

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION RESIDENTIAL REVENUE BONDS

JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	3
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS	5
STATEMENTS OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	6
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS	7
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	9
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CHANGE IN FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS	36



Reznick Group, P.C. 500 East Pratt Street Suite 200 Baltimore, MD 21202-3100 Tel: (410) 783-4900 Fax: (410) 727-0460 www.reznickgroup.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Office of the Secretary Department of Housing and Community Development

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Community Development Administration Residential Revenue Bonds (the Fund) of the Department of Housing and Community Development of the State of Maryland as of and for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the Community Development Administration Residential Revenue Bonds and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the Department of Housing and Community Development of the State of Maryland as of June 30, 2006 and 2005, and the changes in its net assets and cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Community Development Administration Residential Revenue Bonds of the Department of Housing and Community Development of the State of Maryland as of June 30, 2006 and 2005, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The Supplemental Disclosures of Change in Fair Value of Investments are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audits of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Respict Group, P.C.

Baltimore, Maryland September 14, 2006

STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

	2	006	2005		
RESTRICTED ASSETS					
Restricted current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents on deposit with trustee	\$	95,268	\$	123,890	
Investments		395,865		200,578	
Single family mortgage loans		13,055		11,377	
Accrued interest and other receivables		13,585		8,768	
Total restricted current assets		517,773		344,613	
Restricted long-term assets					
Investments, net of current portion		28,931		31,448	
Single family mortgage loans, net of current portion and					
allowance for loan losses		703,629		628,844	
Deferred bond issuance costs		6,473		6,180	
Total restricted long-term assets		739,033		666,472	
Total restricted assets	\$ 1.	,256,806	\$	1,011,085	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS					
Current liabilities					
Accrued interest payable	\$	15,058	\$	12,481	
Accounts payable		2,275		-	
Rebate liability		-		360	
Bonds payable and short-term debt		345,570		217,145	
Due to other Funds		287		312	
Total current liabilities		363,190		230,298	
Long-term liabilities					
Rebate liability, net of current portion		40		934	
Bonds payable, net of current portion		794,836		691,264	
Total long-term liabilities		794,876		692,198	
Total liabilities	1,	,158,066		922,496	
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES		-		-	
NET ASSETS					
Restricted		98,740		88,589	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 1.	,256,806	\$	1,011,085	
i otal maomities and net assets	φ 1	,230,800	φ	1,011,005	

See notes to financial statements

STATEMENTS OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (in thousands)

Years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005

	2006	2005		
Operating revenue Interest on mortgage loans Interest income on investments, net of rebate Decrease in fair value of investments, net of rebate Fee income Gain on foreclosure claims	\$ 35,089 17,617 (633) 753 52 52,878	\$ 37,102 8,988 (180) 986 355 47,251		
Operating expenses Interest expense on bonds and short-term debt Professional fees and other operating expenses Provision for loan losses Origination expenses Amortization of bond issuance costs Loss on early retirement of debt	41,148 1,162 532 541 908 812 45,103	38,564 1,060 - 270 581 921 41,396		
Operating income	7,775	5,855		
Transfers of funds, net, as permitted by the various bond indentures	2,376	1,855		
Changes in net assets	10,151	7,710		
Net assets - restricted at beginning of year	88,589	80,879		
Net assets - restricted at end of year	\$ 98,740	\$ 88,589		

See notes to financial statements

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands)

Years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005

		2006	2005		
Cash flows from operating activities					
Principal and interest received on mortgage loans	\$	168,516	\$	177,615	
Mortgage insurance claims received	φ	4,697	φ	8,600	
Foreclosure expenses paid		(817)		(736)	
Loan fees received		(817)		(730) 95	
Loan fees disbursed		(2,690)		(1,740)	
Purchase of mortgage loans		(2,090) (208,872)		(1,740) (146,492)	
Professional fees and other operating expenses		(1,090)		(140,492) (1,092)	
Other reimbursements		(1,090)		(600)	
Other remoting sements				(000)	
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities		(40,139)		35,650	
Cash flows from investing activities					
Proceeds from maturities or sales of investments		464,058		386,430	
Purchases of investments		(656,216)		(379,316)	
Arbitrage rebates paid		(445)		(751)	
Interest received on investments		8,131		7,471	
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities		(184,472)		13,834	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities					
Proceeds from sale of bonds		559,557		352,620	
Payments on bond principal		(327,080)		(344,250)	
Advance deposit on bonds		2,200		-	
Bond issuance costs		(2,376)		(1,899)	
Interest on bonds and short-term debt		(38,688)		(38,073)	
Transfers among Funds		2,376		1,855	
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		195,989		(29,747)	
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS ON DEPOSIT WITH TRUSTEE		(28,622)		19,737	
Cash and cash equivalents on deposit with trustee at beginning of year		123,890		104,153	
Cash and cash equivalents on deposit with trustee at end of year	\$	95,268	\$	123,890	

(continued)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

Years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005

	 2006	2005		
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash from				
operating activities				
Operating income	\$ 7,775	\$	5,855	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash				
(used in) provided by operating activities				
(Increase) decrease in assets				
Mortgage loans	(74,210)		(2,100)	
Accrued interest and other receivables	(4,817)		4,017	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities				
Accrued interest payable	2,577		565	
Accounts payable	2,275		(632)	
Rebate liability	(1,254)		(640)	
Due to other Funds	(25)		(625)	
Amortizations				
Deferred income and expense on loans	(212)		(716)	
Investment discounts and premiums	(2,179)		(807)	
Bond original issue discounts and premiums	(117)		(74)	
Deferred bond issuance costs	908		581	
Loan fees and expenses deferred	(2,573)		(1,645)	
Provision for loan losses	532		-	
Decrease (increase) in fair value of investments	1,567		(403)	
Arbitrage rebates paid	445		751	
Advance deposit on bonds	(2,200)		-	
Loss on early retirement of debt	812		921	
Interest received on investments	(8,131)		(7,471)	
Interest on bonds and short-term debt	 38,688		38,073	
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ (40,139)	\$	35,650	

See notes to financial statements

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 1 - AUTHORIZING LEGISLATION AND PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Community Development Administration (CDA) was created in 1970 by Sections 266 DD-1 to 266 DD-8 of Article 41 (now in Sections 4-101 through 4-255 of the Housing and Community Development Article) of the Annotated Code of Maryland to meet the shortage of adequate, safe and sanitary housing in the State of Maryland, particularly for persons or families of limited income. CDA is in the Division of Development Finance in the Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD) of the State of Maryland.

The accompanying financial statements only include CDA's Residential Revenue Bonds (the Fund). CDA's other Funds are not included. The Fund was established to issue bonds primarily to originate or purchase single family mortgage loans.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The Fund is accounted for as an enterprise fund. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the accrual method of accounting and on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

CDA reports its financial activities by applying Standards of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). CDA has adopted GASB Statement No. 20 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting. Consequently, CDA applies all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, APB Opinions, and ARBS of the Committee on Accounting Procedure issued on or prior to November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

CDA has adopted GASB Statement No. 34 *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis*. Under GASB Statement No. 34, net assets should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either: externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Accordingly, all net assets of the Fund are restricted as to their use as all net assets are pledged to bondholders.

The Annual Financial Report may include a Management's Discussion and Analysis. Since CDA is an enterprise fund included in the State of Maryland's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, a separate Management's Discussion and Analysis is not required in these financial statements. CDA prepares a Management's Discussion and Analysis for the General Accounting Division of the State of Maryland that is not part of these financial statements.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Effective July 1, 2005, CDA adopted GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2003-1 *Disclosure Requirements for Derivatives Not Reported at Fair Value on the Statement of Net Assets.* GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2003-1 requires disclosure of information about derivatives: objective for the derivative, the derivative's terms, fair value, and risk exposure. This GASB bulletin does not have any impact on the Fund's financial position or results of operations. The disclosures are more fully described in Note 9.

Cash and Cash Equivalents on Deposit with Trustee

Cash equivalents may include money market funds, repurchase agreements, investment agreements and any other investments, primarily obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Government Agencies, which have maturities of 90 or less days at the time of purchase. As of June 30, 2006 and 2005, all cash equivalents are invested in a money market mutual fund which is more fully described in Note 3.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments

Investments are principally governmental debt securities or investment agreements collateralized by governmental debt securities. Debt securities are stated at fair value, based on quoted market prices. Investments are classified as current or long-term based on the maturity date or call date, if exercise of the call within the next fiscal year is probable. Investments are more fully described in Note 3.

Mortgage Loans

Mortgage loans are carried at their unpaid principal balances, net of unamortized loan fees and expenses. Loan fees and expenses are deferred over the life of the related loans and amortized using the effective interest method. Any mortgage loan in foreclosure with a pending insurance claim is recorded as other receivables. See Notes 4 and 14 for additional information on mortgage loans and mortgage insurance, respectively.

Allowance for Loan Losses

Substantially all of the mortgage loans of the Fund are insured or guaranteed by agencies of the U.S. Government, the Maryland Housing Fund (MHF), or private mortgage insurers. As of June 30, 2006, CDA has established an allowance for loan losses on the uninsured portions of mortgage loans with private mortgage insurance. No allowance for loan losses was necessary as of June 30, 2005. See Notes 4 and 14 for additional information.

Accrued Interest and Other Receivables

Accrued interest and other receivables include interest on loans and investments and outstanding claims on insured mortgage loans. On insured single family loans, interest ceases to accrue after foreclosure. See Note 5 for additional information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred Bond Issuance Costs

Costs incurred in issuing bonds are capitalized and amortized using the effective interest method for each respective bond issue. When bonds are redeemed early with mortgage prepayments, a proportionate share of the remaining unamortized costs is recognized as a loss on the Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets.

Due from (to) Other Funds

Due from (to) other Funds records the pending transfers of cash between Funds which is primarily a result of receipts due to one Fund, but received by another, as more fully described in Note 13.

Bonds Payable

Bonds payable are carried at their unpaid principal balances, net of original issue discounts or premiums. See Notes 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 for more information.

Rebate Liability on Investments

Regulations governing the issuance of tax-exempt debt place limitations on permitted investment yield on borrowed funds. Based on these regulations, CDA is required to periodically rebate excess earnings from investments to the United States Treasury. In addition, the liability also includes an estimate of the rebate obligation related to unrealized gains as a result of recording investments at fair value. Rebate liability is more fully described in Note 11.

Mortgage Yield Limitations

All mortgage loans are subject to yield limitations under the Internal Revenue Service Code (the Code) in order for the associated bonds to maintain their tax-exempt status. At the time of bond issuance and over the term of the bonds, CDA determines and maintains compliance

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

with the permitted mortgage yield on the loans. In certain bond refunding transactions, CDA transfers loans from prior series of bonds to the refunding series. CDA monitors the yield on these transferred loans to ensure that the composite yield over the term of the bonds is within the yield limitations of the Code. If at any time the composite yields on the transferred loans are out of compliance with the Code, CDA has certain remedies available to bring the yield into compliance. As of June 30, 2006 and 2005, all mortgage loan yields are in compliance with the Code.

Interest on Mortgage Loans

Interest on mortgage loans is calculated using the effective interest method.

Fee Income

CDA receives single family commitment fees at loan origination. These fees are deferred and amortized over the life of the loan.

Origination Expenses

CDA pays originators of its single family loans an origination fee and a servicer release fee. On some single family loans CDA provides the borrowers with grants toward loan down payment and closing costs. These CDA expenses are deferred and amortized over the life of the loan.

Administrative Support

In addition to expenses incurred directly by the Fund, CDA receives certain support services from other divisions of DHCD. Support services and the operating expenses of CDA have been allocated to CDA's General Bond Reserve Fund and reported in the financial statements of CDA's Revenue Obligation Funds. The General Bond Reserve Fund records these expenses as invoiced by DHCD for the fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The employees of CDA are covered by the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (the System) and the costs of employees' retirement benefits are included in the salaries and related costs charged to CDA's General Bond Reserve Fund. See Note 15 for additional information.

Revenue and Expenses

CDA distinguishes operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items in conformity with GASB Statement No. 34. Operating revenue and expenses are identified as those activities that are directly related to financing affordable housing in the State of Maryland. All of CDA's activities are considered to be operating.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, gains and losses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

NOTE 3 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

Bond proceeds and revenues from mortgages and investments are invested in authorized investments as defined in the Residential Revenue Bond Resolution (the Resolution) and in CDA's Investment Policy until required for purchasing or originating mortgage loans, funding reserves, paying bond debt service or redeeming outstanding bonds and notes, and funding program expenses. Authorized investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Government Agencies, repurchase agreements, investment agreements, money market funds and certificates of deposit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 3 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The following assets, reported at fair value and held by the Fund as of June 30, 2006 and 2005, are evaluated in accordance with GASB 40 for interest rate risk, credit risk, concentration of credit risk and custodial credit risk.

Assets	 2006	 2005		
Cash and Cash Equivalents: Federated Treasury Obligations Fund	\$ 95,268	\$ 123,890		
Investments: Obligations of the U.S. Government Agencies	405,789	209,147		
Repurchase and Investment Agreements	 19,007	 22,879		
Total	\$ 520,064	\$ 355,916		

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses from rising interest rates, CDA's Investment Policy requires that the maturities of the investment portfolio are scheduled to meet the cash requirements for bond debt service, projected loan originations and ongoing operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 3 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

As of June 30, 2006, the amortized cost, fair value and maturities for these assets were as follows:

				Maturities (in years)								
Asset	A	mortized Cost	 Fair Value		Less than 1		1 - 5	6	- 10	1	1 - 15	More han 15
Federated Treasury Obligations Fund	\$	95,268	\$ 95,268	\$	95,268	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Obligations of U.S. Government Agencies		406,662	405,789		395,865		2,441		-		2,059	5,424
Repurchase agreements/ Investment agreements		19,007	 19,007		-		-		-			 19,007
Total	\$	520,937	\$ 520,064	\$	491,133	\$	2,441	\$	-	\$	2,059	\$ 24,431

As of June 30, 2005, the amortized cost, fair value and maturities for these assets were as follows:

				 Maturities (in years)							
Asset	A	mortized Cost	 Fair Value	 Less than 1		1 - 5	6	- 10	1	1 - 15	More han 15
Federated Treasury Obligations Fund	\$	123,890	\$ 123,890	\$ 123,890	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Obligations of U.S. Government Agencies		208,453	209,147	200,577		-		-		2,311	6,259
Repurchase agreements/ Investment agreements		22,879	 22,879	 -		-		-			 22,879
Total	\$	355,222	\$ 355,916	\$ 324,467	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,311	\$ 29,138

The Federated Treasury Obligations Fund invests exclusively in U.S. Treasuries and in repurchase agreements collateralized by Treasury securities. It is operated in accordance with Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. It can reasonably be expected to have a fair value that will be unaffected by interest rate changes because the interest rates are variable and the principal can be recovered on demand. As noted above, as of June 30, 2006 and 2005, the cost of this money market mutual fund approximated fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 3 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Neither CDA's Investment Policy nor the Resolution require investment agreements or deposits to be collateralized. CDA's Investment Policy places no limit on the amount that CDA may invest in any one issuer or counterparty. According to the Resolution and CDA's Investment Policy, securities must be at a rating no lower than the rating on the bonds or, if an investment maintains only a short-term rating, a rating not less than F1/P-1; and financial institutions who are a counterparty to CDA in investment agreements must be rated at least comparable to the existing rating on CDA bonds unless counterparty ratings lower than the bond ratings are permitted and do not affect the ratings on the bonds. In addition, certain investment and repurchase agreements require counterparty ratings were at least equal to the ratings on the bonds. The ratings on Residential Revenue Bonds as of June 30, 2006 and 2005 were Aa2 by Moody's Investors Service and AA by Fitch Ratings.

Asset	Fa Va		Percentage of total investments	Money market fund rating	Securities credit rating	Rating agency
Federated Treasury Obligations Fund	\$	95,268	18.32%	Aaa		Moody's
Obligations of U.S. Government Agencies:						
Federal Home Loan Banks		49,789	67.26%		Aaa	Moody's
Federal National Mortgage Association		27,744	5.33%		Aaa	Moody's
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation		15,063	2.90%		Aaa	Moody's
Other government agencies		13,193	2.54%		Aaa	Moody's
Collateralized repurchase agreements and investment agreements:					Underlying securities credit rating	
Counterparty rated Aa2 by Moody's		10,460	2.01%		Aaa	Moody's
Counterparty rated AA by Standard & Poor's		8,547	1.64%		Aaa	Moody's
Total	\$ 5	20,064	100.00%			

As of June 30, 2006, credit ratings and allocation by type of investments for the following assets were:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 3 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

As of June 30, 2005, credit ratings and allocation by type of investments for the following assets were:

Asset	 Fair Value	Percentage of total investments	Money market fund rating	Securities credit rating	Rating agency
Federated Treasury Obligations Fund	\$ 123,890	34.81%	Aaa		Moody's
Obligations of U.S. Government Agencies:					
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Federal National Mortgage Association Other government agencies	181,674 20,130 7,343	51.04% 5.66% 2.06%		Aaa Aaa Aaa	Moody's Moody's Moody's
Collateralized repurchase agreements and investment agreements:				Underlying securities credit rating	
Counterparty rated Aa2 by Moody's Counterparty rated Aa2 by Moody's	 10,314 12,565	2.90% 3.53%		Aaa Aaa	Moody's Moody's
Total	\$ 355,916	100.00%			

The market value of the underlying collateralized securities in repurchase agreements and investment agreements is maintained at a minimum of 102 percent of the principal of and accrued interest on the invested funds by marking to market at least weekly and using an immediate under value cure provision.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank or counterparty failure, CDA will not be able to recover its deposits or the value of its collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2006, CDA's investments were not subject to custodial credit risk under GASB Statement No. 40. CDA's investments and collateralized securities are held in trust by the trustee or the trustee's agent, kept separate from the assets of the bank and from other trust accounts and are held in CDA's name.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 4 - MORTGAGE LOANS

Primarily all mortgage loans are secured by first liens on the related property and are credit enhanced through the FHA mortgage insurance programs, the Veterans Administration, USDA/RD guarantee programs, the Maryland Housing Fund (MHF) or by private mortgage insurers. Interest rates on such loans ranged from 4.0% to 7.5%. Remaining loan terms ranged from approximately 21 to 40 years, and 18 to 35 years, for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

NOTE 5 - ACCRUED INTEREST AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Accrued interest and other receivables as of June 30, 2006 and 2005 were as follows:

		 2005	
Accrued mortgage loan interest Accrued investment interest Claims due from mortgage insurers Miscellaneous loan billings	\$	3,762 8,628 1,193 2	\$ 5,235 1,195 2,336 2
	\$	13,585	\$ 8,768

NOTE 6 - SHORT-TERM DEBT

CDA issues short-term debt to preserve volume cap when prepayments and payments from mortgages exceed the demand for new mortgages. Proceeds of the short-term debt are used to refund and to pay at maturity prior series of bonds. At the time of the refunding, prepayments and repayments of mortgage loans financed by these prior bonds are transferred to accounts in the short-term series. CDA expects to make these funds available to purchase mortgage loans upon the maturity or earlier redemption of the short-term bonds with proceeds of additional long-term bonds. By issuing the short-term investments. When there is sufficient mortgage demand, CDA issues long-term refunding bonds to redeem the short-term debt and the prepayments and repayments are used to fund new mortgages.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 6 - SHORT-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Short-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

	2	Balance at June 30, 2005		Bond A		ty /atured/ edeemed	Balance at June 30, 2006		
Residential Revenue Bonds									
2004 Series J	\$	91,795	\$	-	\$	91,795	\$	-	
2004 Series K		78,260		-		78,260		-	
2005 Series F		-		91,795		-		91,795	
2005 Series G		-		103,205		-		103,205	
2006 Series C		-		95,120		-		95,120	
2006 Series D		-		24,880		-		24,880	
Total	\$	170,055	\$	315,000	\$	170,055	\$	315,000	

The outstanding short-term debt of \$315,000 plus the principal payments due within one year of \$30,570 equal the current portion of bonds payable and short-term debt of \$345,570 on the Statements of Net Assets at June 30, 2006.

Short-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2005 was as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2004		 Bond A Issued		Activity Matured/ redeemed		alance at une 30, 2005
Residential Revenue Bonds							
2003 Series D	\$	91,795	\$ -	\$	91,795	\$	-
2003 Series E		128,515	-		128,515		-
2004 Series J		-	91,795		-		91,795
2004 Series K		-	 78,260		-		78,260
Total	\$	220,310	\$ 170,055	\$	220,310	\$	170,055

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 6 - SHORT-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The outstanding short-term debt of \$170,055 plus the principal payments due within one year of \$47,090 equal the current portion of bonds payable and short-term debt of \$217,145 on the Statements of Net Assets at June 30, 2005.

NOTE 7 - BONDS PAYABLE

The bonds and notes issued by CDA are special obligations of CDA and are payable from the revenue and special funds of the Resolution. These bonds and notes do not constitute debt of and are not guaranteed by the State of Maryland or any other program of the State of Maryland or any political subdivision.

The provisions of the Resolution require or allow for the special redemption of bonds at par through the use of unexpended bond proceeds and excess funds accumulated primarily through prepayment of mortgage loans. All outstanding bonds are subject to optional redemption, in whole or in part at any time, after certain dates, as specified in the respective series resolutions. The prescribed optional redemption premiums range from 0% to 1.5% of the principal amount.

The following lists those bonds which are at variable rates and the terms by which the variable rates change. All other bonds have fixed interest rates. All bonds are tax-exempt.

2003 Series C; 2004 Series C, F and I; 2005 Series C; and 2006 Series G The rate is set weekly by the remarketing agent so that the market value of the bonds is as close as possible to 100% of the principal amount of the bonds. In no event will the bonds bear interest at a rate in excess of 12%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 7 - BONDS PAYABLE (Continued)

The following is a summary of the bond activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, and the debt outstanding and bonds payable as of June 30, 2006:

					Debt		Bond Activity		Debt		pre	counts/ miums		onds
_	Issue dated	Range of interest rates	Range of maturities	at .	standing June 30, 2005	New bonds issued	Scheduled maturity payments	Bonds redeemed	Outstandi at June 3 2006		de	l other ferred costs	at Ju	yable une 30, 2006
Residential Revenue														
Bonds														
1997 Series A	08/01/97	5.60%	2017	\$	16,235	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (11,310)	\$ 4,9	925	\$	-	\$	4,925
1997 Series B	08/01/97	4.95% - 5.875%	2005 - 2029		35,440	-	(965)	(34,475)		-		-		-
1998 Series A	01/01/98	4.70% - 5.05%	2010 - 2017		4,640	-	-	-	4,0	540		-		4,640
1998 Series B	01/01/98	4.45% - 5.35%	2005 - 2030		42,385	-	(1,395)	(5,290)	35,	700		24		35,724
1998 Series D	12/01/98	4.25% - 5.25%	2005 - 2029		40,110	-	(1,270)	(890)	37,	950		-		37,950
1999 Series C	05/01/99	4.70% - 4.95%	2011 - 2015		2,665	-	-	-		665		-		2,665
1999 Series D	05/01/99	4.25% - 5.40%	2005 - 2031		38,270	-	(955)	(2,955)	34,	360		(13)		34,347
1999 Series E	08/01/99	4.60% - 5.70%	2005 - 2017		21,965	-	(1,335)	(5,905)	14,	725		-		14,725
1999 Series F	08/01/99	5.375% - 5.95%	2019 - 2029		14,480	-	-	(14,480)		-		-		-
1999 Series H	12/01/99	6.15%	2025		11,630	-	-	(1,440)	10,	190		-		10,190
2000 Series A	03/01/00	5.15% - 5.25%	2007 - 2009		2,760	-	-	(1,725)	1.0	035		-		1,035
2000 Series F	08/01/00	4.45% - 5.20%	2005 - 2014		14,360	-	(1,170)	(2,395)	10,			-		10,795
2000 Series H	12/01/00	4.75% - 5.80%	2005 - 2032		43,385	-	(825)	(42,560)		-		-		
2001 Series A	03/01/01	3.875% - 5.00%	2005 - 2017		14,290	-	(815)	(45)	13,4	430		-		13,430
2001 Series B	03/01/01	4.65% - 5.45%	2011 - 2032		32,805	-	-	(2,355)	30,4			-		30,450
2001 Series E	06/01/01	3.70% - 4.65%	2005 - 2012		12,065	_	(1,300)	(2,000)	10,			-		10,765
2001 Series E 2001 Series F	06/01/01	5.30% - 5.60%	2016 - 2032		60,590		(1,500)	(1,900)	58,0			_		58,690
2001 Series G	08/15/01	3.30% - 4.20%	2005 - 2011		7,530	_	(885)	-		645		_		6,645
2001 Series H	08/15/01	4.40% - 5.35%	2003 - 2011 2011 - 2033		38,475		(885)	(2,035)	36,4					36,440
2001 Series II 2002 Series A	02/01/02	3.35% - 5.45%	2005 - 2033		7,515	_	(125)	(670)		720		-		6,720
2002 Series A 2003 Series A	11/01/02	1.35% - 4.05%	2005 - 2015		9,550	-	(760)	(070)		790		-		8,790
	11/01/03	1.65% - 5.00%	2005 - 2015 2005 - 2026		9,550 14,390	-	(760)	(2.075)	8, 11,0			- 527		8,790
2003 Series B	12/09/03					-		(3,275)						
2003 Series C		Variable rate	2035		20,000	-	-	-	20,0			-		20,000
2004 Series A	05/13/04	1.80% - 4.20%	2006 - 2016		10,710	-	-		10,			-		10,710
2004 Series B	05/13/04	2.20% - 5.00%	2006 - 2028		18,535	-	-	(3,510)	15,			534		15,559
2004 Series C	05/13/04	Variable rate	2035		20,000	-	-	-	20,0			-		20,000
2004 Series D	08/12/04	2.20% - 4.40%	2006 - 2016		12,960	-	-	-	12,9			-		12,960
2004 Series E	08/12/04	2.45% - 5.25%	2006 - 2030		26,880	-	-	(3,870)	23,			585		23,595
2004 Series F	08/12/04	Variable rate	2035		20,000	-	-	-	20,			-		20,000
2004 Series G	11/10/04	1.70% - 3.65%	2006 - 2016		13,445	-	-	-	13,4			-		13,445
2004 Series H	11/10/04	1.95% - 5.00%	2006 - 2029		26,495	-	-	(2,995)	23,			831		24,331
2004 Series I	11/10/04	Variable rate	2035		20,000	-	-	-	20,0	000		-		20,000
2004 Series J	11/10/04	2.05%	12/5/05		91,795	-	(91,795)	-		-		-		-
2004 Series K	11/10/04	2.10%	12/5/05		78,260	-	(78,260)	-		-		-		-
2005 Series A	03/30/05	2.60% - 3.90%	2007 - 2016		12,640	-	-	-	12,0	540		-		12,640
2005 Series B	03/30/05	4.55% - 5.25%	2023 - 2029		27,360	-	-	(895)	26,4	465		850		27,315
2005 Series C	03/30/05	Variable rate	2035		20,000	-	-	-	20,	000		-		20,000
2005 Series D	11/10/05	2.95% - 4.05%	2007 - 2017		-	13,485	-	-	13,4	485		-		13,485
2005 Series E	11/10/05	4.75% - 5.50%	2025 - 2036		-	46,515	-	(210)	46,	305		1,011		47,316
2005 Series F	11/10/05	3.12%	11/24/06		-	91,795	-	-	91,	795		-		91,795
2005 Series G	11/10/05	3.20%	11/24/06		-	103,205	-	-	103,2	205		-		103,205
2006 Series A	02/23/06	3.30% - 4.10%	2008 - 2017		-	12,020	-	-	12,0	020		-		12,020
2006 Series B	02/23/06	4.75% - 5.50%	2025 - 2037		-	47,980	-	-	47,	980		931		48,911
2006 Series C	02/23/06	3.375%	3/7/07		-	95,120	-	-	95,			-		95,120
2006 Series D	02/23/06	3.40%	3/7/07		-	24,880	-	-	24,			-		24,880
2006 Series E	05/24/06	3.55% - 4.35%	2008 - 2017		-	23,540	-	-	23,			-		23,540
2006 Series F	05/24/06	4.80% - 6.00%	2021 - 2039		-	56,460	-	-	56,4			2,591		59,051
2006 Series G	05/24/06	Variable rate	2040		-	40,000	-	-	40,0			-		40,000
Total				\$	904,615	\$ 555,000	\$ (181,895)	\$ (145,185)	\$ 1,132,5	535	\$	7,871	\$ 1,	,140,406

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 7 - BONDS PAYABLE (Continued)

The following is a summary of the bond activity for the year ended June 30, 2005, and the debt outstanding and bonds payable as of June 30, 2005:

	Issue dated	Range of interest rates	Range of maturities	Debt Outstanding at June 30, 2004	New bonds issued	Bond Activity Scheduled maturity payments	Bonds redeemed	Debt Outstanding at June 30, 2005	Discounts/ premiums and other deferred costs	Bonds payable at June 30, 2005
	,			•						
Residential Revenue										
Bonds	00.01.07	E (04)	2015		<u>^</u>	.	.		<u>^</u>	
1997 Series A	08/01/97	5.60%	2017	\$ 16,295	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (60)	\$ 16,235	\$ -	\$ 16,235
1997 Series B	08/01/97	4.90% - 5.875%	2004 - 2029	44,155	-	(1,865)	(6,850)	35,440	-	35,440
1998 Series A	01/01/98	4.70% - 5.05%	2010 - 2017	4,640	-	-	-	4,640	-	4,640
1998 Series B	01/01/98	4.35% - 5.35%	2004 - 2030	48,275	-	(1,335)	(4,555)	42,385	32	42,417
1998 Series D	12/01/98	4.20% - 5.25%	2004 - 2029	43,835	-	(1,225)	(2,500)	40,110	-	40,110
1999 Series C	05/01/99	4.70% - 4.95%	2011 - 2015	2,665	-	-	-	2,665	-	2,665
1999 Series D	05/01/99	4.10% - 5.40%	2004 - 2031	41,845	-	(915)	(2,660)	38,270	(17)	38,253
1999 Series E	08/01/99	4.60% - 5.70%	2005 - 2017	21,965	-	-	-	21,965	-	21,965
1999 Series F	08/01/99	4.70% - 5.95%	2004 - 2029	25,285	-	(1,280)	(9,525)	14,480	-	14,480
1999 Series H	12/01/99	6.15%	2025	12,715	-	-	(1,085)	11,630	-	11,630
2000 Series A	03/01/00	5.15% - 5.50%	2007 - 2012	7,360	-	-	(4,600)	2,760	-	2,760
2000 Series B	03/01/00	5.10% - 6.05%	2004 - 2025	22,485	-	(1,055)	(21,430)	-	-	-
2000 Series C	06/01/00	5.45%	2010	670	-	-	(670)	-	-	-
2000 Series F	08/01/00	4.35% - 5.20%	2004 - 2014	14,825	-	(400)	(65)	14,360	-	14,360
2000 Series G	08/01/00	4.60% - 5.95%	2004 - 2032	49,005	-	(710)	(48,295)	-	-	-
2000 Series H	12/01/00	4.65% - 5.80%	2004 - 2032	44,455	-	(785)	(285)	43,385	-	43,385
2001 Series A	03/01/01	3.75% - 5.00%	2004 - 2017	15,110	-	(785)	(35)	14,290	-	14,290
2001 Series B	03/01/01	4.65% - 5.45%	2011 - 2032	35,075	-	-	(2,270)	32,805	-	32,805
2001 Series E	06/01/01	3.55% - 4.65%	2004 - 2012	13,315	-	(1,250)	-	12,065	-	12,065
2001 Series F	06/01/01	5.30% - 5.60%	2016 - 2032	62,655	-	-	(2,065)	60,590	-	60,590
2001 Series G	08/15/01	3.05% - 4.20%	2004 - 2011	8,385	-	(855)	-	7,530	-	7,530
2001 Series H	08/15/01	4.40% - 5.35%	2011 - 2033	40,505	-	-	(2,030)	38,475	-	38,475
2002 Series A	02/01/02	2.80% - 5.45%	2004 - 2033	7,980	-	(125)	(340)	7,515	-	7,515
2003 Series A	11/01/03	1.35% - 4.05%	2005 - 2015	9,550	-	-	-	9,550	-	9,550
2003 Series B	11/01/03	1.65% - 5.00%	2005 - 2026	15,450	-	-	(1,060)	14,390	632	15,022
2003 Series C	12/09/03	Variable rate	2035	20,000	-	-	-	20,000	-	20,000
2003 Series D	12/09/03	1.17%	12/21/04	91,795	-	(91,795)	-	-	-	-
2003 Series E	12/09/03	1.25%	12/21/04	128,515	-	(95,195)	(33,320)	-	-	-
2004 Series A	05/13/04	1.80% - 4.20%	2006 - 2016	10,710	-	-	-	10,710	-	10,710
2004 Series B	05/13/04	2.20% - 5.00%	2006 - 2028	19,290	-	-	(755)	18,535	622	19,157
2004 Series C	05/13/04	Variable rate	2035	20,000	-	-	-	20,000	-	20,000
2004 Series D	08/12/04	2.20% - 4.40%	2006 - 2016	-	12,960	-	-	12,960	-	12,960
2004 Series E	08/12/04	2.45% - 5.25%	2006 - 2030	-	27,040	-	(160)	26,880	681	27,561
2004 Series F	08/12/04	Variable rate	2035	-	20,000	-	-	20,000	-	20,000
2004 Series G	11/10/04	1.70% - 3.65%	2006 - 2016	-	13,445	-	-	13,445	-	13,445
2004 Series H	11/10/04	1.95% - 5.00%	2006 - 2029		26,555		(60)	26,495	925	27,420
2004 Series I	11/10/04	Variable rate	2000 2025		20,000		(00)	20,000	-	20,000
2004 Series J	11/10/04	2.05%	12/5/05		91,795		_	91,795		91,795
2004 Series K	11/10/04	2.10%	12/5/05		78,260		_	78,260	-	78,260
2005 Series A	03/30/05	2.60% - 3.90%	2007 - 2016		12,640		_	12,640	-	12,640
2005 Series B	03/30/05	4.55% - 5.25%	2007 - 2010	-	27,360	-	-	27,360	- 919	28,279
2005 Series C	03/30/05	4.35% - 5.25% Variable rate	2025 - 2029 2035	-	27,300	-	-	27,300	- 919	20,000
2005 Selles C	05/50/05	* anable fale	2055		20,000		-	20,000		20,000
Total				\$ 898,810	\$ 350,055	\$ (199,575)	\$ (144,675)	\$ 904,615	\$ 3,794	\$ 908,409

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 8 - DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

As of June 30, 2006, the required principal payments for short-term debt and bonds (including mandatory sinking fund payments and special and optional redemptions that occurred subsequent to year end and excluding the effect of unamortized discounts/premiums and other deferred costs as shown in Note 7) and interest payments for each of the next five years and in 5-year increments thereafter, are as follows:

Years ended June 30,	 Interest Princip		Principal
2007	\$ 45,405	\$	345,570
2008	37,132		16,455
2009	36,425		19,810
2010	35,658		20,390
2011	34,817		21,520
2012-2016	159,425		114,815
2017-2021	133,349		118,275
2022-2026	100,470		142,840
2027-2031	63,477		126,155
2032-2036	35,638		170,550
2037-2041	 3,748		36,155
Totals	\$ 685,544	\$	1,132,535

The interest calculations on outstanding variable rate bonds in the amount of \$140,000 are based on the variable rates in effect on June 30, 2006, and are not indicative of the actual interest expense that will be incurred in future years. As rates vary, variable rate bond interest payments will vary.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 8 - DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

As of June 30, 2005, the required principal payments for short-term debt and bonds (including mandatory sinking fund payments and special and option redemptions that occurred subsequent to year end and excluding the effect of unamortized discounts/premiums and other deferred costs as shown in Note 7) and interest payments for each of the next five years and in five-year increments thereafter, are as follows:

Years ended June 30,	 Interest	H	Principal
2006 2007 2008	\$ 35,491 31,463 30,783	\$	217,145 17,030 18,490
2009 2010 2011-2015	29,989 29,164 131,738		20,065 18,880 110,420
2016-2020 2021-2025 2026-2030	104,820 74,287 38,439		108,530 136,930 121,245
2031-2035 2036-2040	 14,576 1,150		35,880 100,000
Totals	\$ 521,900	\$	904,615

The interest calculations on outstanding variable rate bonds in the amount of \$100,000 are based on the variable rates in effect on June 30, 2005, and are not indicative of the actual interest expense that will be incurred in future years. As rates vary, variable rate bond interest payments will vary.

NOTE 9 - INTEREST RATE EXCHANGE AGREEMENTS (SWAPS)

Objective of the Swaps

As a means to lower its borrowing costs, CDA issues variable rate bonds. In order to protect against the potential increases in interest rates, CDA has entered into pay-fixed, receive-variable interest rate swap agreements. CDA anticipates that the net swap payments and

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 9 - INTEREST RATE EXCHANGE AGREEMENTS (SWAPS) (Continued)

interest payments on underlying bonds will be lower than what CDA would have paid if it had issued fixed rate debt at the time of the underlying bond issuances. All of the Fund's swaps are cash flow hedges.

Terms and Fair Value

The terms, including the fair values of the outstanding swaps as of June 30, 2006, are provided below. The counterparty credit ratings for all outstanding swaps as of June 30, 2006 are listed under the Credit Risk section. For each of the outstanding swap agreements the variable rates are reset monthly, and the final maturity dates of the underlying bonds and the final termination dates of the corresponding swap agreements are the same. The fair values presented below are based on the market values and are affirmed by an independent advisor who used valuation methods and assumptions in accordance with the GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2003-1.

Swap Counter- party	Associated Bond Issue	Original Notional Amount	Outstanding Notional Amount	Effective Date	Fixed Rate Paid	Variable Rate Received	Fair Value	Swap Final Termination Date
Bear Stearns Financial Products (BSFP)	2004 Series I	\$20,000	\$20,000	9/1/2005	3.8525%	64% of LIBOR plus 0.29%	\$1,060	9/1/2035 ⁽¹⁾
UBS AG	2006 Series G	\$40,000	\$40,000	5/24/2006	4.403%	64% of LIBOR plus 0.29%	(\$178)	9/1/2040 ⁽²⁾
Bear Stearns Financial Products (BSFP)	2006 Series J ⁽³⁾	\$40,000	\$40,000	7/13/2006 ⁽³⁾	4.403%	64% of LIBOR plus 0.29%	(\$201)	9/1/2040 ⁽²⁾

Refer to page 27 for description of notes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 9 - INTEREST RATE EXCHANGE AGREEMENTS (SWAPS) (Continued)

Notes:

- (1) CDA has the option to terminate this interest rate swap transaction in whole or in part without any termination payment on September 1, 2014 and on each March 1 and September 1 thereafter (Optional Termination Dates). If the option is exercised in part, the applicable notional amounts shall be reduced pro rata.
- (2) CDA has the option to terminate this interest rate swap transaction in whole or in part without any termination payment on March 1, 2016 and on each September 1 and March 1 thereafter (Optional Termination Dates). If the option is exercised in part, the applicable notional amounts shall be reduced pro rata.
- (3) CDA entered into this interest rate swap agreement on May 25, 2006 in connection with the 2006 Series J variable rate bonds issued on July 13, 2006.

Basis Risk

The swaps would expose CDA to basis risk should the relationship between the London Interbank Offered Rate and the Bond Market Association Rate converge. If a change occurs that results in the rates moving towards convergence, the expected cost savings may not be realized. In order to mitigate this risk, prior to the execution of the swap agreements, CDA and its independent financial advisor reviewed historical trading differentials between the Bond Market Association Rate and the London Interbank Offered Rate.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a swap counterparty will not fulfill its obligations. The fair value of the swaps represented CDA's credit exposure to each counterparty as of June 30, 2006. Should BSFP fail to perform according to the terms of the swap contracts, CDA would face a maximum possible loss equivalent to the swaps' fair value of \$859. CDA was not exposed to credit risk under the swap agreement with UBS AG since the swap had a negative fair value. However, should the valuation of the swap change, and the fair value turn positive, CDA would be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the swap's fair value. To mitigate the potential for credit risk, the fair value of the swaps will be fully collateralized by the counterparties if a counterparty's credit quality falls below the designated credit rating thresholds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 9 - INTEREST RATE EXCHANGE AGREEMENTS (SWAPS) (Continued)

The credit rating details for each swap counterparty, including credit rating thresholds, and the total fair value amounts as of June 30, 2006 are summarized below:

Swap Counterparty	Outstanding Notional Amount	Current Credit Rating	Collateral Posting Credit Rating Threshold	Fair Value
Bear Stearns Financial Products (BSFP)	\$60,000	Aaa from Moody's AAA from Standard and Poor's	A1 or below from Moody's or A+ or below from Standard and Poor's	\$859
UBS AG	\$40,000	Aa2 from Moody's AA+ from Fitch	A1 or below from Moody's or A+ or below from Fitch	(\$178)

Termination Risk

Termination risk is the risk that, due to some event or exercise of a right, the swaps may terminate prior to the scheduled expiration which could result in a payment due from CDA. Furthermore, if a swap is terminated, the underlying variable rate bonds may be exposed to the rising variable interest rates.

According to the termination provisions of the swap agreements, CDA or the counterparty may terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. The counterparty can terminate the contract if the ratings on the related bonds fall below the credit rating thresholds. In addition, CDA has an option to terminate the swaps in part or in whole without any payment except for accrued interest on the respective Optional Termination Dates. Regardless of the above, CDA has a unilateral right to terminate swaps at any time upon adequate notification to the counterparty. If at the time of such termination a swap has a negative fair value, CDA would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value along with any accrued interest.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 9 - INTEREST RATE EXCHANGE AGREEMENTS (SWAPS) (Continued)

Rollover Risk

CDA is exposed to rollover risk on the swap agreements if one terminates prior to the maturity of the associated debt. Each of the Fund's swap agreements has the same final termination date as the final maturity date of the underlying bonds.

Amortization Risk

Amortization risk is the risk that the actual redemption pattern of the bonds may differ from the swap schedule, producing a mismatch between the principal amount of the bonds outstanding and the outstanding notional amount of the swap. To address this risk, CDA has structured all swap transactions to provide for optional termination on the respective Optional Termination Dates and automatic incremental amortization of the swap notional amounts. Mortgage loan prepayments can also be directed to the variable rate series to match the outstanding notional swap amount to the outstanding amount of the underlying bonds.

<u>Tax Risk</u>

Tax risk is the risk that the value of tax exemption may decline through tax law changes and that variable interest rates would then rise toward taxable levels and the expected cost savings of the swaps may not be realized.

Counterparty Risk

Counterparty risk is the risk that a counterparty will fail to make required payments. In order to limit this type of risk, CDA diversifies its exposure across several counterparties.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 9 - INTEREST RATE EXCHANGE AGREEMENTS (SWAPS) (Continued)

Swap Payments and Associated Debt

The following table provides a summary of debt service requirements for hedged variable rate bonds and net swap payments for the next five years and in five-year increments thereafter. The interest calculations are based on the variable rates in effect on June 30, 2006, and may not be indicative of the actual interest expense that will be incurred. As rates vary, variable rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary.

Year ending		Hec Variable F	lged Pate Boi	nds	Inte	erest Rate	
June 30,	Р	rincipal		Interest		aps, Net	 Total
2007	\$	-	\$	1,983	\$	302	\$ 2,285
2008		-		2,408		360	2,768
2009		-		2,396		366	2,762
2010		-		2,402		366	2,768
2011		-		2,402		366	2,768
2012 - 2016		-		12,016		1,819	13,835
2017 - 2021		-		12,004		1,825	13,829
2022 - 2026		-		12,010		1,825	13,835
2027 - 2031		9,130		11,310		1,679	22,119
2032 - 2036		32,820		8,688		1,094	42,602
2037 - 2041		18,050		2,097		414	 20,561
	\$	60,000	\$	69,716	\$	10,416	\$ 140,132

NOTE 10 - BOND REFUNDINGS

Certain refundings of debt are due to the prepayments of single family mortgage loans. In these cases, CDA transfers the proceeds of the refunding bonds to a redemption account to redeem previously issued bonds and, simultaneously, transfers the prepayments of single family mortgage loans financed by these prior bonds to the refunding bonds' accounts for the purpose of originating new loans. This recycling of prepayments enables CDA to originate new loans that are not subject to the limitations of the IRS volume cap. CDA does not pay call premiums on these special redemptions, and the refundings are not undertaken to reduce interest rates, revise payment schedules or modify restrictions. CDA writes off any unamortized deferred issuance costs or original issue discounts, net of unamortized original issue premiums, as a loss in the accompanying Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 11 - REBATE LIABILITY

In accordance with the Internal Revenue Service Code (the Code), the Fund has recorded a rebate liability for excess investment earnings in tax-exempt bond and note issues. The excess investment earnings arise due to actual investment yields earned by the Fund being greater than yields permitted to be retained by the Fund under the Code. The Code requires 90% of such excess investment earnings to be remitted to the United States Treasury every five years and in full at the final redemption of the bonds. Interest income on the Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets is reduced by the rebate liability due to excess investment earnings. The increase/decrease in fair value of investments on the Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets is adjusted by the change in the estimated rebate liability due to change in fair value of investments.

Rebate liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 was as follows:

	 2006	2005		
Beginning rebate liability Change in estimated liability due	\$ 1,294	\$	1,934	
to excess investment earnings Change in estimated liability due to change in fair value	125		(472)	
of investments	(934)		583	
Less - payments made	(445)		(751)	
Dess payments made	(113)		(751)	
Ending rebate liability	\$ 40	\$	1,294	
Total rebate liability is allocated as follows:				
	 2006	2005		
Estimated liability due to excess investment earnings Estimated liability due to change	\$ 40	\$	360	
in fair value of investments	 -		934	
Ending rebate liability	\$ 40	\$	1,294	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 were as follows:

	2006			2005
Rebate liability				
Beginning balance	\$	1,294	\$	1,683
Additions		125		583
Reductions		(1,379)	1	(972)
Ending balance		40		1,294
Less due within one year		-		(360)
Total long-term rebate liability		40		934
Bonds payable				
Beginning balance		908,409		653,925
Additions		559,557		352,620
Reductions		(327,080)		(97,970)
Change in deferred amounts for				
issuance discounts/premiums		(480)		(166)
Ending balance		1,140,406		908,409
Less due within one year		(345,570)		(217,145)
Total long-term bonds payable		794,836	1	691,264
Total long-term liabilities	\$	794,876	\$	692,198

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 13 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY

In accordance with the Resolution, net assets in Residential Revenue Bonds are restricted and pledged to bondholders. However, restricted assets may be transferred to other Funds, subject to the provisions of the Resolution. Generally, an officer of CDA must authorize such withdrawals and a cash flow analysis must demonstrate that sufficient monies remain in the Resolution to meet the obligations of the Fund in current and future years.

During the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, the Fund transferred the following amounts, as permitted, among Funds:

	2	2006	 2005
Single family commitment fees transferred to the General Bond Reserve Fund Cost of issuance on bonds transferred from	\$	(39)	\$ (84)
Single Family Program Bonds		2,415	 1,939
	\$	2,376	\$ 1,855

As of June 30, 2006 and 2005, due to other Funds consisted of the following:

	2	006	2005		
Servicer receipts for participation loans due to Single Family Program Bonds	\$	287	\$	312	

NOTE 14 - MORTGAGE INSURANCE

All mortgage loans in the Fund have mortgage insurance as described in Note 4.

Loans insured by an agency of the U.S. Government are insured in an amount substantially equal to the unpaid principal amount of the loan. Approximately 17% of total loans are insured by private mortgage insurers or Maryland Housing Fund (MHF) at 35% of the loan amount. In the opinion of management, these coverage levels are sufficient so that no pool insurance or reserves are required. An allowance for loan losses has been established for loans insured by private mortgage insurers. Premiums are paid by single family mortgagors.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 15 - PENSION AND OTHER POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Eligible employees of CDA and employees of the State of Maryland are covered under the retirement plans of the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland (the System) and are also entitled to certain healthcare benefits upon retirement. CDA's only obligation for retirement and post-employment benefits is its required annual contribution, which was paid in full by CDA to the State of Maryland prior to year end. The System prepares a separate audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained from the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland, 120 East Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Maryland 21202 or by visiting the website at www.sra.state.md.us.

NOTE 16 - COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2006, CDA had approximately \$257,033 in reservations for single family mortgages at interest rates ranging from 4.875% to 6.75%. CDA plans to purchase these loans with proceeds from the Fund.

NOTE 17 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2006, the following bond activity took place:

On July 13, 2006, CDA issued the following bonds:

2006 Series H	\$17,670
2006 Series I	\$142,330
2006 Series J	\$60,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE 17 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Continued)

On September 1, 2006, CDA redeemed the following bonds:

1007 0	¢ 4 0 2 5
1997 Series A	\$4,925
1999 Series E	\$390
1999 Series H	\$65
2000 Series A	\$405
2000 Series F	\$55
2001 Series F	\$8,425
2001 Series H	\$85
2002 Series A	\$95
2003 Series B	\$295
2004 Series B	\$510
2004 Series E	\$225
2004 Series H	\$565
2005 Series B	\$95
2005 Series E	\$320

On September 14, 2006, CDA issued the following bonds:

2006 Series K	\$15,000
2006 Series L	\$165,000
2006 Series M	\$76,795
2006 Series N	\$103,205

Effective July 13, 2006, CDA entered into two interest rate exchange agreements (swaps): one for a notional amount of \$40,000 on May 25, 2006 and the other for a notional amount of \$20,000 on July 11, 2006. These agreements, synthetic fixed rate contracts, will hedge \$60,000 in variable rate debt in Residential Revenue Bonds, 2006 Series J issued on July 13, 2006.

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CHANGE IN FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS (in thousands) (unaudited)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

During fiscal year 1997, CDA adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31. This statement requires the financial statements of CDA to reflect investments at fair value, and the increase or decrease in fair value is included in the Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets.

For investments (obligations of U.S. Government Agencies) held by the Fund as of June 30, 2006, the following schedule summarizes annual increases/decreases in fair value and the cumulative difference between fair value and amortized cost:

Fiscal year ended June 30,	Annual increases /decreases		Cumulative total	
2000	\$	(227)	\$	(227)
2001	\$	551	\$	324
2002	\$	97	\$	421
2003	\$	544	\$	965
2004	\$	(674)	\$	291
2005	\$	403	\$	694
2006	\$	(1,567)	\$	(873)

Reconciliation to Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets for the year ended June 30, 2006:

Decrease in fair value of investments held at June 30, 2006	\$	(1,567)
Adjustment due to rebate liability (see Note 11)		934
Decrease in fair value of investments, net of rebate, as reported on the Statements of Revenue, Expenses and	¢	
Changes in Net Assets for the year ended June 30, 2006	\$	(633)

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CHANGE IN FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED (in thousands) (unaudited)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

Reconciliation to Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets for the year ended June 30, 2005:

Increase in fair value of investments held at June 30, 2005	\$	403
Adjustment due to rebate liability (see Note 11)	+	(583)
Decrease in fair value of investments, net of rebate, as reported on the Statements of Revenue, Expenses and		
Changes in Net Assets for the year ended June 30, 2005	\$	(180)