%
Ex. 6	$2,000,000	$1,500,000	50.00%	25.00 %	25.00%	The Local Government Share of the Surplus Cash is being capped at 25.00% (or 33.33% of the 75.00% non-Developer portion). The Local Government cannot negotiate a higher share of the Surplus Cash with DHCD and/or Developer.	DHCD	50.00%
							LG	25.00%
	57.14% of Total	42.86% of Total					Dev	25.00%
							Total	100.00%
Ex. 7	$2,000,000	$2,000,000	50.00%	25.00 %	25.00%	The Local Government Share of the Surplus Cash is being capped at 25.00% (or 33.33% of the 75.00% non-Developer portion). The Local Government cannot negotiate a higher share of the Surplus Cash with DHCD and/or Developer.	DHCD	50.00%
							LG	25.00%
	50.00% of Total	50.00% of Total					Dev	25.00%
							Total	100.00%
Ex. 8	$2,000,000	$3,050,000	37.50%	37.50 %	25.00%	The Local Government Share of the Surplus Cash is being capped at 37.50% (or 50.00% of the 75.00% non-Developer portion). The Local Government cannot negotiate a higher share of the Surplus Cash with DHCD and/or Developer.	DHCD	37.50%
							LG	37.50%
	39.60% of Total	60.40% of Total					Dev	25.00%
							Total	100.00%