COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION SINGLE FAMILY HOUSING REVENUE BONDS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022



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COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION SINGLE FAMILY HOUSING REVENUE BONDS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Office of the Secretary Department of Housing and Community Development Lanham, Maryland

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the Community Development Administration Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds (the Fund) of the Department of Housing and Community Development of the State of Maryland, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund, as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in financial position, and, its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Fund and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of a Matter

Financial Statement Presentation

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the financial position, the changes in financial position, and cash flows of the Fund and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the Department of Housing and Community Development of the State of Maryland as of and for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in its net position and its cash flows in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has elected to omit the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Bord, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Supplemental Disclosure of Changes in Fair Value of Investments and Mortgage-Backed Securities but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 28, 2023, on our consideration of the Fund's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Fund's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Baltimore, Maryland September 28, 2023

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION SINGLE FAMILY HOUSING REVENUE BONDS STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION (in thousands) JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

	2023	2022
RESTRICTED ASSETS		
RESTRICTED CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents on Deposit	\$ 4,564	\$ 4,144
Mortgage-Backed Securities	910	1,999
Accrued Interest Receivable	61	53
Total Restricted Current Assets	5,535	6,196
RESTRICTED LONG-TERM ASSETS		
Mortgage-Backed Securities, Net of Current Portion	12,434	14,048
Total Restricted Long-Term Assets	12,434	14,048
Total Restricted Assets	\$ 17,969	\$ 20,244
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accrued Interest Payable	\$ 40	\$ 46
Bonds Payable	487	741
Total Current Liabilities	527	787
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		
Bonds Payable, Net of Current Portion	11,548	13,178
Total Long-Term Liabilities	11,548	13,178
Total Liabilities	12,075	13,965
NET POSITION		
Restricted by Bond Indenture	5,894	6,279
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 17,969	\$ 20,244

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION SINGLE FAMILY HOUSING REVENUE BONDS STATEMENTS OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (in thousands) YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

	 2023	 2022
OPERATING REVENUE		
Interest on Mortgage-Backed Securities	\$ 549	\$ 669
Interest Income on Cash Equivalents	146	6
Total Operating Revenue	 695	675
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Interest Expense on Bonds	506	622
Professional Fees and Other Operating Expenses	 11	 42
Total Operating Expenses	 517	664
Operating Income	178	11
NONOPERATING EXPENSE		
Decrease in Fair Value of Mortgage-Backed Securities	 (563)	(2,218)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(385)	(2,207)
NET POSITION - RESTRICTED AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	 6,279	 8,486
NET POSITION - RESTRICTED AT END OF YEAR	\$ 5,894	\$ 6,279

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION SINGLE FAMILY HOUSING REVENUE BONDS STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands) YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

	 2023	 2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Principal and Interest Received on Mortgage-Backed Securities Professional Fees and Other Operating Expenses Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 2,696 (11) 2,685	\$ 6,338 (42) 6,296
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest Received on Cash Equivalents Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	 <u>131</u> 131	 3
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Payments on Bond Principal Interest on Bonds Net Cash Used by Financing Activities	 (1,884) (512) (2,396)	 (4,184) (636) (4,820)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS ON DEPOSIT	420	1,479
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS ON DEPOSIT - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 4,144	 2,665
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS ON DEPOSIT - END OF YEAR	\$ 4,564	\$ 4,144
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash	\$ 178	\$ 11
Provided by Operating Activities: Interest Received on Cash Equivalents Interest on Bonds Decrease (Increase) in Assets:	(131) 512	(3) 636
Mortgage-Backed Securities Accrued Interest Receivable Decrease in Liabilities:	2,140 (8)	5,654 12
Accrued Interest Payable Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ (6) 2,685	\$ (14) 6,296

NOTE 1 AUTHORIZING LEGISLATION AND PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Community Development Administration (CDA) is authorized to issue Single Family Housing Revenue Bonds pursuant to Sections 4-101 through 4-255 of the Housing and Community Development Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland to meet the shortage of adequate, safe, and sanitary housing in the State of Maryland, particularly for persons or families of limited income. CDA is in the Division of Development Finance in the Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD) of the State of Maryland.

CDA entered into a Securitization Agreement on December 18, 2009 with the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), using federal legislative authority under the Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008 to provide affordable mortgage financing for individual households and multifamily rental properties. Subject to the Securitization Agreement, the New Issue Bond Program (NIBP) was created under which CDA would issue mortgage revenue Program Bonds, FNMA and FHLMC would securitize and issue securities for these bonds, and the United States Department of the Treasury (Treasury) would purchase these securities. Under the Single Family NIBP and pursuant to the Single Family Housing Revenue Bond Resolution (Resolution), CDA had issued 2009 Series A bonds in the original amount of \$154,290 as escrow bonds bearing interest at a short-term rate until conversion to Program Bonds secured by mortgage loans or mortgage-backed securities backed by mortgage loans. The short-term rate converted to a permanent fixed rate at the time of conversion. CDA was required, at the time of conversion, to issue market bonds along with the issuance of Program Bonds, but not to exceed 40% of the total allocation of which the escrow bonds represent the 60% share. All 2009 Series A escrow bonds have been converted to Program Bonds.

The accompanying financial statements only include CDA's Single Family Housing Revenue Bonds (the Fund). CDA's other Funds are not included. However, CDA has also separately issued combined financial statements for the Revenue Obligation Funds and financial statements for the Local Government Infrastructure Bonds and Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds. The Single Family Housing Revenue Bonds, Revenue Obligation Funds, Local Government Infrastructure Bonds, and Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds, and Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds are enterprise funds of the State of Maryland and are included in the State of Maryland's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The Fund was established to originate or purchase single-family mortgage loans.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The Fund is accounted for as an enterprise fund. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the accrual method of accounting and on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The basis of accounting for the Fund is determined by measurement focus. The flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are used to account for the Fund. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the Fund are included on the Statements of Net Position. The Fund is required to follow all statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

CDA reports its financial activities by applying Standards of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting as promulgated by GASB. Consequently, CDA applies all applicable GASB pronouncements.

In accordance with accounting guidance issued by GASB, net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use is either: externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Accordingly, the net position of the Fund is restricted as to its use as the net position is pledged to bondholders.

Since CDA is an enterprise fund included in the State of Maryland's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, a separate Management's Discussion and Analysis is not included in these financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents on Deposit

Cash equivalents may include money market funds, repurchase agreements, investment agreements and any other investments, primarily obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Government Agencies, which have maturities of 90 or less days at the time of purchase. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, all of the Fund's cash equivalents were invested in a money market mutual fund which is more fully described in Note 3.

Mortgage-Backed Securities

These guaranteed securities are issued in connection with mortgage loans on single-family homes. They are stated at fair value, based on quoted market prices. Mortgage-backed securities are more fully described in Note 3.

Accrued Interest Receivable

Accrued interest receivable includes interest on mortgage-backed securities and investments.

Bonds Payable

Bonds payable are carried at their unpaid principal balances, net of original issue premiums. See Notes 4, 5, and 6 for additional information.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Mortgage Yield Limitations

All mortgage loans are subject to yield limitations under the Internal Revenue Service Code (the Code) in order for the associated bonds to maintain their tax-exempt status. At the time of bond issuance and over the term of the bonds, CDA determines and maintains compliance with the permitted mortgage yield on the loans. In certain bond refunding transactions, CDA transfers loans from prior series of bonds to the refunding series. CDA monitors the yield on these transferred loans to ensure that the composite yield over the term of the bonds is within the yield limitations of the Code. If at any time the composite yields on the transferred loans are out of compliance with the Code, CDA has certain remedies available to bring the yield into compliance. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, all mortgage loan yields were in compliance with the Code.

Interest on Mortgage-Backed Securities

Interest on mortgage-backed securities is calculated using the effective interest method.

Administrative Support

In addition to expenses incurred directly by the Fund, CDA receives certain support services from other divisions of DHCD. Support services and the operating expenses of CDA have been allocated to CDA's General Bond Reserve Fund and are reported in the financial statements of CDA's Revenue Obligation Funds. The General Bond Reserve Fund records these expenses as invoiced by DHCD for the fiscal year.

The employees of CDA are covered by the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System. See Note 7 for additional information.

Revenue and Expenses

CDA distinguishes operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items in accordance with accounting guidance issued by GASB. Operating revenue and expenses are identified as those activities that are directly related to financing affordable housing in the State of Maryland. The Fund's activities are considered to be operating except for increases and decreases in the fair value of mortgage-backed securities.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, gains, and losses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

NOTE 3 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES

Bond proceeds and revenues from mortgage-backed securities and investments are invested in authorized investments as defined in the Single Family Housing Revenue Bond Resolution (the Resolution) and in CDA's Investment Policy until required for purchasing mortgage-backed securities, funding reserves, paying bond debt service, and funding program expenses. Authorized investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Government Agencies, repurchase agreements, investment agreements, money market funds, and certificates of deposit.

As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Fund had \$4,564 and \$4,144 respectively, invested in a money market mutual fund (BlackRock Liquidity FedFund Administration Shares). The money market mutual fund is classified as cash and cash equivalents. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Fund had \$1,269 and \$1,401, respectively, invested in Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) mortgage-backed securities and \$12,075, and \$14,646, respectively, in Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA) mortgage-backed securities. The following represents the GASB evaluation of these assets for interest rate risk, credit risk, concentration of credit risk, and custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses from rising interest rates, CDA's Investment Policy requires that the maturities of the investment portfolio are scheduled to meet the cash requirements for bond debt service, projected loan originations, and ongoing operations.

As of June 30, 2023, the amortized cost, fair value, and maturities for these assets were as follows:

				 Maturities	(in Y	Years)
	An	nortized	Fair	 Less		More
Asset		Cost	 Value	Than 1		Than 15
BlackRock Liquidity FedFund						_
Administration Shares	\$	4,564	\$ 4,564	\$ 4,564	\$	-
FNMA Mortgage-Backed						
Securities		1,437	1,269	-		1,269
GNMA Mortgage-Backed						
Securities		13,774	 12,075	-		12,075
Total	\$	19,775	\$ 17,908	\$ 4,564	\$	13,344

NOTE 3 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

As of June 30, 2022, the amortized cost, fair value, and maturities for these assets were as follows:

				 Maturities	(in `	Years)
	An	nortized	Fair	Less		More
Asset		Cost	 Value	 Than 1		Than 15
BlackRock Liquidity FedFund						
Administration Shares	\$	4,144	\$ 4,144	\$ 4,144	\$	-
FNMA Mortgage-Backed						
Securities		1,502	1,401	-		1,401
GNMA Mortgage-Backed						
Securities		15,849	 14,646	 -		14,646
Total	\$	21,495	\$ 20,191	\$ 4,144	\$	16,047

The BlackRock Liquidity FedFund Administration Shares invests primarily in cash, U.S. Treasury bills, notes, and other obligations issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. Government, its agencies or instrumentalities, and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations or cash. It operates in accordance with Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and can reasonably be expected to have a fair value that will be unaffected by interest rate changes because the interest rates are variable and the principal can be recovered on demand. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the cost of the money market mutual fund approximated fair value.

Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Neither CDA's Investment Policy nor the Resolution requires investment agreements or deposits to be collateralized. CDA's Investment Policy places no limit on the amount that CDA may invest in any one issuer or counterparty. According to the Resolution and CDA's Investment Policy, securities must be at a rating no lower than the rating on the bonds or, if an investment maintains only a short-term rating, a rating not less than F1/P-1; and financial institutions who are a counterparty to CDA in investment agreements must be rated at least comparable to the existing rating on CDA bonds unless counterparty ratings lower than the bond ratings are permitted and do not affect the ratings on the bonds. In addition, certain investment and repurchase agreements require counterparty ratings no less than the ratings on the bonds. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the ratings on CDA Single Family Housing Revenue Bonds were Aaa by Moody's Investors Services.

NOTE 3 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk (Continued)

As of June 30, 2023, credit ratings and allocation by type of investments for the following assets were:

Asset	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Investments	Money Market Fund Rating	Securities Credit Rating	Rating Agency
BlackRock Liquidity FedFund Administration Shares	\$ 4,564	25.48%	Aaa-mf		Moody's
FNMA Mortgage-Backed Securities	1,269	7.09%		Aaa	Moody's
GNMA Mortgage-Backed Securities Total	\$ 12,075 17,908	67.43% 100.00%		Direct U.S. Obligations	

As of June 30, 2022, credit ratings and allocation by type of investments for the following assets were:

Asset	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Investments	Money Market Fund Rating	Securities Credit Rating	Rating Agency
BlackRock Liquidity FedFund Administration Shares	\$ 4,144	20.52%	Aaa-mf		Moody's
FNMA Mortgage-Backed Securities	1,401	6.94%		Aaa	Moody's
GNMA Mortgage-Backed Securities Total	\$ 14,646 20,191	72.54%		Direct U.S. Obligations	

All mortgage-backed securities and certificates held by CDA are guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA) or the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA or Fannie Mae).

GNMA mortgage-backed securities are instrumentalities of the United States Government and are "fully modified pass-through" mortgage-backed securities which require monthly payments by a Federal Housing Administration (FHA), Veterans Administration (VA) or United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development (USDA RD) lender, as the issuer of the guaranteed security to CDA. GNMA guarantees timely payment of principal and interest on Guaranteed Securities.

NOTE 3 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk (Continued)

Fannie Mae mortgage-backed certificates are "guaranteed mortgage pass-through certificates" which supplement amounts received by a trust created under a trust agreement as required, permitting timely payments of principal and interest on the certificates to CDA. The certificates and payments of principal and interest on the certificates are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities other than Fannie Mae.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank or counterparty failure, CDA will not be able to recover its deposits or the value of its collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Fund's investments were not subject to custodial credit risk under accounting guidance issued by GASB. CDA's investments and collateralized securities are held in trust by the trustee or the trustee's agent, kept separate from the assets of the bank and from other trust accounts and are held in CDA's name.

Fair Value Measurements

CDA categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Fund has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023 and 2022:

• GNMA and FNMA mortgage-backed securities of \$13,344 and \$16,047, respectively, are valued using the matrix pricing technique (Level 2).

NOTE 4 BONDS PAYABLE

The bonds issued by CDA are special obligations of CDA and are payable from the revenue and special funds of the Resolution. These bonds do not constitute debt of and are not guaranteed by the State of Maryland or any other program of the State of Maryland or any political subdivision.

The provisions of the Resolution require or allow for the special redemption of bonds at par through the use of unexpended bond proceeds and excess funds accumulated primarily through prepayments, except for 2013 Series A (Pass-Through Program) bonds which are not subject to redemption from any funds other than mandatory payment from the scheduled principal payments and prepayments of mortgage-backed securities held in that series.

NOTE 4 BONDS PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

All outstanding bonds are tax-exempt and have fixed interest rates.

The following is a summary of the bond activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 and the debt outstanding and bonds payable as of June 30, 2023:

					Debt	 Bond	d Ao	ctivity			Debt		Bond		I	Bonds
				Ou	tstanding	 Scheduled				Ou	itstanding	P	remium/		Р	ayable
	Issue	Range of	Range of	at	June 30,	Maturity		В	onds	at	June 30,	Γ	oiscount		at .	lune 30,
	Dated	Interest Rates	Maturities		2022	 Payments		Rec	leemed		2023	Γ	Deferred			2023
Single Family Housing																
Revenue Bonds																
2013 Series A	08/28/13	4.00%	7/1/2043	\$	13,919	\$	-	\$	(1,884)	\$	12,035	\$		-	\$	12,035
Total				\$	13,919	\$	-	\$	(1,884)	\$	12,035	\$		-	\$	12,035

The following is a summary of the bond activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 and the debt outstanding and bonds payable as of June 30, 2022:

					Debt	 Bond	l Ac	tivity			Debt		Bond		I	Bonds
				Ou	tstanding	Scheduled				Ou	utstanding	Р	remium/		Р	ayable
	Issue	Range of	Range of	at	June 30,	Maturity		Bo	onds	at	June 30,	I	Discount		at .	lune 30,
-	Dated	Interest Rates	Maturities		2021	Payments	_	Rede	eemed		2022]	Deferred			2022
Single Family Housing																
Revenue Bonds																
2013 Series A	08/28/13	4.00%	7/1/2043	\$	18,103	\$	-	\$	(4,184)	\$	13,919	\$		-	\$	13,919
Total				\$	18,103	\$	-	\$	(4,184)	\$	13,919	\$		-	\$	13,919

NOTE 5 DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

As of June 30, 2023, the required principal payments for bonds (including mandatory payments from the scheduled principal payments and prepayments of mortgage-backed securities held in the series that occurred subsequent to June 30, 2023) and interest payments for each of the next five years and in five-year increments thereafter, were as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	Interes	st	Principal
2024	\$	465 \$	487
2025		462	-
2026		462	-
2027		462	-
2028		462	-
2029-2033		2,310	-
2034-2038		2,310	-
2039-2043		2,310	-
2044		38	11,548
Total	\$	9,281 \$	12,035

NOTE 5 DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)

As of June 30, 2022, the required principal payments for bonds (including mandatory payments from the scheduled principal payments and prepayments of mortgage-backed securities held in the series that occurred subsequent to June 30, 2022) and interest payments for each of the next five years and in five-year increments thereafter, were as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30.</u>	I	nterest	Pı	rincipal
2023	\$	531	\$	741
2024		527		-
2025		527		-
2026		527		-
2027		527		-
2028-2032		2,636		-
2033-2037		2,636		-
2038-2042		2,636		-
2043-2044		571		13,178
Total	\$	11,118	\$	13,919

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in long-term obligations for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	 2023		2022	
Bonds Payable:				
Beginning Balance at June 30	\$ 13,919	\$	18,103	
Additions	-		-	
Reductions	 (1,884)		(4,184)	
Ending Balance at June 30	 12,035		13,919	
Less: Due Within One Year	 (487)		(741)	
Total Long-Term Bonds Payable	\$ 11,548	\$	13,178	

NOTE 7 PENSION AND OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS

Eligible employees of CDA and employees of the State of Maryland are covered under the retirement plans of the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland (the System) and are also entitled to certain healthcare benefits upon retirement. CDA's only obligation for retirement and postemployment benefits is its required annual contribution, which was paid in full by CDA to the State of Maryland prior to year-end. The liability for the employees is recorded by the general fund of the State of Maryland and is not allocated to CDA. The System prepares a separate audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which can be obtained from the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland, 120 East Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Maryland 21202 or by visiting the website at www.sra.maryland.gov.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION SINGLE FAMILY HOUSING REVENUE BONDS SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CHANGES IN FAIR VALUE OF MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES (in thousands) JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

In accordance with accounting guidance issued by GASB, CDA reflects investments and mortgage-backed securities at fair value, and the increase or decrease in fair value is included in the statements of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position.

For mortgage-backed securities held by the Fund as of June 30, 2023, the following schedule summarizes annual increases/decreases in fair value and the cumulative difference between fair value and cost:

	Annual Increases/		Cumulative	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	D	ecreases	Total	
2012	\$	16,923	\$	16,923
2013	\$	(11,675)	\$	5,248
2014	\$	1,447	\$	6,695
2015	\$	177	\$	6,872
2016	\$	4,374	\$	11,246
2017	\$	(7,053)	\$	4,193
2018	\$	(5,130)	\$	(937)
2019	\$	4,957	\$	4,020
2020	\$	3,345	\$	7,365
2021	\$	(6,451)	\$	914
2022	\$	(2,218)	\$	(1,304)
2023	\$	(563)	\$	(1,867)